# **Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries**

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 and Independent Auditors' Review Report

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (TCFHC) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, and related notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### **Scope of Review**

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Yin-Chou Chen and Tza-Li Gung.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

May 19, 2021

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	March 31, 202	21	December 31, 2	020	March 31, 20	
ASSETS	(Reviewed) Amount	%	(Audited) Amount	%	(Reviewed) Amount	%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Note 6)	\$ 46,343,889	1	\$ 50,865,216	1	\$ 42,532,862	1
DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS (Notes 7, 41 and 42)	319,301,342	8	371,470,642	9	263,143,677	7
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Notes 8, 41 and 42)	95,106,387	2	78,730,563	2	75,121,419	2
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Note 9)	464,297,233	11	429,136,054	10	420,847,584	11
INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST (Notes 10 and 42)	718,524,890	17	728,266,474	18	544,220,670	15
SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS (Note 11)	1,963,078	-	1,278,803	-	3,010,005	_
RECEIVABLES, NET (Notes 12 and 41)	42,993,943	1	37,306,638	1	31,190,061	1
CURRENT TAX ASSETS	2,394,332	_	2,201,243	-	1,484,818	_
DISCOUNTS AND LOANS, NET (Notes 13, 41 and 42)	2,338,964,092	56	2,275,331,514	55	2,238,706,166	59
REINSURANCE ASSETS, NET	150,655	-	151,280	-	112,074	_
INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD (Note 14)	145,094	_	139,175	_	133,890	_
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET (Notes 15, 31 and 42)	116,888,768	3	115,485,762	3	102,345,892	3
						3
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET (Note 16)	11,373,704	-	11,418,672	-	11,011,486	-
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Note 17)	33,312,552	1	33,451,779	1	33,650,097	1
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (Note 18)	1,611,153	-	1,704,880	-	1,679,549	-
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Note 19)	3,878,323	-	3,888,623	-	3,776,694	-
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Note 38)	3,006,469	-	2,831,695	-	2,001,424	-
OTHER ASSETS, NET (Notes 18 and 20)	3,069,007	<del>-</del>	3,382,377	<del>-</del>	4,171,996	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 4,203,324,911</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 4,147,041,390</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 3,779,140,364</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
DEPOSITS FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Notes 21 and 41)	\$ 262,186,770	6	\$ 231,993,626	5	\$ 266,494,938	7
DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Note 22)	53,890,930	1	37,118,610	1	-	-
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Notes 8, 27 and 41)	2,447,374	-	4,832,498	-	1,022,010	-
SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (Notes 8, 9 and 23)	55,301,027	1	55,775,026	1	44,053,880	1
COMMERCIAL PAPER ISSUED, NET (Note 24)	33,736,156	1	31,801,343	1	32,470,820	1
PAYABLES (Notes 25 and 41)	53,034,335	1	48,083,228	1	41,306,602	1
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	985,871	-	1,113,261	-	2,355,696	_
DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES (Notes 26 and 41)	3,271,350,523	78	3,269,871,544	79	2,967,845,100	79
BONDS PAYABLE (Note 27)	71,600,000	2	71,600,000	2	57,500,000	2
OTHER BORROWINGS (Notes 24 and 28)	1,293,502	-	815,302	-	2,481,626	_
PROVISIONS (Notes 29 and 30)	37,187,650	1	38,262,395	1	41,197,854	1
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Notes 16 and 31)	111,661,656	3	111,109,742	3	88,899,762	2
LEASE LIABILITIES (Note 18)	1,574,831	_	1,649,746	-	1,630,256	_
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Notes 17 and 38)	4,449,211	_	3,789,000	_	3,312,615	_
OTHER LIABILITIES (Note 32)	1,504,328	_	1,544,512	_	1,387,421	_
Total liabilities	3,962,204,164	94	3,909,359,833	94	3,551,958,580	94
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF TCFHC						<del></del>
Capital stock Common stock	133,342,237	3	133,342,237	3	129,458,483	3
Capital surplus Retained earnings	57,974,241		57,974,241	2	57,973,141	$\frac{3}{2}$
Legal reserve Special reserve	9,622,864 995,669	-	9,622,864 995,669	-	7,927,632 996,026	-
Unappropriated earnings	22,584,975 33,203,508	1	16,748,682	1	20,922,033	1
Total retained earnings Other equity	9,837,185	<u>_</u>	27,367,215 12,366,076	<u>1</u>	29,845,691 4,718,737	
Total equity attributable to owners of TCFHC	234,357,171	6	231,049,769	6	221,996,052	6
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	6,763,576		6,631,788		5,185,732	
Total equity	241,120,747	6	237,681,557	6	227,181,784	6
TOTAL	<u>\$ 4,203,324,911</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 4,147,041,390	100	<u>\$ 3,779,140,364</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ COMPREHENSIVE\ INCOME}$

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31				
	2021		2020		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
INTEREST REVENUE (Notes 33 and 41)	\$ 12,273,702	94	\$ 14,793,369	131	
INTEREST EXPENSE (Notes 33 and 41)	(3,434,924)	<u>(26</u> )	(5,893,514)	<u>(52</u> )	
NET INTEREST	8,838,778	<u>68</u>	8,899,855	<u>79</u>	
NET REVENUES AND GAINS OTHER THAN INTEREST					
Service fee and commission income, net (Notes 34 and 41)	2 156 725	17	1,839,076	16	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,156,725		· · ·		
Premium income (loss), net (Notes 31 and 35) Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at	327,023	2	(422,140)	(4)	
fair value through profit or loss (Notes 36 and 41)	3,252,954	25	(391,851)	(3)	
Gains on disposal of investment properties, net Realized gains on financial assets at fair value	17,985	-	-	-	
through other comprehensive income (Note 9)	869,035	7	672,777	6	
Foreign exchange losses, net	(2,251,572)	(17)	(22,883)	6	
	(2,231,372)	(17)	(22,003)	-	
Reversal of impairment losses (impairment losses) on assets (Notes 9 and 10)	748	-	(15,777)	-	
Share of gains (losses) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method					
(Note 14)	5,919	-	(904)	-	
Gains (losses) on reclassification of overlay					
approach (Note 8)	(241,924)	(2)	699,142	6	
Other noninterest gains, net (Notes 16 and 41)	33,544		56,457		
Total net revenues and gains other than interest	4,170,437	_32	2,413,897	21_	
TOTAL NET REVENUES	13,009,215	100	11,313,752	100	
BAD-DEBT EXPENSES AND PROVISION FOR LOSSES ON COMMITMENTS AND					
GUARANTEES (Note 13)	(1,157,543)	<u>(9</u> )	(910,156)	<u>(8</u> )	
NET CHANGE IN RESERVES FOR INSURANCE	(02.025)			_	
LIABILITIES (Note 29)	(83,032)	<u>(1</u> )	<u>674,600</u> (Cor	6 ntinued)	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31				
	2021	_	2020		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 16, 17, 18, 30 and 37)					
Employee benefits	\$ (4,088,421)	(31)	\$ (4,021,685)	(36)	
Depreciation and amortization	(557,716)	(4)	(529,605)	(5)	
General and administrative	(1,520,236)	<u>(12</u> )	(1,629,152)	<u>(14</u> )	
Total operating expenses	(6,166,373)	<u>(47</u> )	(6,180,442)	<u>(55</u> )	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	5,602,267	43	4,897,754	43	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 38)	(824,735)	<u>(6</u> )	(793,342)	<u>(7</u> )	
NET INCOME	4,777,532	<u>37</u>	4,104,412	<u>36</u>	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Changes in the fair value attributable to changes in					
the credit risk of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss Unrealized gains (losses) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	-	-	(669)	-	
comprehensive income	3,167,440	24	(4,206,467)	(37)	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax  Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Notes 8 and 38)	3,167,440	_24	(4,207,136)	<u>(37</u> )	
Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations Unrealized gains (losses) on investments in debt	520,968	4	179,578	1	
instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(5,339,278)	(41)	715,823	6	
Other comprehensive income (losses) on reclassification of overlay approach Income tax attributable to other comprehensive	241,924	2	(699,142)	(6)	
income	70,604	<del>-</del>	180,945	2	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax	(4,505,782)	<u>(35</u> )	377,204	3	
Other comprehensive losses, net of income tax	(1,338,342)	<u>(11</u> )	(3,829,932)	(34)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 3,439,190	<u>26</u>	\$ 274,480 (Con	$\frac{2}{\text{ntinued}}$	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
	2021	2020				
	Amount	%	Amount	%		
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Owners of TCFHC	\$ 4,530,686	35	\$ 3,937,225	35		
Non-controlling interests	246,846	2	167,187	1		
	<u>\$ 4,777,532</u>	<u>37</u>	\$ 4,104,412	<u>36</u>		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Owners of TCFHC	\$ 3,307,402	25	\$ 576,128	5		
Non-controlling interests	131,788	2.3 1	(301,648)	(3)		
Non-controlling interests	131,766	1	(301,048)	<u>(3</u> )		
	\$ 3,439,190	<u>26</u>	<u>\$ 274,480</u>	2		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS; Note 39)						
Basic	\$0.34		\$0.29			
Diluted	\$0.34		<u>\$0.29</u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

					Equity Attributable	to Owners of TCFH	С					
	Capital Sto Shares (In Thousands)	ck (Note 40) Common Stock	Capital Surplus (Note 40)		ed Earnings (Notes 9 Special Reserve		Exchange Differences on the Translation of Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Valuation Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (Note 9)	Equity Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities Designated as at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income on Reclassification of Overlay Approach	Non-controlling Interests (Note 40)	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	13,334,224	\$ 133,342,237	\$ 57,974,241	\$ 9,622,864	\$ 995,669	\$ 16,748,682	\$ (3,357,203)	\$ 15,043,647	\$ -	\$ 679,632	\$ 6,631,788	\$ 237,681,557
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,305,607	-	(1,305,607)	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income  Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2021  Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended  March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	4,530,686	423,438	(1,769,724)	-	123,002	246,846 (115,058)	4,777,532 (1,338,342)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2021						4,530,686	423,438	(1,769,724)		123,002	131,788	3,439,190
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2021	13,334,224	<u>\$ 133,342,237</u>	\$ 57,974,241	\$ 9,622,864	\$ 995,669	<u>\$ 22,584,975</u>	<u>\$ (2,933,765)</u>	<u>\$ 11,968,316</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 802,634	<u>\$ 6,763,576</u>	<u>\$ 241,120,747</u>
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2020	12,945,848	129,458,483	57,973,141	7,927,632	996,026	16,952,318	(1,242,818)	9,000,271	970	353,901	5,487,380	226,907,304
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	32,189	-	(32,189)	-	-	-	-
Transfer of changes in the fair value attributable to changes in the credit risk of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon derecognition	-	-	-	-	-	301	-	-	(301)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income  Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2020  Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended	-	-	-	-	-	3,937,225	-	-	-	-	167,187	4,104,412
March 31, 2020	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>			<del>-</del>		145,540	(3,151,461)	(669)	(354,507)	(468,835)	(3,829,932)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2020		<del>_</del>		<del>-</del>	<del>_</del>	3,937,225	145,540	(3,151,461)	(669)	(354,507)	(301,648)	274,480
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2020	12,945,848	<u>\$ 129,458,483</u>	<u>\$ 57,973,141</u>	\$ 7,927,632	<u>\$ 996,026</u>	\$ 20,922,033	<u>\$ (1,097,278)</u>	\$ 5,816,621	<u> </u>	<u>\$ (606)</u>	\$ 5,185,732	<u>\$ 227,181,784</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	5,602,267	\$	4,897,754
Adjustments for:	Ψ	2,002,207	Ψ	1,057,751
Depreciation expense		500,132		477,044
Amortization expense		57,584		52,561
Expected credit losses/bad-debt expense		1,140,229		1,005,548
Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through		, -, -		, , -
profit or loss		(3,252,954)		391,851
Interest expense		3,434,924		5,893,514
Interest revenue	(	(12,273,702)		(14,793,369)
Dividend income	,	(56,951)		(23,074)
Net changes in reserves for insurance liabilities		83,032		(674,600)
Reversal of provision for losses on guarantees		7,573		(78,033)
Net changes in reserves for other liabilities		9,741		(17,359)
Share of losses (gains) of associates and joint ventures accounted for		,		, , ,
using equity method		(5,919)		904
Losses (gains) on reclassification of overlay approach		241,924		(699,142)
Losses (gains) on disposal of properties and equipment		(23)		24
Gains on disposal of investment properties		(17,985)		-
Gains on disposal of investments		(812,084)		(649,703)
Impairment losses on financial assets		_		15,777
Reversal of impairment losses on financial assets		(748)		-
Unrealized gains on foreign exchange		(109,305)		(66,615)
Gains on disposal of collaterals assumed		_		(20,358)
Others		-		(78)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease in due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks		50,076,782		1,022,658
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(	(13,716,609)		(14,855,585)
Increase in financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	(	(36,242,976)		(42,360,616)
Decrease in investments in debt instruments at amortized cost		9,583,534		13,340,678
Decrease (increase) in receivables		(6,712,718)		2,388,919
Increase in discounts and loans	(	(67,572,255)		(46,103,015)
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets		5,723		(17,274)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets		(2,579,263)		3,095,601
Decrease (increase) in other assets		20,393		(351,962)
Increase in deposits from the Central Bank and other banks		30,193,144		23,528,757
Decrease in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(1,969,234)		(3,271,867)
Decrease in securities sold under repurchase agreements		(490,578)		(1,501,682)
Increase (decrease) in payables		4,726,583		(7,652,698)
Increase in deposits and remittances		1,478,979		76,039,958
				(Continued)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
Decrease in provisions for employee benefits  Decrease in provisions	\$ (215,454) (968,321)	\$ (184,265) (814,580)	
Increase (decrease) in other financial liabilities	5,505,690	(1,037,081)	
Decrease in other liabilities	(126,568)	(324,442)	
Cash used in operations	(34,455,413)	(3,345,850)	
Interest received	13,744,588	16,002,224	
Dividends received	94,408	71,651	
Interest paid	(3,017,214)	(7,967,191)	
Income tax paid	(245,003)	(23,851)	
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities	(23,878,634)	4,736,983	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of properties and equipment	(181,778)	(186,409)	
Proceeds from disposal of properties and equipment	80	-	
Increase in refundable deposits	(1,473,892)	(1,659,205)	
Decrease in refundable deposits	1,755,884	1,507,460	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(45,505)	(106,182)	
Proceeds from disposal of collaterals assumed	-	139,748	
Acquisition of investment properties	(111,286)	(210,688)	
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties	153,704	-	
Increase in other assets	(12,865)	(9)	
Decrease in other assets	<del>_</del>	16,864	
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities	84,342	(498,421)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in due to the Central Bank and other banks	16,772,320	-	
Increase in commercial paper issued	1,935,000	1,370,000	
Repayments of bank debentures	-	(7,500,000)	
Increase in other borrowings	7,534,972	11,443,247	
Decrease in other borrowings	(7,057,720)	(12,386,960)	
Decrease in financial liabilities designated as at fair value through			
profit or loss	-	(12,096,000)	
Increase in guarantee deposits received	1,607,458	751,950	
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(2,565,975)	(1,205,816)	
Repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(139,697)	(140,336)	
Increase in other liabilities	86,221	-	
Decrease in other liabilities		(26,891)	
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	18,172,579	(19,790,806) (Continued)	

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ (304,212)	<u>\$ 272,874</u>	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,925,925)	(15,279,370)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	95,067,646	90,305,606	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE PERIOD	\$ 89,141,721	\$ 75,026,236	
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliations:			
	Marc	ch 31	
	2021	2020	
Cash and cash equivalents in consolidated balance sheets  Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance	\$ 46,343,889	\$ 42,532,862	
with the definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"  Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with the	40,588,166	29,211,524	
definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"  Others in accordance with the definition of cash and cash equivalents	1,953,121	3,010,005	
under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	256,545 \$ 89,141,721	271,845 \$ 75,026,236	
		(C. 1.1.1)	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial st	tatements.	(Concluded)	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (TCFHC) was established by Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB), Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Corporation Ltd. (TCBF) and Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd. (CAM) through a share swap on December 1, 2011 under the Financial Holding Companies Act and related regulations in the Republic of China (ROC). The TCFHC's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since December 1, 2011. After the share swap, TCB, TCBF and CAM became wholly owned subsidiaries of TCFHC.

TCFHC invests in and manages financial institutions.

TCB engages in (a) all commercial banking operations allowed under the Banking Law; (b) international banking operations; (c) overseas branch operations as authorized by the respective foreign governments; and (d) other operations as authorized by the central authority-in-charge. TCB has its Head Office in Taipei. It had a Business, International Banking, Finance, Credit Card, Trust and Insurance Agent Departments as well as 269 domestic branches, an offshore banking unit (OBU), 13 overseas branches, 8 overseas sub-branches and 2 representative offices as of March 31, 2021.

The operations of TCB's Trust Department are (1) planning, managing and operating the trust business and (2) custodianship of nondiscretionary trust funds in domestic and overseas securities and mutual funds. These operations are regulated under the Banking Law and Trust Law of the ROC.

TCB merged with the Farmers Bank of China (FBC) on May 1, 2006, with TCB as the survivor entity.

On December 2, 2011, TCB spun off its Security Department for the establishment of Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd. (TCS). TCS issued new common shares to TCFHC and became its 100% subsidiary. TCS primarily (a) brokers securities; (b) deals securities; (c) underwrites securities; (d) provides pecuniary and securities financing facilities for the trading of listed securities; (e) trading of futures introducing broker business; (f) futures proprietary trading business; (g) does other business as approved by the authorities.

TCBF, established on May 13, 1998, has a head office in Taipei and a branch in Kaohsiung. TCBF engages in (a) brokering and dealing short-term bills; (b) underwriting commercial paper; (c) acting as registrar of commercial paper; (d) providing guarantees on or endorsements of commercial paper and bank acceptance; (e) brokering call loans between financial institutions; (f) providing consulting services on corporate financial matters; (g) brokering and dealing government bonds; (h) underwriting, brokering and dealing bank debentures; (i) dealing corporate bonds; (j) investment related equity instruments; (k) other operations approved by the authorities.

CAM was established on October 18, 2005; its main businesses are the purchase, appraisal, auction and management of financial institutions' creditors' rights as well as the purchase of accounts receivable and management of overdue receivables. To enhance capital allocation and increase the benefits of capital use, the board of directors of CAM decided to merge CAM and its subsidiary, Cooperative I Asset Management Co., Ltd. The effective date of the merger was December 1, 2014. In this merger, CAM was the survivor entity.

Cooperative Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd. (CIB) was established on November 25, 2005; it is engaged in life and property insurance brokering. In order to integrate resources and enhance operating effectiveness, the board of directors of TCB and CIB decided to merge TCB with CIB. The effective date of the merger was June 24, 2016. In this merger, TCB was the survivor entity.

TCB set up the United Taiwan Bank S.A. (UTB) in Belgium through raising funds with Bank of Taiwan, Land Bank of Taiwan and Taiwan Business Bank. UTB started its operation on December 23, 1992; it is TCB's subsidiary and its main business is in general deposits and loans.

For organizational restructuring purpose, TCB's board of directors resolved to reduce TCB's capital of \$1,524,390 thousand and transferred TCB's long-term equity investments in BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI) and Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. (TCSIT) to TCFHC on December 1, 2011. The effective date of the capital reduction was set on April 3, 2012. After this capital reduction, BPCTLI and TCSIT both became 51% subsidiaries of TCFHC. On April 21, 2014, TCFHC acquired 49% of long-term equity investments in TCSIT for \$151,704 thousand. After this acquisition, TCSIT became a 100% subsidiary of TCFHC.

The business of BPCTLI was approved in March 2010. BPCTLI provides insurance: Life, personal injury, health, annuity and investment-linked products.

The business of TCSIT was approved in April 2011. TCSIT engages in the (a) securities investment trust business; (b) discretionary investment business; (c) securities investment consulting business and (d) other businesses as approved by the authorities.

Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd. (TCVC) was established on October 1, 2015. TCVC engages in (a) venture capital investments; (b) consulting; and (c) investment consulting.

As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, TCFHC and its subsidiaries (the Company) had 9,482 and 9,388 employees, respectively.

The operating units of the Company maintain their accounts in their respective functional currencies. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by TCFHC's board of directors on May 19, 2021.

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Effects of initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2"

The Company elected to apply the practical expedient provided in the amendment to deal with the changes in the basis for determining contractual cash flows of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities resulting from the interest rate benchmark reform. The changes are accounted for by updating the effective interest rate at the time the basis is changed, provided the changes are necessary as a direct consequence of the reform and the new basis is economically equivalent to the previous basis.

b. Impact of the new IFRS announced by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC and net yet applied by the Company

	Effective Date
New IFRSs	<b>Announced by IASB (Note 1)</b>
"Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020"	January 1, 2022 (Note 2)
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"	January 1, 2022 (Note 3)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or	January 1, 2023
Non-current"	•
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	January 1, 2023 (Note 6)
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023 (Note 7)
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and	January 1, 2023 (Note 8)
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	•
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds	January 1, 2022 (Note 4)
before Intended Use"	•
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a	January 1, 2022 (Note 5)
Contract"	•

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendments to IFRS 9 will be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges of financial liabilities that occur on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IAS 41 "Agriculture" will be applied prospectively to the fair value measurements on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoptions of IFRSs" will be applied retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- Note 3: The amendments are applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- Note 4: The amendments are applicable to property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after January 1, 2021.
- Note 5: The amendments are applicable to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations on January 1, 2022.
- Note 6: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 7: The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 8: Except that deferred taxes will be recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments will be applied prospectively to transactions that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

• IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and related amendments

IFRS 17 sets out the accounting standards for insurance contracts that will supersede IFRS 4. The main standards of IFRS 17 and related amendments are as follows:

#### Level of aggregation

IFRS 17 requires the Company to identify portfolios of insurance contracts, which comprises contracts that are subject to similar risks and managed together. Contracts within a product line would be expected to have similar risks and hence would be expected to be in the same portfolio if they are managed together. Each portfolio of insurance contracts issued shall be divided into a minimum of:

- a. A group of contracts that are onerous at initial recognition;
- b. A group of contracts that subsequent to initial recognition have not shown signs of becoming onerous:
- c. A group of the remaining contracts in the portfolio.

The Company is not permitted to include contracts issued more than one year apart in the same group.

#### Recognition

The Company shall recognize a group of insurance contracts it issues from the earliest of the following:

- a. The beginning of the coverage period of the group of contracts;
- b. The date when the first payment from a policyholder in the group becomes due; and
- c. For a group of onerous contracts, when the group becomes onerous.

#### Measurement

The Company shall include all the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. The fulfilment cash flows comprises estimates of future cash flows, an adjustment to reflect the time value of money, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk. The contractual service margin represents the unearned profit of the group of insurance contracts that the Company will recognize as it provides services in the future. This is measured on initial recognition of a group of insurance contracts at an amount that, unless the group of contracts is onerous, results in no income or expenses arising from:

- a. The initial recognition of an amount for the fulfillment cash flows;
- b. All cash flows arising from the contracts in the group at that date;
- c. The derecognition of the following at initial recognition date
  - 1) Insurance acquisition cash flow assets; and
  - 2) Any other assets and liabilities related the cash flows in the group of contracts were previously recognized.

#### Subsequent measurement

On subsequent measurement, the carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period shall be the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims. The liability for remaining coverage comprises the fulfilment cash flows related to future services and the contractual service margin of the group at that date. On subsequent measurement, if a group of insurance contracts becomes onerous or more onerous, that excess shall be recognized in profit or loss.

#### Onerous contracts

An insurance contract is onerous at initial recognition if the total of the fulfilment cash flows, any previously recognized acquisition cash flows and any cash flows arising from the contract at that date is a net outflow. The Company shall recognize a loss in profit or loss for the net outflow, resulting in the carrying amount of the liability for the group being equal to the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin of the group being zero. The contractual service margin cannot increase and no revenue can be recognized, until the onerous amount previously recognized has been reversed in profit or loss as part of a service expense.

#### Premium allocation approach

The Company may simplify the measurement of the liability for remaining coverage of a group of insurance contracts using the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) on the condition that, at the inception of the group:

- a. The Company reasonably expects that this will be a reasonable approximation of the general model, or
- b. The coverage period of each contract in the group is one year or less.

At the inception of the group, if the Company expects significant variances in the fulfilment cash flows during the period before a claim is incurred, such contracts are not eligible to apply the PAA.

When using the PAA, the liability for remaining coverage shall be initial recognized as the following:

- a. The premium received at the initial recognition;
- b. The premium minus all insurance acquisition cash flows at that date; and
- c. Plus or minus the following items derecognition at the initial recognition date.
  - 1) Insurance acquisition cash flow assets; and
  - 2) Any other assets and liabilities related the cash flows in the group of contracts were previously recognized.

Subsequently the carrying amount of the liability is the carrying amount at the start of the reporting period plus the premiums received in the period, minus insurance acquisition cash flows, plus amortization of acquisition cash flows, minus the amount recognized as insurance revenue for coverage provided in that period, and minus any investment component paid or transferred to the liability for incurred claims.

#### Investment contracts with discretionary participation features

An investment contract with discretionary participation features is a financial instrument and it does not include a transfer of significant insurance risk. It is in the scope of the standard only if the issuer also issues insurance contracts. The requirements of the Standard are modified for such investment contracts.

#### Modification and derecognition

If the terms of an insurance contract are modified, the Company shall derecognize the original contract and recognize the modified contract as a new contract if there is a substantive modification, based on meeting any of the specified criteria.

The Company shall derecognize an insurance contract when it is extinguished, or if any of the conditions of a substantive modification of an insurance contract are met.

#### Transition

The Company shall apply the standard retrospectively unless impracticable, in which case entities have the option of using either the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach.

Under the modified retrospective approach, an entity shall utilize reasonable and supportable information and maximize the use of information that would have been used to apply a full retrospective approach, but need only use information available without undue cost or effort. The Company shall apply fair value approach if reasonable and supportable information is unavailable.

Under the fair value approach, the Company determines the contractual service margin at the transition date as the difference between the fair value of a group of insurance contracts at that date and the fulfilment cash flows measured at that date.

Except for the changes mentioned above, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Company's financial position and financial performance, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in these interim consolidated financial statements is less than the disclosure information required in a complete set of annual financial statements.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- c. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

TCFHC's consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (TCFHC), and the entities controlled by TCFHC, including Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB) and its subsidiary, Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd. (CAM) and its subsidiary, Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd. (TCBF), Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd. (TCS), BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI), Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. (TCSIT) and Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd. (TCVC).

The accounting policies of TCFHC and its subsidiaries are consistent.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated for consolidation purposes. The accompanying consolidated financial statements also include accounts of TCB's Head Office, OBU, and all branches. All interoffice account balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

For more information on the consolidated entities, please see Table 1 (attached).

#### **Other Major Accounting Policies**

In addition to the following, refer to the summary of significant accounting policies of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### a. Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefits

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

#### b. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

#### c. Modification of financial instruments

For the changes in the basis for determining contractual cash flows resulting from the interest rate benchmark reform

For the changes in the basis for determining contractual cash flows of financial assets or financial liabilities resulting from the interest rate benchmark reform, the Company elects to apply the practical expedient in which the changes are accounted for by updating the effective interest rate at the time the basis is changed, provided the changes are necessary as a direct consequence of the reform and the new basis is economically equivalent to the previous basis.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the Company's management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year or in the year of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current year and future periods.

Unless stated in other notes, the following are the critical judgments, assumptions and estimation uncertainty that the Company's management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

#### a. Impairment losses on loans

Estimated impairment losses on the Company's loans is based on certain assumptions about the percentage of default and expected losses. The Company makes assumptions and selects the input values for the impairment assessment based on prior experience, the current market situation and forward-looking information.

The assessment of impairment loss also takes into consideration the classification of credit assets and the possible impairment losses based on the length of time the loans have become overdue and the status of collection of the collateral. The Company evaluates the amount of impairment losses based on whether the customer's repayments of principal and interest are overdue and the length of time the payments are overdue, the estimate of value of the collateral and the debtor's financial status. If future actual cash flows are lesser than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

#### b. Insurance liability and liability adequacy test

An independent actuary estimated the insurance liability and tested liability adequacy using certain actuarial principles and assumptions, which included the characteristics of each type of insurance, historical information, loss development factors, expected loss ratio and estimation of future cash flows. The management may adjust the differences between actual results and estimates, if it is necessary.

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash on hand	\$ 25,297,537	\$ 23,531,314	\$ 24,185,540
Notes and checks in clearing	5,139,060	5,709,157	4,332,787
Due from banks	15,922,085	21,633,705	14,018,208
	46,358,682	50,874,176	42,536,535
Less: Allowance for possible losses	14,793	<u>8,960</u>	<u>3,673</u>
	\$ 46,343,889	\$ 50,865,216	\$ 42,532,862

Reconciliations of cash and cash equivalents between the consolidated statements of cash flows and the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 are shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The reconciliation as of December 31, 2020 are stated below:

	December 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalent in the consolidated balance sheet	\$ 50,865,216
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with the	
definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	42,680,684
Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with the definition of cash	
and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	1,268,846
Other in accordance with the definition of cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7	
"Statement of Cash Flows"	252,900
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 95,067,646

#### 7. DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Reserves for deposits - account A	\$ 50,984,436	\$ 103,930,664	\$ 30,789,389
Reserves for deposits - account B	86,917,446	83,714,410	75,907,705
Reserves for deposits - community financial			
institutions	66,965,038	65,382,499	61,524,360
Reserves for deposits - foreign-currency deposits	544,755	539,693	517,607
Deposits in the Central Bank	39,200,000	39,200,000	39,200,000
Due from the Central Bank - others	20,588,706	25,477,059	15,428,765
Due from the Central Bank - central government			
agencies' deposits	2,283,646	2,262,307	1,995,732
Call loans to banks	51,817,315	50,964,010	37,780,119
	\$ 319,301,342	\$ 371,470,642	\$ 263,143,677

The deposit reserves are determined monthly at prescribed rates based on the average balances of various types of deposit accounts held by the Company. The deposit reserves are subject to withdrawal restrictions, but deposit reserve - account A and foreign-currency deposit reserves may be withdrawn anytime.

Under the guideline issued by the Central Bank of the Republic of China (CBC), Taiwan Cooperative Bank Ltd. should deposit 60 percent of the deposits of central government agencies in the CBC, and the deposits are subject to withdrawal restrictions.

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at			
fair value through profit or loss			
Commercial paper	\$ 72,362,278	\$ 57,253,280	\$ 53,106,833
Negotiable certificates of deposit	6,098,981	7,598,419	4,800,037
Beneficial certificates	5,597,140	5,659,247	4,434,499
Investment in equity instruments	3,405,509	2,779,845	1,886,506
Corporate bonds	2,581,256	2,150,067	3,615,006
Convertible bonds	873,671	862,948	924,151
Government bonds	1,013,829	484,292	3,824,396
Acquired loans	155,630	166,140	274,429
Commercial paper contracts with reference rate	9,043	10,389	6,681
Bank debentures	28,497	-	438,806
Currency swap contracts	2,480,390	1,265,419	1,174,739
Futures exchange margins	351,385	296,381	364,870
Forward contracts	54,383	82,557	31,833
Convertible bond asset swap contracts	63,218	63,476	173,371
Currency option contracts - buy	18,064	38,487	48,564
Cross-currency swap contracts	7,964	14,316	5,579
Interest rate swap contracts	5,149	5,300	2,877
Foreign-currency margin contracts	-	-	8,242
Torongh currency margin conducts			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 95,106,387	<u>\$ 78,730,563</u>	<u>\$ 75,121,419</u>
Held-for-trading financial liabilities			
Payable - security borrowing	\$ 479,957	\$ 410,521	\$ 131,460
Securities purchased under resell agreements -	7,	,,.	,,
short sale	966,496	_	_
Commercial paper contracts with reference rate	175	2	_
Currency swap contracts	881,578	4,317,870	795,507
Currency option contracts - sell	18,126	38,583	48,777
Forward contracts	52,631	33,803	21,503
Asset swap options contracts	32,427	17,881	1,617
Interest rate swap contracts	10,823	12,867	22,240
Foreign-currency margin contracts	407	921	-
Convertible bonds assets swap contracts	88	50	_
Cross-currency swap contracts	4,666	<u>-</u>	906
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or			
loss	<u>\$ 2,447,374</u>	<u>\$ 4,832,498</u>	\$ 1,022,010

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$35,245,000 thousand, \$36,890,958 thousand and \$23,083,424 thousand, respectively, had been sold under repurchase agreements.

TCB enters into derivative transactions mainly to accommodate customers' needs and to manage its exposure to adverse changes in exchange rates and interest rates. TCB's strategy for hedging against risk is to reduce most of the market price risk or cash flow risk.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the contract (notional) amounts of derivative transactions of TCB were as follows:

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Currency swap contracts	\$ 225,049,643	\$ 255,510,944	\$ 323,062,546
Interest rate swap contracts	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Forward contracts	8,581,547	8,586,387	6,736,946
Currency option contracts - sell	7,920,794	4,967,696	4,467,337
Currency option contracts - buy	7,920,794	4,967,696	4,467,337
Cross-currency swap contracts	441,507	407,450	1,272,251
Foreign-currency margin contracts	21,680	43,300	55,935

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the open position of futures transactions of TCB were as follows:

		March 31, 2021			
		Open	Position	Contract Amounts or Premium	
Itama	Duoduata		Number of	Paid	Fair Values
Items	Products	Buy/Sell	Contracts	(Charged)	rair values
Futures contracts	Interest index futures	Sell	55	\$ 205,917	\$ 205,672
Futures contracts	Stock index futures	Sell	30	98,730	98,538
		December 31, 2020			
				Contract	
		Open	Position	Amounts or Premium	
			Number of	Paid	
Items	Products	Buy/Sell	Contracts	(Charged)	Fair Values
Futures contracts	Stock index futures	Sell	50	\$ 254,149	\$ 254,103

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the open position of futures and option transactions of Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd. (TCS) were as follows:

		March 31, 2021			
		Onen	Position	Contract Amounts or Premium	
		Орен	Number of	Paid	
Items	<b>Products</b>	Buy/Sell	Contracts	(Charged)	Fair Values
Futures contracts	Stock index futures	Buy	17	\$ 20,840	\$ 20,054
	Single-stock futures	Buy	503	294,233	295,110
	Commodity futures	Buy	125	45,383	45,650
	Interest rate futures	Sell	9	49,740	49,614
	Stock index futures	Sell	209	575,977	582,501
	Single-stock futures	Sell	47	53,070	53,200
	Commodity futures	Sell	415	418,175	413,174
	Foreign exchange futures	Sell	6	19,688	19,337

		<b>December 31, 2020</b>			
		0	D!4!	Contract Amounts or	
		Open	Position	Premium	
<b>T</b> .	D 1 4	D /C II	Number of	Paid	T . T . 1
Items	Products	Buy/Sell	Contracts	(Charged)	Fair Values
Futures contracts	Interest rate futures	Buy	1	\$ 6,156	\$ 6,082
	Stock index futures	Buy	46	55,341	54,569
	Single-stock futures	Buy	349	159,329	165,451
	Commodity futures	Buy	104	28,272	29,903
	Interest rate futures	Sell	5	29,077	29,106
	Stock index futures	Sell	287	303,890	310,429
	Single-stock futures	Sell	32	4,394	4,292
	Commodity futures	Sell	235	386,133	415,006
	Foreign exchange futures	Sell	6	20,481	20,696
			Marc	h 31, 2020	
				Contract	
				Amounts or	
		Open	Position	Premium	
			Number of	Paid	
Items	<b>Products</b>	Buy/Sell	Contracts	(Charged)	Fair Values
Futures contracts	Stock index futures	Buy	2	\$ 7,766	\$ 7,767
	Single-stock futures	Buy	624	138,856	139,371
	Commodity futures	Buy	20	12,875	12,380
	Interest rate futures	Sell	13	61,096	61,992
	Stock index futures	Sell	318	290,614	278,860
	Single-stock futures	Sell	187	47,311	47,121
	Commodity futures	Sell	65	75,413	73,750
	Foreign exchange futures	Sell	7	25,379	24,647
	0 0			,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the contract (notional) amounts of asset swap contracts of TCS were as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
	,		,
Asset swap contracts	\$ 155,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 146,200

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the contract (notional) amounts of currency swap contracts and interest rate swap contracts of TCS were as follows:

		December 31,		
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020	
Interest rate swap contracts	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	

BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI) engages in cross-currency swap contracts and currency swap contracts to reduce risks due to exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations. The objective of financial risk management of BPCTLI is to manage substantial risks due to changes in fair value or cash flow.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the contract (notional) amounts of derivative transactions of BPCTLI were as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Currency swap contracts	\$ 10,543,792	\$ 10,328,651	\$ 12,009,933
Cross-currency swap contracts	285,050	281,000	-

BPCTLI has applied IFRS 9 since 2018, and at the same time choose to use the overlay approach of IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" to present the profit or loss of designated financial assets. The financial assets designated for the overlay approach were as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Beneficial certificates Investment in equity instruments	\$ 4,583,722 535,972	\$ 4,659,902 471,590	\$ 3,789,754 333,678

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, for the financial assets designated for the overlay approach, the amount reclassified between profit or loss and other comprehensive income were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
Profit or loss on application of IFRS 9 Profit or loss from application of IAS 39	\$ 433,695 (191,771)	\$ (571,208) _(127,934)	
Gain or loss on reclassification by overlay approach	<u>\$ 241,924</u>	<u>\$ (699,142</u> )	

#### 9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI			
Listed shares and emerging market shares Unlisted shares	\$ 36,894,025 6,541,530 43,435,555	\$ 17,514,458 6,123,249 23,637,707	\$ 17,436,431 4,371,919 21,808,350
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI			
Government bonds Corporate bonds Bank debentures	215,249,412 115,426,991 90,185,275 420,861,678	204,430,335 117,051,244 84,016,768 405,498,347	215,652,938 108,001,470 75,384,826 399,039,234
	<u>\$ 464,297,233</u>	<u>\$ 429,136,054</u>	<u>\$ 420,847,584</u>

These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes or for receiving dividends. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Company's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

For the purpose of risk diversification and profit strategy, the Company adjusted the investment position to sell part of equity instruments in the amounts of \$7,948,738 thousand and \$1,264,510 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The accumulated unrealized valuation gain or loss of financial assets at FVTOCI under other equity in the amount of \$1,305,607 thousand gains and \$32,189 thousand gains have been transferred to retained earnings, respectively.

For the three months ended of March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recognized dividends revenue \$56,951 thousand and \$23,074 thousand, respectively. Those related to investments derecognized during the reporting period was \$15,158 thousand and those related to investments held at the end of the reporting period was \$41,793 thousand and \$23,074 thousand, respectively.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the allowance for possible losses of investment in debt instruments at FVTOCI recognized was \$129,375 thousand, \$134,016 thousand and \$117,309 thousand, respectively, through expected credit loss. A reversal of impairment loss recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$660 thousand. Impairment loss recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2020 was \$14,457 thousand.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income amounting to \$19,813,814 thousand, \$18,840,795 thousand and \$20,756,028 thousand, respectively, had been sold under repurchase agreements.

#### 10. INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Negotiable certificates of deposit in the Central			
Bank	\$ 546,640,000	\$ 559,280,000	\$ 370,760,000
Government bonds	110,684,309	107,807,918	107,827,841
Corporate bonds	46,267,731	46,270,440	42,851,464
Bank debentures	12,629,730	12,678,455	22,550,003
Certificates of deposit	2,350,736	2,277,320	280,906
	718,572,506	728,314,133	544,270,214
Less: Allowance for possible loss	47,616	47,659	49,544
	<u>\$ 718,524,890</u>	<u>\$ 728,266,474</u>	<u>\$ 544,220,670</u>

A reversal of impairment loss recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$88 thousand. Impairment loss recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2020 was \$1,020 thousand.

#### 11. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESELL AGREEMENTS

Securities acquired for \$1,963,078 thousand, \$1,278,803 thousand and \$3,010,005 thousand under resell agreements as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively, will subsequently be sold for \$1,966,053 thousand, \$1,279,081 thousand and \$3,017,728 thousand, respectively.

#### 12. RECEIVABLES, NET

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Accrued interest	\$ 6,935,072	\$ 7,759,494	\$ 8,975,576
Settlement consideration	7,621,615	6,655,545	2,669,996
Settlement receivable	6,949,815	5,479,698	2,712,728
Margin loans receivable	5,615,942	4,883,614	2,627,875
Credit cards	3,848,296	4,388,635	3,292,826
Acceptances	3,704,654	3,103,379	4,267,813
Lease payment receivable	2,135,021	2,403,726	2,721,804
Receivables on lending funds	697,414	712,782	837,826
Receivables on merchant accounts in the credit			
card business	571,976	654,861	1,094,347
Accounts receivable	366,141	454,382	363,900
Receivable on securities	3,507,197	384,358	483,597
Credits receivable	-	231,991	414,785
Accounts receivable factored without recourse	139,985	214,150	125,694
Refundable deposits receivable in leasehold			
agreements	183,993	183,993	183,993
Receivable - separated account	160,664	-	490,909
Others	1,202,268	740,982	1,010,227
	43,640,053	38,251,590	32,273,896
Less: Allowance for possible losses	531,562	811,962	914,965
Less: Unrealized interest revenue	114,548	132,990	168,870
	Ф. 42.002.043	Φ 27 20 6 620	Φ 21 100 071
	<u>\$ 42,993,943</u>	<u>\$ 37,306,638</u>	<u>\$ 31,190,061</u>

Credits receivable due to the merger with the Farmers Bank of China on May 1, 2006 were recognized at the fair value of credits written off by the Farmers Bank of China in the past. The fair values were evaluated by PricewaterhouseCoopers Financial Advisory Service Co., Ltd.

The changes in the impairment assessment of receivables and allowance for possible losses of credits, credit cards, and accrued interest from debt instruments are summarized below:

Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	(C	time ECL ollective essment)	(Non Non Cred F	etime ECL a-purchased or -originated it-impaired inancial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 19,755,861	\$	46,627	\$	169,402	\$ 19,971,890
Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(19,581)		19,734		(153)	=
Credit-impaired financial assets	(6,548)		(2,632)		9,180	-
12-month ECL	9,474		(9,434)		(40)	-
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	28,564,836		24,973		36,481	28,626,290
Write-offs	-		-		(2,636)	(2,636) (Continued)

Gross Carrying Amou	nt 12	2-month ECL	Lifetime ECI (Collective Assessment)	(Non- <sub>]</sub> Non-o L Credit Fir	ime ECL ourchased or originated -impaired nancial ssets)	Total
Derecognition of financial asse	ets in the					
current reporting period Changes in exchange rates and		\$(28,397,464)	\$ (32,161	) \$	(35,326)	\$(28,464,951)
changes	-	(419 <u>,871</u> )		<u> </u>	10	(419,861)
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>(</u>	\$ 19,486,707	\$ 47,107	<u>\$</u>	176,918	\$ 19,710,732
Balance at January 1, 2020 Transfers to	9	\$ 20,762,410	\$ 48,850	\$	185,004	\$ 20,996,264
Lifetime ECL		(25,159)	25,245	5	(86)	-
Credit-impaired financial as	sets	(8,286)	(3,782	2)	12,068	-
12-month ECL		10,999	(10,944	<b>!</b> )	(55)	-
New financial assets purchased	d or					
originated		22,328,947	81,181		114,403	22,524,531
Write-offs		-	(56,506	o)	(5,487)	(61,993)
Derecognition of financial asso current reporting period Changes in exchange rates and		(24,475,131)	(34,291	)	(46,959)	(24,556,381)
changes	oulei -	(252,014)		<u> </u>	14	(252,000)
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	\$ 18,341,766	\$ 49,753	<u>\$</u>	258,902	\$ 18,650,421 (Concluded)
			Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased		Difference of	,
Allowance for Possible Losses	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 35,409	\$ 12,978	\$ 70,631	\$ 119,018	\$ 163,955	\$ 282,973
Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period			\$ 70,031			
Transfers to	(222)	235				\$ 202,773
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets	(222) (252) 2 344	235 (739) (2 342)	(13) 991	-	-	
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in	(252) 2,344	(739) (2,342)	(13) 991 (2)		-	- - -
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments	(252)	(739)	(13) 991	- - - (42,045)	- - -	- - - (42,045)
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period	(252) 2,344	(739) (2,342)	(13) 991 (2)	(42,045) 17,613	-	- - -
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the	(252) 2,344 (21,152)	(739) (2,342) (7,984)	(13) 991 (2) (12,909)		-	- - - (42,045)
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912	(13) 991 (2) (12,909) 12,489 3,247	17,613 28,516 (2,636)	(35,718)	(42,045) 17,613 28,516 (35,718) (2,636)
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212 18,876	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393	(13) 991 (2) (12,909) 12,489 3,247 (2,636) 5,720	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720	- - - - (35,718)	(42,045) 17,613 28,516 (35,718) (2,636) 5,720
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other changes	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212 18,876 	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393	(13) 991 (2) (12,909) 12,489 3,247 (2,636) 5,720 (140)	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720 (84)		(42,045)  17,613  28,516  (35,718) (2,636) 5,720  (84)
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212 18,876	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393	(13) 991 (2) (12,909) 12,489 3,247 (2,636) 5,720	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720	-	(42,045) 17,613 28,516 (35,718) (2,636) 5,720
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other changes  Balance at March 31, 2021  Balance at January 1, 2020 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212 18,876 - - - 56 \$ 37,271 \$ 49,498	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393 - - - - \$ 11,453 \$ 13,869	(13) 991 (2) (12,909)  12,489  3,247  (2,636) 5,720  (140) \$\frac{77,378}{5}\$ \$ 77,288	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720 (84)		(42,045)  17,613  28,516  (35,718) (2,636) 5,720  (84)
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other changes  Balance at March 31, 2021  Balance at January 1, 2020 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to Lifetime ECL	(252) 2,344 (21,152)  2,212 18,876	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393 - - - - \$ 11,453 \$ 13,869	(13) 991 (2) (12,909)  12,489  3,247  (2,636) 5,720  (140) \$ 77,378 \$ 77,288	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720 (84) \$ 126,102	- - - \$ 128,237	(42,045) 17,613 28,516 (35,718) (2,636) 5,720 (84) \$ 254,339
Transfers to Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial assets 12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under regulations Write-offs Recovery of written-off receivables Changes in exchange rates and other changes  Balance at March 31, 2021  Balance at January 1, 2020 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to	(252) 2,344 (21,152) 2,212 18,876 - - - 56 \$ 37,271 \$ 49,498	(739) (2,342) (7,984) 2,912 6,393 - - - - \$ 11,453 \$ 13,869	(13) 991 (2) (12,909)  12,489  3,247  (2,636) 5,720  (140) \$\frac{77,378}{5}\$ \$ 77,288	17,613 28,516 (2,636) 5,720 (84) \$ 126,102	- - - \$ 128,237	(42,045) 17,613 28,516 (35,718) (2,636) 5,720 (84) \$ 254,339

12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
\$ (26,816)	\$ (8,972)	\$ (14,674)	\$ (50,462)	\$ -	\$ (50,462)
(3,175)	4,403	1,181	2,409	-	2,409
28,821	63,150	69,226	161,197	-	161,197
				7.540	7.640
-	-	-	-	7,648	7,648
-	(56,506)		. , ,	-	(61,993)
-	-	129	129	-	129
(6,426)	<del></del>	6,527	101	<del></del>	101
\$ 43,881	<u>\$ 12,774</u>	<u>\$ 135,381</u>	<u>\$ 192,036</u>	<u>\$ 157,043</u>	\$ 349,079
					(Concluded)
	\$ (26,816) (3,175) 28,821 - - (6,426)	(Collective Assessment)  \$ (26,816) \$ (8,972)  (3,175) 4,403  28,821 63,150  (56,506) (6,426)	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)   Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)   Non-originated Financial Assets)   Impairment Loss under IFRS 9   S (26,816)   \$ (8,972)   \$ (14,674)   \$ (50,462)   \$ - (3,175)   4,403   1,181   2,409   - (28,821)   63,150   69,226   161,197   - (28,821)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,648)   - (3,6426)   - (3

Impairment assessment except the above receivables were based on expected credit losses model at the beginning of the current reporting period by simplified method. On March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the amount of impairment assessment to receivables were \$23,929,321 thousand, \$18,279,700 thousand and \$13,623,475 thousands, respectively, and the amount of allowance for possible losses were \$277,223 thousand, \$528,989 thousand and \$565,886 thousand, respectively.

The changes in allowance for possible losses by using simplified method are summarized below:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
Balance at January 1	\$ 528,989	\$ 591,799	
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses	43,550	(24,557)	
Write-offs	(253,099)	(869)	
Recovery of written-off receivables	1,126	(71)	
Effects of exchange rate changes and other changes	(43,343)	(416)	
Balance at March 31	<u>\$ 277,223</u>	\$ 565,886	

#### 13. DISCOUNTS AND LOANS, NET

	Mar	ch 31, 2021	D	ecember 31, 2020	Ma	arch 31, 2020
Bills discounted	\$	3,322,317	\$	2,873,302	\$	1,794,193
Overdraft						
Unsecured		33,790		26,683		79,643
Secured		31,393		27,581		45,806
Import and export negotiations		626,750		937,030		299,906
Short-term loans						
Unsecured	,	284,241,126		251,607,009		324,520,751
Accounts receivable financing		267,224		257,023		268,196
Secured		196,377,429		198,240,650		211,718,664
						(Continued)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Medium-term loans			
Unsecured	\$ 373,239,866	\$ 359,883,619	\$ 345,546,564
Secured	408,931,998	401,042,799	322,517,463
Long-term loans			
Unsecured	36,500,681	35,508,190	31,913,193
Secured	1,058,135,766	1,047,578,506	1,020,256,386
Overdue loans	6,331,339	6,564,807	6,781,363
Life insurance loan	370,086	397,042	544,419
Temporary insurance paid	62,880	60,491	52,631
	2,368,472,645	2,305,004,732	2,266,339,178
Less: Allowance for possible losses	28,988,564	29,173,224	27,174,240
Less: Adjustment of discount	519,989	499,994	458,772
	\$ 2,338,964,092	<u>\$ 2,275,331,514</u>	\$ 2,238,706,166 (Concluded)

The changes in gross carrying amount and allowance for possible losses of discounts and loans are summarized below:

Gross Carrying Amount	12-month ECL	(	fetime ECL Collective ssessment)	(No or N	on-purchased on-originated edit-impaired ancial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 2,261,133,785	\$	2,802,802	\$	41,068,145	\$ 2,305,004,732
Transfers to	. , , ,	·	, ,	•	, ,	. , , ,
Lifetime ECL	(1,005,833)		1,039,027		(33,194)	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(2,057,722)		(184,504)		2,242,226	-
12-month ECL	731,210		(674,244)		(56,966)	-
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	353,836,708		222,742		133,593	354,193,043
Write-offs	-		-		(1,606,101)	(1,606,101)
Derecognition of financial assets in the						
current reporting period	(288,504,875)		(670,927)		(2,154,971)	(291,330,773)
Changes in exchange rates and other						
changes	2,082,127		7,105		122,512	2,211,744
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 2,326,215,400	<u>\$</u>	2,542,001	<u>\$</u>	39,715,244	\$ 2,368,472,645
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 2,181,142,309	\$	2,524,438	\$	37,638,133	\$ 2,221,304,880
Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(3,447,681)		3,508,178		(60,497)	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(2,130,280)		(706,296)		2,836,576	-
12-month ECL	594,302		(523,725)		(70,577)	-
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	325,376,275		126,091		46,562	325,548,928
Write-offs	-		-		(1,365,534)	(1,365,534)
Derecognition of financial assets in the						
current reporting period	(276,548,168)		(324,369)		(2,047,158)	(278,919,695)
Changes in exchange rates and other						
changes	208,469		(333,287)		(104,583)	(229,401)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 2,225,195,226	\$	4,271,030	\$	36,872,922	\$ 2,266,339,178

Allowance for Possible Losses	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 3,903,935	\$ 19,762	\$ 5,304,254	\$ 9,227,951	\$ 19,945,273	\$ 29,173,224
Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to						
Lifetime ECL	(565)	2,665	(2,100)	-	-	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(147,562)	(250)	147,812	_	_	_
12-month ECL	7,194	(3,553)	(3,641)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in	*		. , ,			
the current reporting period	(571,810)	(1,870)	(11,494)	(585,174)	-	(585,174)
Reversal from financial instruments	( , ,	( )/	( ) . /	(, - ,		(, - ,
recognized at the beginning of the						
current reporting period	59.010	(2,385)	631.018	687,643	_	687,643
New financial assets purchased or	,	(=,===)	***************************************	,		****
originated	701,200	1,549	1,775	704,524	_	704,524
Difference of impairment loss under	701,200	1,5 .7	1,775	701,021		701,521
regulations	_	_	_	_	313,041	313,041
Write-offs	_	_	(1,606,101)	(1,606,101)	-	(1,606,101)
Recovery of write-off credits	_	_	278,940	278,940	_	278,940
Changes in exchange rates and other			270,710	270,710		270,7.0
changes	6,719	145	15,603	22,467	_	22,467
enanges	0,712		10,000	22,107		
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 3,958,121	<u>\$ 16,063</u>	\$ 4,756,066	<u>\$ 8,730,250</u>	\$ 20,258,314	\$ 28,988,564
Balance at January 1, 2020 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to	\$ 4,383,474	\$ 15,152	\$ 5,790,070	\$ 10,188,696	\$ 17,187,696	\$ 27,376,392
Lifetime ECL	(13,605)	25,723	(12,118)	-	-	-
Credit-impaired financial assets	(45,154)	(8,961)	54,115	-	-	-
12-month ECL	8,783	(927)	(7,856)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in						
the current reporting period	(833,416)	(946)	(472,886)	(1,307,248)	-	(1,307,248)
Reversal from financial instruments						
recognized at the beginning of the						
current reporting period	99,336	(72,772)	1,472,257	1,498,821	-	1,498,821
New financial assets purchased or						
originated	874,707	615	1,456	876,778	-	876,778
Difference of impairment loss under						
regulations	-	-	-	-	(182,710)	(182,710)
Write-offs	-	-	(1,365,534)	(1,365,534)	-	(1,365,534)
Recovery of write-off credits	-	-	272,445	272,445	-	272,445
Changes in exchange rates and other						
changes	(601,237)	64,864	541,669	5,296	<u>-</u>	5,296
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 3,872,888	\$ 22,748	\$ 6,273,618	<u>\$ 10,169,254</u>	<u>\$ 17,004,986</u>	<u>\$ 27,174,240</u>

The bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on guarantees for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020		
Provision for possible losses on discounts and loans	\$ 1,120,034	\$ 885,641		
Provision for possible losses on receivables	11,916	96,235		
Provision for possible losses on overdue receivables	8,279	23,672		
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses on guarantees	7,573	(78,033)		
Provision (reversal of provision) for possible losses on loan				
commitment	11,820	(16,847)		
Provision for other possible losses	(2,079)	(512)		
	\$ 1,157,543	<u>\$ 910,156</u>		

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, TCB was in compliance with the FSC-required provision for credit assets.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, accrual of interest on the above overdue loans had been stopped. Thus, the unrecognized interest revenue was \$27,480 thousand and \$32,288 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, based on the average loan interest rate for the year.

#### 14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

	March 3	March 31, 2021 Decer		31, 2020	March 31, 2020	
Investment in associate	Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Amount	Percentage of Ownership
investment in associate						
United Real Estate Management Co., Ltd. Mesh Cooperative	\$ 140,916	30.00	\$ 134,382	30.00	\$ 130,856	30.00
Ventures, Inc.	1,720	33.00	1,992	33.00	3,034	33.00
JC Capital Taiwan Co., Ltd.	2,458	35.00	2,801	35.00		-
	<u>\$ 145,094</u>		<u>\$ 139,175</u>		<u>\$ 133,890</u>	

Aggregate information of associate that is not individually material:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020		
The Company's share of: Net income Other comprehensive income	\$ 5,919 	\$ (904) 		
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$ 5,919</u>	<u>\$ (904)</u>		

The investments accounted for by equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investments for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were based on the associate's financial statements for the same period which have not been reviewed by the auditors. Management believes there is no material impact on the equity method accounting or the calculation of the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, from the financial statements of the associate that have not been reviewed.

#### 15. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Overdue receivables	\$ 380,150	\$ 337,110	\$ 139,372
Less: Allowance for possible losses	147,224	103,102	106,239
Overdue receivables, net	232,926	234,008	33,133
Due from banks	11,040,367	8,512,487	16,014,734
Security borrowing margin	729,615	683,255	200,312
Call loans to security firms	256,545	252,900	271,845
Separate-account assets (Note 31)	104,629,315	105,803,112	85,825,868
	<u>\$ 116,888,768</u>	<u>\$ 115,485,762</u>	<u>\$ 102,345,892</u>

Due from banks (part of other financial assets, net) held by the Company were demand deposits and time deposits that could not be withdrawn and time deposits that had maturity periods of more than three months and could not be used before maturity.

### 16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Land Buildings	\$ 8,582,663 2,791,041	\$ 8,633,740 2,784,932	\$ 8,311,543 2,699,943
	<u>\$ 11,373,704</u>	<u>\$ 11,418,672</u>	<u>\$ 11,011,486</u>
Cost	Land	Buildings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions Disposal Reclassification	\$ 8,633,740 42,101 (99,700) 6,522	\$ 3,933,522 69,185 (38,339) (1,064)	\$ 12,567,262 111,286 (138,039) 5,458
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 8,582,663</u>	\$ 3,963,304	<u>\$ 12,545,967</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Reclassification	\$ 8,149,105 162,438	\$ 3,632,616 48,250 (1,530)	\$ 11,781,721 210,688 (1,530)
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 8,311,543</u>	\$ 3,679,336	<u>\$ 11,990,879</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Disposal Depreciation expenses	\$ - - -	\$ 1,148,590 (2,320) 25,993	\$ 1,148,590 (2,320) 25,993
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,172,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,172,263</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020 Depreciation expenses	\$ - -	\$ 955,280 <u>24,113</u>	\$ 955,280 <u>24,113</u>
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	\$ 979,393	<u>\$ 979,393</u>

Investment properties (except for land) are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Main buildings 45 to 50 years Equipment installed in buildings 5 to 15 years

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the fair value of investment properties was \$26,318,017 thousand and \$25,209,392 thousand, respectively. The fair value was determined by internal appraisal personnel using level 3 inputs according to internal procedures and related regulations. The management of the Company had assessed and determined that there was no significant changes in the fair value of investment properties for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

The revenues generated from the investment properties are summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
Rental income from investment properties (part of other noninterest gains, net)	\$ 128,321	\$ 126,657	
Direct operating expenses for investment properties that generate rental income	(41,039)	(39,041)	
	\$ 87,282	\$ 87,616	

Lease agreements on investment properties owned by the Company and rented to others are operating lease. Rentals are calculated on the basis of the leased areas and are receivable monthly, quarterly or semiannually. The lessees have no preemptive rights to buy properties at the end of the lease agreements. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, guarantee deposits on these leases totaled \$103,051 thousand, \$103,574 thousand and \$97,577 thousand, respectively. Minimum future annual rentals are as follows:

	Mar	ech 31, 2021	Dec	cember 31, 2020	Mar	ch 31, 2020
Year 1	\$	420,547	\$	413,448	\$	402,740
Year 2		370,063		381,384		354,292
Year 3		279,889		287,593		308,158
Year 4		221,199		254,894		220,981
Year 5		70,208		93,539		168,494
Over five years		98,096		99,609		406,749
	<u>\$</u>	1,460,002	\$	1,530,467	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,861,414</u>

#### 17. PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Carrying amount			
Land	\$ 20,631,618	\$ 20,638,106	\$ 20,715,368
Buildings	10,554,563	10,677,659	11,130,845
Machinery and equipment	1,225,713	1,274,451	1,164,795
Transportation equipment	140,143	138,583	111,088
Other equipment	236,240	248,473	227,984
Leasehold improvements	191,738	180,642	157,360
Prepayments for equipment, land and buildings			
and construction in progress	293,701	252,798	142,657
	\$ 33,273,716	<u>\$ 33,410,712</u>	\$ 33,650,097 (Continued)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Assets leased under operating leases			
Machinery and equipment Other equipment	\$ 9,882 28,954	\$ 10,419 30,648	\$ - -
	\$ 38,836	\$ 41,067	\$ (Concluded)

## a. Assets used by the Company

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Other Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Prepayments for Equipment, Land and Buildings and Construction in Progress	Total
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions Disposals Reclassification Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 20,653,283 	\$ 19,183,858 14,604 	\$ 5,222,854 40,630 (65,926) 7,719 2,067	\$ 663,282 6,357 (1,402) 2,739 	\$ 1,456,066 8,289 (4,922) 900 556	\$ 1,071,777 5,960 (4,180) 20,015 	\$ 252,798 105,938 (65,036)	\$ 48,503,918 181,778 (76,430) (7,377) 4,397
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ 20,646,795	\$ 19,231,344	\$ 5,207,344	\$ 671,269	\$ 1,460,889	\$ 1,094,944	\$ 293,701	<u>\$ 48,606,286</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals Reclassification Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 20,730,527 - - - 18	\$ 19,286,111 15,617 2,803 39	\$ 4,747,396 84,757 (33,642) 140,167 (79)	\$ 637,030 13,464 (8,814) 1,139 (447)	\$ 1,404,396 12,318 (10,096) 2,410 (3,806)	\$ 1,017,917 12,152 (4,870) 2,057 (1,007)	\$ 254,681 48,101 (160,032) (93)	\$ 48,078,058 186,409 (57,422) (11,456) (5,375)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 20,730,545	\$ 19,304,570	\$ 4,938,599	\$ 642,372	\$ 1,405,222	\$ 1,026,249	<u>\$ 142,657</u>	\$ 48,190,214

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Other Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2021 Disposals Depreciation expense Reclassification Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 15,177 - - - -	\$ 8,506,199 - 170,511 - 71	\$ 3,948,403 (65,888) 97,703 (29) 1,442	\$ 524,699 (1,402) 7,577 29 223	\$ 1,207,593 (4,903) 21,519 	\$ 891,135 (4,180) 15,373 - 878	\$ 15,093,206 (76,373) 312,683 - 3,054
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 15,177</u>	<u>\$ 8,676,781</u>	<u>\$ 3,981,631</u>	<u>\$ 531,126</u>	\$ 1,224,649	<u>\$ 903,206</u>	<u>\$ 15,332,570</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020 Disposals Depreciation expense Reclassification Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 15,177 - - -	\$ 8,004,869 - 168,831 - 25	\$ 3,725,215 (33,618) 82,380 (94) (79)	\$ 533,914 (8,814) 6,517 (333)	\$ 1,166,042 (10,096) 21,286 94 (88)	\$ 861,348 (4,870) 13,545 (1,134)	\$ 14,306,565 (57,398) 292,559 (1,609)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 15,177	<u>\$ 8,173,725</u>	\$ 3,773,804	\$ 531,284	\$ 1,177,238	\$ 868,889	<u>\$ 14,540,117</u>

Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB) revalued its properties five times in 1979, 1998, 2007, 2011 and 2012. As March 31, 2021, the reserve for land revaluation increment tax (part of deferred tax liabilities) was \$2,595,339 thousand.

Properties and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Main buildings	37 to 50 years
Equipment installed in buildings	10 to 15 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 10 years
Other equipment	2 to 20 years
Leasehold improvements	2 to 10 years

In testing assets for impairment, TCB defined each operating unit or operating segment as a cash-generating unit (CGU). The recoverable amount of a CGU was determined at its value in use for properties and equipment. The discount rates for the CGUs' value in use were 8.61%, 8.61% and 7.54% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

#### b. Assets leased under operating leases

	Machinery and Equipment	Other Equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions	\$ 11,802 	\$ 34,610	\$ 46,412
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 11,802</u>	<u>\$ 34,610</u>	\$ 46,412
Accumulated depreciation and impartment			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Depreciation expenses	\$ 1,383 537	\$ 3,962 1,694	\$ 5,345 2,231
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 1,920</u>	<u>\$ 5,656</u>	<u>\$ 7,576</u>

The Company leases machinery and equipment and other equipment under operating leases with lease terms of 2020 to 2029. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the lessees exercise their options to extend. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the assets at the expiry of the lease periods.

Please refer to Note 16 for the minimum future annual rentals.

Depreciation expenses of operating leases equipment are depreciated on the straight-line method over service lives estimated as follows:

Machinery and equipment	1 to 7 years
Other equipment	1 to 7 years

#### 18. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### a. Right-of-use assets

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Carrying amount			
Land Buildings Transportation equipment Other equipment	\$ 11,332 1,522,461 61,092 16,268	\$ 12,826 1,607,444 67,217 17,393	\$ 15,494 1,583,611 59,942 20,502
	\$ 1,611,153	\$ 1,704,880	\$ 1,679,549

	101 1110 111100	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020	
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 112,529</u>	<u>\$ 131,224</u>	
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets			
Land	\$ 1,652	\$ 1,366	
Buildings	148,780	149,759	
Transportation equipment	7,668	8,122	
Other equipment	<u>1,125</u>	1,125	
	<u>\$ 159,225</u>	<u>\$ 160,372</u>	

Except for the above listed additions and recognized depreciation expenses, there was no significant sublease or impairment of the Company's right-of-use assets for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

#### b. Lease liabilities

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Carrying amount	\$ 1,574,831	<u>\$ 1,649,746</u>	<u>\$ 1,630,256</u>

Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Land	1.356%-1.627%	1.593%-1.627%	1.615%-1.627%
Buildings	1.359%-9.800%	1.359%-9.800%	1.615%-9.800%
Transportation equipment	0.845%-8.880%	0.845%-8.880%	1.040%-8.880%
Other equipment	2.445%-4.000%	2.445%-4.000%	2.445%-4.000%

#### c. Material lease-in activities

The Company signed lease agreements on office premises due to operating activities. Rentals are calculated on the basis of leased areas and are receivable monthly, quarterly or semiannually. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, guarantee deposits on these leases totaled \$137,584 thousand, \$137,242 thousand and \$133,620 thousand, respectively.

### d. Other lease information

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 2,376	\$ 1,914
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases  Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the	<u>\$ 720</u>	<u>\$ 944</u>
measurement of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 675</u>	<u>\$ 595</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (157,001)</u>	<u>\$ (158,361</u> )

The Company leases certain land, buildings, transportation equipment and other equipment which qualify as short-term leases or low-value asset leases. The Company has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

#### 19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Goodwill Computer software	\$ 3,170,005 <u>708,318</u>	\$ 3,170,005	\$ 3,170,005 606,689
	\$ 3,878,323	\$ 3,888,623	\$ 3,776,694

Except for amortization expenses recognized and the reclassification of intangible assets, the Company had no significant addition, disposal and impairment on intangible assets during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

The computer software with limited useful lives is amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives of 3 to 10 years.

In testing assets for impairment, TCB defined each operating unit or operating segment as a cash-generating unit (CGU). The recoverable amount of a CGU was determined at its value in use for goodwill impairment test. The discount rates for the CGUs' value in use were 8.61%, 8.61% and 7.54% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

Goodwill resulting from merger of Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. with the Farmers Bank of China was allocated to operating units or operating segment (cash-generating units with allocated goodwill). There was no impairment loss on goodwill as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020.

### 20. OTHER ASSETS, NET

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Refundable deposits	\$ 1,565,686	\$ 1,869,126	\$ 1,733,705
Prepaid expenses	571,071	188,344	1,616,536
Operating deposits and settlement funds	736,396	726,271	714,738
Settlement payments	165,664	80,228	43,098
Receipts under custody for securities under			
writing	-	473,856	-
Others	30,190	44,552	63,919
	\$ 3,069,007	\$ 3,382,377	<u>\$ 4,171,996</u>

As of March 31, 2020, prepaid expenses included that TCB invested in overseas branch in the amounts of \$1,081,825 thousand.

#### 21. DEPOSITS FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Deposits from banks	\$ 140,506,123	\$ 150,923,009	\$ 126,205,530
Call loans from banks	119,350,828	79,278,093	137,934,561
Overdraft from other banks	1,965,991	1,272,379	1,328,321
Transfer deposits from Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	95,665	95,665	589,604
Deposits from the Central Bank	268,163	424,480	436,922
	\$ 262,186,770	<u>\$ 231,993,626</u>	\$ 266,494,938

#### 22. DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Due to the Central Bank	\$ 53,890,930	\$ 37,118,610	<u>\$</u>

#### 23. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Securities sold for \$55,301,027 thousand, \$55,775,026 thousand and \$44,053,880 thousand under repurchase agreements as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively, would subsequently be purchased for \$55,315,869 thousand, \$55,788,273 thousand and \$44,075,392 thousand respectively.

### 24. COMMERCIAL PAPER ISSUED, NET

The face values of commercial paper issued were \$33,745,000 thousand, \$31,810,000 thousand and \$32,495,000 thousand and the annual discount rates were from 0.262%-0.338%, from 0.288%-0.438% and from 0.598%-0.838% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively, and the commercial paper will mature by June 10, 2021, March 12, 2021 and June 29, 2020, respectively. The foregoing commercial paper was accepted and guaranteed by financial institutions. As of March 31, 2021, the Company had not used the amount of \$80,509,296 thousand, the sum of the amount of the commercial paper issued and the credit.

#### 25. PAYABLES

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Settlement payable	\$ 8,966,387	\$ 7,048,937	\$ 2,458,445
Settlement consideration	8,688,590	5,980,110	2,978,753
Accrued expenses	6,169,696	5,900,975	6,134,548
Collections payable	6,030,858	5,814,606	6,230,297
Checks for clearing	5,139,060	5,709,157	4,332,787
Collections of notes and checks for various			
financial institutions in other cities	4,976,539	4,602,498	4,622,428
Acceptances	3,829,122	3,256,086	4,517,522
Accrued interest	3,004,187	2,586,276	4,376,539
			(Continued)

	Mai	rch 31, 2021	De	cember 31, 2020	Ma	rch 31, 2020
Payables on notes and checks collected for others	\$	1,479,889	\$	1,478,345	\$	1,432,203
Separate account payable		-		935,499		-
Payables for short-sale transactions		254,970		651,341		226,272
Deposits on short-sale transactions		244,069		584,061		206,280
Tax payable		414,324		466,208		428,340
Payable on securities		1,106,505		418,565		516,071
Dividends payable		378,555		377,104		340,992
Factored accounts payable		139,985		202,009		68,240
Insurance claims and benefits payable		79,331		75,276		192,481
Others		2,132,268		1,996,175		2,244,404
	\$	53,034,335	\$	48,083,228	\$	41,306,602 (Concluded)

### 26. DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES

	Ma	arch 31, 2021	D	ecember 31, 2020	Ma	arch 31, 2020
Deposits						
Checking	\$	44,641,979	\$	49,488,911	\$	40,406,434
Demand		726,014,772		710,468,591		557,282,775
Savings - demand	1	1,025,008,706	1	1,032,998,013		893,083,132
Time		712,316,158		702,675,620		695,486,452
Negotiable certificates of deposit		40,574,150		47,136,505		44,880,371
Savings - time		607,396,226		610,115,507		624,178,077
Treasury		115,247,105		116,755,684		112,410,242
Remittances		151,427		232,713		117,617
	\$ 3	3,271,350,523	<u>\$ 3</u>	3,269,871,544	\$ 2	2,967,845,100

# 27. BONDS PAYABLE

Details of bank debentures issued by Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB) are as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Bank debentures First unsecured corporate bond of TCFHC in	\$ 61,600,000	\$ 61,600,000	\$ 57,500,000
2020: Fixed rate of 0.68%; maturity - May 26, 2027 Second unsecured corporate bond of TCFHC in	5,700,000	5,700,000	-
2020, Type A: Fixed rate of 0.61%; maturity - October 7, 2025  Second unsecured corporate bond of TCFHC in	2,100,000	2,100,000	-
2020, Type B: Fixed rate of 0.66%; maturity - October 7, 2027	2,200,000	2,200,000	
	<u>\$ 71,600,000</u>	\$ 71,600,000	\$ 57,500,000

Details of bank debentures issued by Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB) are as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
First subordinated bonds in 2012: Fixed rate of 1.65%; maturity - June 28, 2022 Second subordinated bonds in 2012, Type B:	\$ 11,650,000	\$ 11,650,000	\$ 11,650,000
Fixed rate of 1.55%; maturity - December 25, 2022 Second subordinated bonds in 2013, Type A:	7,350,000	7,350,000	7,350,000
Fixed rate of 1.72%; maturity - December 25, 2020	-	-	900,000
Second subordinated bonds in 2013, Type B: Reuters' fixing rate for 90 day's New Taiwan dollar commercial paper refers to the TAIBOR			
plus 0.45%; maturity - December 25, 2023 First subordinated bonds in 2014, Type A: Fixed	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000
rate of 1.70%; maturity - May 26, 2021 First subordinated bonds in 2014, Type B: Fixed	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
rate of 1.85%; maturity - May 26, 2024 First subordinated bonds in 2014, Type C: Fixing	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000
rate for 90 day's New Taiwan dollar commercial paper refers to the Taiwan Bills Index Rate 02 plus 0.43%; maturity - May 26,			
2024	5,800,000	5,800,000	5,800,000
First subordinated bonds in 2016, Type A: Fixed rate of 1.09%; maturity - September 26, 2023 First subordinated bonds in 2016, Type B: Fixed	950,000	950,000	950,000
rate of 1.20%; maturity - September 26, 2026	4,050,000	4,050,000	4,050,000
First subordinated bonds in 2017, Type A: Fixed rate of 1.32%; maturity - September 26, 2024	600,000	600,000	600,000
First subordinated bonds in 2017, Type B: Fixed rate of 1.56%; maturity - September 26, 2027	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000
First non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds in 2018: Fixed rated of 2.28%; TCB may exercise its redemption rights after 5 years and	<b>7</b> 000 000	<b>7</b> 000 000	<b>7</b> 000 000
2 months First non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds in 2019: Fixed rated of 1.90%; TCB may	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
exercise its redemption rights after 5 years and 1 months Second unsecured bank debentures in 2019:	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Fixed rate of 0.69%; maturity - November 28, 2022	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Third non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds in 2019: Fixed rate of 1.45%; TCB may exercise its redemption rights after 5 years and 1 month	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
First non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds in 2020: Fixed rate of 1.50%; TCB may	·		
exercise its redemption rights after 5 years and 1 month	5,000,000	5,000,000	
	\$ 61,600,000	\$ 61,600,000	\$ 57,500,000

To expand its long-term USD capital, TCB applied for the issuance of unsecured bank debentures amounting to US\$1,000,000 thousand. The application was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) on January 22, 2015. TCB issued unsecured bank debentures with an aggregate face value of US\$400,000 thousand, consisting of type A bonds worth US\$300,000 thousand with 0% interest rate and type B bonds worth US\$100,000 thousand with 0% interest rate; TCB may exercise its redemption rights at an agreed price after two years and three years, respectively, from the issue dates. If TCB does not exercise its redemption rights during issue period, all unsecured bank debentures will be refunded on settlement date, March 30, 2045.

On March 30, 2020, TCB early exercised the redemption rights to unsecured bank debentures amounting to US\$400,000 thousand in accordance with the guidelines for issuance.

In order to repay its outstanding commercial paper, TCFHC resolved to issue unsecured priority corporate bonds amounting to \$10,000,000 thousand in their board of directors' meeting on October 28, 2019, out of which \$5,700,000 thousand and 4,300,000 thousand have been approved by the authorities on May 19, 2020 and September 28, 2020, and have been issued on May 26, 2020 and October 7, 2020, respectively.

In order to repay its outstanding commercial paper, TCFHC resolved to issue unsecured priority corporate bonds amounting to \$10,000,000 thousand in their board of directors' meeting on April 26, 2021. The application has not yet been submitted to the authority for approval.

On November 18, 2019, TCB has obtained approval from the FSC to issue unsecured bank debentures amounting to US\$1,000,000 thousand. As of March 31, 2021, the amount of unissued unsecured bank debentures of TCB was US\$1,000,000 thousand.

On May 26, 2020, TCB has obtained approval from the FSC to issue non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds amounting to \$10,000,000 thousand. As of March 31, 2021, the amount of unissued non-cumulative perpetual subordinated bonds of TCB was \$5,000,000 thousand.

On March 11, 2021, TCB has obtained approval from the FSC to issue unsecured bank debentures amounting to \$1,000,000 thousand. As of March 31, 2021, the amount of unissued unsecured bank debentures of TCB was \$1,000,000 thousand.

#### 28. OTHER BORROWINGS

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		March 31, 2021 December 31, 2020		March 3	31, 2020
	Amount	Rate (%)	Amount	Rate (%)	Amount	Rate (%)		
Borrowings (Note 24)	<u>\$ 1,293,502</u>	0.610-4.750	<u>\$ 815,302</u>	0.700-4.956	<u>\$ 2,481,626</u>	0.776-5.220		

#### 29. PROVISIONS

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Reserve for life insurance liabilities Reserve for insurance contracts with financial	\$ 26,631,959	\$ 26,595,637	\$ 26,967,266
instrument features	1,570,666	2,535,145	5,284,157
Provision for employee benefits	6,529,660	6,745,114	6,748,971
Provision for losses on guarantees	1,565,132	1,557,351	1,401,870
Provision for losses on loan commitment	236,033	223,012	166,090
Provision for others	40,305	42,156	34,430
Other provision for insurance	613,895	563,980	595,070
	<u>\$ 37,187,650</u>	\$ 38,262,395	<u>\$ 41,197,854</u>

# a. Details of reserve for life insurance liabilities were as follows:

		March 31, 2021	
	Insurance Contracts	Financial Instruments with Discretionary Participation Features	Total
Life insurance	\$ 11,422,767	\$ 5,299,135	\$ 16,721,902
Health insurance Annuity insurance	783,637	9,072,361	783,637 9,072,361
Investment insurance	51,155		51,155
Less: Ceded life insurance liability reserve	12,257,559	14,371,496	26,629,055
	\$ 12,257,559	<u>\$ 14,371,496</u>	\$ 26,629,055
		<b>December 31, 2020</b>	
	Insurance	Financial Instruments with Discretionary Participation	
	Contracts	Features Features	Total
Life insurance Health insurance Annuity insurance	\$ 11,171,032 747,111	\$ 5,372,072 - 9,238,843	\$ 16,543,104 747,111 9,238,843
Investment insurance	65,624 11,983,767	14,610,915	65,624 26,594,682
Less: Ceded life insurance liability reserve		14,010,913 	
	<u>\$ 11,983,767</u>	<u>\$ 14,610,915</u>	<u>\$ 26,594,682</u>
		March 31, 2020	
		Financial Instruments with	
	Insurance	Discretionary Participation	
	Contracts	Features	Total
Life insurance Health insurance	\$ 10,535,277 640,281	\$ 5,557,770	\$ 16,093,047 640,281
Annuity insurance	-	10,156,177	10,156,177
Investment insurance	76,776 11,252,334	15,713,947	76,776 26,966,281
Less: Ceded life insurance liability reserve			
	\$ 11,252,334	\$ 15,713,947	\$ 26,966,281

The changes in the reserve for life insurance liabilities are summarized below:

\$ 14,371,496

For the Three Months Ended March 31 2021 2020 Financial Financial Instruments Instruments with with Discretionary Discretionary Insurance Participation Insurance Participation Features Total Features Total Contracts Contracts \$ 11,983,767 \$ 14,610,915 \$ 11,733,123 \$ 15,945,711 Balance at January 1 \$ 26,594,682 \$ 27,678,834 Provision 354,151 63,412 417,563 358,993 82,514 441,507 Recovery (302,831)(839,782) (80,359)(383,190)(314,278)(1, 154, 060)Ending balance 12,257,559 14,371,496 26,629,055 11,252,334 15,713,947 26,966,281 Less: Ceded life insurance liability reserve

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, total life policy reserve carrying amounts (including reserve of policyholders payables) were \$26,631,959 thousand, \$26,595,637 thousand and \$26,967,266 thousand, respectively.

\$ 26,629,055

\$ 11,252,334

\$ 15,713,947

\$ 26,966,281

#### c. Details of liability adequacy reserves are as follows:

\$ 12,257,559

Balance at March 31

	Insurance Contracts and Financial Instruments with Discretionary Participation Features							
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020						
Life insurance liability reserve Unearned premium reserve Claims reserve Premium deficiency reserve	\$ 26,629,055 314,684 76,274 	\$ 26,594,682 308,331 57,546 1,463	\$ 26,966,281 298,512 81,298 641					
Book value of insurance reserve	<u>\$ 27,021,412</u>	\$ 26,962,022	\$ 27,346,732					
Present value of discounted cash flows Balance of liability adequacy reserve	\$ 24,786,862 \$ -	\$ 24,398,215 \$ -	\$ 24,914,707 \$ -					

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Company's reserves for insurance contracts satisfied the liability adequacy tests.

The liability adequacy test method, scope and assumptions were as follows:

	March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020
Test method	Total premium measurement method
Tested group	All insurance contracts as a whole
Assumptions	The discount rate assumption for every year was based on the best estimate scenario
_	as well as the rate of return on investment with current information

#### d. Reserve for insurance contracts with financial instrument features were as follows:

	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Life insurance	<u>\$ 1,570,666</u>	\$ 2,535,145	\$ 5,284,157

	For the Three Marc	
	2021	2020
Balance at January 1 Insurance claim payments for the period Reserve for insurance contracts with financial instrument	\$ 2,535,145 (968,321)	\$ 6,068,784 (814,580)
features	3,842	29,953
Balance at March 31	<u>\$ 1,570,666</u>	\$ 5,284,157

- e. Explanations for the reserve of foreign exchange variation are as follows:
  - 1) Hedging strategy and foreign exchange exposure

To ensure the effectiveness and appropriateness of hedge for overseas investment, BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI) uses currency swap to hedge exchange rate risks. BPCTLI maintains the hedging ratio at over 95%.

2) Reconciliation of the reserve of foreign exchange variation

	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
	2021	2020				
Balance at January 1	\$ 196,640	\$ 230,520				
Provisions						
Compulsory provisions	4,127	4,649				
Additional provisions	20,771					
-	24,898	4,649				
Recovery	<del>_</del>	(20,550)				
Balance at March 31	<u>\$ 221,538</u>	<u>\$ 214,619</u>				

### 3) Impact of the reserve of foreign exchange variation

### For the three months ended March 31, 2021

Items		Amount Without Reserve	An	nount With Reserve	Effect		
Net income	\$	4,797,450	\$	4,777,532	\$	(19,918)	
Earnings per share (NT\$)		0.34		0.34		-	
Reserve of foreign exchange variation		-		221,538		221,538	
Equity	4	241,327,280	4	241,120,747		(206,533)	

### For the three months ended March 31, 2020

Items	Amount Without Reserve	An	nount With Reserve	Effect		
Net income	\$ 4,091,691	\$	4,104,412	\$	12,721	
Earnings per share (NT\$)	0.29		0.30		0.01	
Reserve of foreign exchange variation	-		214,619		214,619	
Equity	227,382,782	4	227,181,784		(200,998)	

f. Net changes in reserves for insurance liabilities are summarized below:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
	2021	2020				
Reserve for life insurance liabilities, net Reserve for insurance contract with financial instrument features,	\$ 34,373	\$ (712,553)				
net Others, net	3,842 44,817	29,953 8,000				
	\$ 83,032	<u>\$ (674,600</u> )				

g. Provisions for employee benefits are summarized below:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Net defined benefit liabilities  Present value of retired employees'	\$ 2,594,975	\$ 2,773,207	\$ 2,815,817
Present value of retired employees' preferential interest deposit obligation	3,934,685	3,971,907	3,933,154
	<u>\$ 6,529,660</u>	<u>\$ 6,745,114</u>	<u>\$ 6,748,971</u>

h. The changes in the provision for losses on guarantees and provision for losses on loan commitment are summarized below:

						time ECL -purchased				
	12-n	nonth ECL	(C	time ECL ollective sessment)	Cred	or originated it-impaired icial Assets)	Impairment Loss under IFRS 9	In L	ference of apairment oss under egulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to	\$	963,936	\$	12,684	\$	56,788	\$ 1,033,408	\$	789,111	\$ 1,822,519
Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial		(8)		8		-	-		-	-
assets		(12,678)		-		12,678	-		-	-
12-month ECL Derecognition of financial assets in the current		154		(4)		(150)	-		-	-
reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current		(74,558)		(6)		(91)	(74,655)		-	(74,655)
reporting period New financial assets purchased or		(84,831)		(120)		330,201	245,250		-	245,250
originated Difference of impairment loss under		119,280		-		227	119,507		-	119,507
regulations		-		-		-	-		(272,788)	(272,788)
Change in exchange rates and other changes	_	1,637			_	<u>-</u>	1,637			1,637
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$	912,932	\$	12,562	\$	399,653	<u>\$ 1,325,147</u>	\$	516,323	<u>\$ 1,841,470</u>
Balance at January 1, 2020 Changes from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current reporting period Transfers to	\$	899,338	\$	104,032	\$	75,588	\$ 1,078,958	\$	618,313	\$ 1,697,271
Lifetime ECL Credit-impaired financial		(39)		39		-	-		-	-
assets		(62)		-		62	-		-	-
12-month ECL		1,917		-		(1,917)	-		-	(Continued)

	12-n	Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased or Lifetime ECL Non-originated Impairment (Collective Credit-impaired Loss under						rment under	Total			
Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Reversal from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the current	\$	(112,434)	\$	(333)	\$	(59,672)	\$	(172,439)	\$	-	\$	(172,439)
reporting period		(81,264)		(65,709)		7,291		(139,682)		-		(139,682)
New financial assets purchased or originated Difference of impairment loss under		126,232		62		-		126,294		-		126,294
regulations Change in exchange rates and other changes		511		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	511		90,435	_	90,435 511
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$	834,199	\$	38,091	\$	21,352	\$	893,642	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>08,748</u>	(Co	1,602,390 ncluded)

#### 30. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLAN

#### a. Defined contribution plan

The pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (the Act) is a defined contribution plan. Based on the Act, the Company's monthly contributions to individual pension accounts of employees covered by the defined contribution plan is at 6% of monthly salaries and wages. The funds are deposited in individual labor pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

The Company recognized expense of \$56,870 thousand and \$55,137 thousand in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, in accordance with the defined contribution plan.

#### b. Defined benefit plan

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Law is operated by the government. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. TCB contributes amounts equal to 15% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); TCB has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, TCB assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, TCB is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year.

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic/and foreign/equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the pension expenses under defined benefit plan recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$110,606 thousand and \$114,271 thousand, respectively. For more information about the defined benefit plan, refer to Note 30 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### c. Employees' preferential deposit plan

TCB's payment obligations on fixed-amount preferential interest deposits for retired employees and current employees after retirement are in compliance with TCB's internal rules. Under the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, TCB should determine the excess interest from the preferential interest deposits of employees by applying an actuarial valuation method when the employees retire.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the employee preferential deposit expense under employee's preferential deposit plan recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$176,889 thousand and \$174,816 thousand, respectively. For more information about the employee preferential deposit plan, refer to Note 30 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 31. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	Ma	rch 31, 2021	De	cember 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Structured products - host contracts	\$	5,056,287	\$	2,365,355	\$	1,497,922	
Guarantee deposits received		1,966,703		2,908,532		1,551,705	
Appropriation for loans		9,351		32,743		24,267	
Separate-account liabilities		104,629,315	1	105,803,112	-	85,825,868	
	\$	111,661,656	\$ 1	111,109,742	\$	88,899,762	

The status of the Company's investment-linked products - separate account as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Separate-account assets (part of other financial assets)			
Demand deposits	\$ 892,085	\$ 1,423,969	\$ 1,395,552
Financial assets at FVTPL	103,516,448	102,989,435	84,107,415
Other receivables			
General accounts receivables	-	935,500	-
Investment settlement receivables	220,782	454,208	322,901
	220,782	1,389,708	322,901
	<u>\$ 104,629,315</u>	<u>\$ 105,803,112</u>	\$ 85,825,868 (Continued)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Separate-account liabilities (part of other financial liabilities)			
Reserve for separate account - insurance contract  Reserve for separate account - investment	\$ 77,737,207	\$ 79,033,405	\$ 65,868,861
contract Other payables	26,731,444	26,769,707	19,466,098
General accounts payables	160,664		490,909
	<u>\$ 104,629,315</u>	<u>\$ 105,803,112</u>	\$ 85,825,868 (Concluded)
			Months Ended ch 31
		2021	2020
Separate-account revenue			
Premium income Gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL		\$ 964,157 (912,723)	\$ 1,297,732 (16,595,311)
Gain (loss) on foreign exchange		295,771	(4,852,238)
Interest revenue		245	409
		\$ 347,450	<u>\$ (20,149,408)</u>
Separate-account expense			
Insurance claims and benefits		\$ 1,537,320	\$ 1,998,966
Reserves for separate accounts, net of releases	- insurance contract	(1,448,585)	(22,408,560)
Administrative expenses		258,715	260,186
		<u>\$ 347,450</u>	<u>\$ (20,149,408)</u>

Separate account revenue and expense were recognized under premium income, net.

# 32. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Advance receipts Others	\$ 1,313,970 190,358	\$ 1,441,312 103,200	\$ 1,300,837 <u>86,584</u>
	<u>\$ 1,504,328</u>	\$ 1,544,512	<u>\$ 1,387,421</u>

### 33. NET INTEREST

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Interest revenue From discounts and loans	\$ 9,288,359	
From investments From due from banks and call loans to other banks Others	2,361,581 271,045 <u>352,717</u> 12,273,702	2,716,607 552,036 235,266 14,793,369
Interest expense	12,273,702	
From deposits From due to the Central Bank and other banks From issuing bonds payable From deposits from the Central Bank and other banks From securities sold under repurchase agreements Others	(2,946,956) (149,124) (247,151) (42,300) (29,455) (19,938) (3,434,924)	(527,590) (244,536) (132,153) (63,454) (34,100)
	<u>\$ 8,838,778</u>	<u>\$ 8,899,855</u>

# 34. SERVICE FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME, NET

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2021	2020	
Service fee and commission revenues			
From trust business	\$ 635,020	\$ 522,187	
From guarantee	268,703	251,571	
From loans	227,384	227,196	
From insurance service	218,846	189,531	
From management fees of investment-linked products	151,524	175,442	
From credit cards	208,653	125,534	
From brokerage service	274,987	135,774	
Others	543,603	542,128	
	2,528,720	2,169,363	
Service charge and commission expenses			
From cross-bank transactions	(86,090)	(85,935)	
From insurance business	(31,968)	(72,600)	
From credit cards	(64,708)	(64,171)	
From credit cards acquiring	(102,482)	(33,365)	
From custody	(23,126)	(23,668)	
Others	<u>(63,621</u> )	(50,548)	
	(371,995)	(330,287)	
	<u>\$ 2,156,725</u>	\$ 1,839,076	

### 35. PREMIUM INCOME, NET

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Premium income		
Separate-account revenue (Note 31)	\$ 34	7,450 \$ (20,149,408)
Premium income	889	9,576 928,496
	1,23°	7,026 (19,220,912)
Premium losses		
Separate-account expense (Note 31)	(34)	7,450) 20,149,408
Insurance claims and benefits	(50:	5,563) (1,287,562)
Reinsurance premium ceded	(5:	3,662) (55,235)
Others	()	<u>3,328</u> ) <u>(7,839</u> )
	(910	0,003) 18,798,772
	\$ 32	7,023 \$ (422,140)

# 36. GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

		For the Three	Months Ended M	arch 31, 2021	
	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Dividend Income	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities Financial liabilities designated as at	\$ 117,505 -	\$ 1,182,559 (3,002,741)	\$ 1,457,376 3,437,912	\$ 60,343	\$ 2,817,783 435,171
fair value through profit or loss	<u> </u>	\$ (1,820,182)	<u>-</u> \$ 4,895,288	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 60,343</u>	<u> </u>
		For the Three	Months Ended M	arch 31, 2020	
	Interest Revenue (Expense)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Gain (Loss) on Valuation	Dividend Income	Total
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss Held-for-trading financial liabilities	\$ 133,853	\$ 1,360,204 (3,322,465)	\$ (1,631,892) 3,085,140	\$ 71,538	\$ (66,297) (237,325)
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	(145,326)		57,097		(88,229)

#### 37. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

### a. Employee benefits expenses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries	\$ 2,206,164	\$ 2,206,882
Incentives	814,885	738,180
Excessive interest from preferential interest deposits	283,821	281,638
Post-employment benefits, termination benefits and		
compensation	169,698	176,373
Overtime	95,173	97,765
Others	518,680	520,847
	\$ 4,088,421	\$ 4,021,685

Under the amended Articles, TCFHC will make distributions at percentages from 0.01% to 0.08% and up to 1% of its annual profit (pretax income which exclude compensations of employees and remuneration to directors) for the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, respectively. However, the actual appropriation of the compensation and remuneration should be made only from the annual net income less any accumulated deficit. For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, compensations of employees were estimated at \$784 thousand and \$681 thousand and the remuneration of directors were estimated at \$25,056 thousand and \$21,782 thousand, respectively, based on the Articles and past experiences.

Material differences between such estimated amounts and the amounts approved by the board of directors on or before the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue are adjusted in the year the compensation and remuneration were recognized. If there is a change in the approved amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The appropriations of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors for 2020 and 2019 approved by the board of directors on March 22, 2021 and March 23, 2020, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2020	2019	
Employees' compensation - cash	\$ 2,893	\$ 2,968	
Remuneration of directors - cash	91,434	94,909	

There was no difference between the amounts of the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors approved by the board of directors and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors approved by the TCFHC's board of directors is available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange (https://emops.twse.com.tw).

### b. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	For the Three Marc	Months Ended ch 31
	2021	2020
Depreciation expenses Amortization expenses	\$ 500,132 57,584	\$ 477,044 <u>52,561</u>
	<u>\$ 557,716</u>	<u>\$ 529,605</u>

### 38. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense (benefit) recognized in profit or loss

Main components of income tax expense were as follows:

	2 02 020 22200 2	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020	
Current tax			
Current period	\$ 286,364	\$ 260,292	
Land revaluation increment tax	157	2,794	
Prior year's adjustments	(17,827)	<u>164</u>	
	268,694	263,250	
Deferred tax			
Current period	556,041	530,092	
	<b>.</b>	<b>. . . . . . . . . .</b>	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 824,735</u>	<u>\$ 793,342</u>	

b. Income tax expense (benefit) recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Deferred tax		
Recognized in other comprehensive income - items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations Unrealized valuation gain (loss) on financial assets at fair	\$ 105,815	\$ 36,385
value through other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income on reclassification of overlay	(177,162)	(213,300)
approach	<u>743</u>	(4,030)
Total income tax recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (70,604)</u>	<u>\$ (180,945</u> )

### c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>			
Temporary differences Financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,941
Properties and equipment	8,377	φ - 8,538	9,021
Payable for annual leave	126,209	100,510	127,900
Employee's preferential interest deposit		,	
obligation Other liabilities	786,937 5.782	794,381	786,631 5.782
	5,783	5,783	5,783
Exchange differences on foreign operations	719,005	824,820	259,838
Allowance for possible losses Collaterals assumed	59,530	56,510	54,256 372
Financial instruments at fair value through	-	-	372
profit or loss	536,926	678,683	27
Pension liabilities	418	412	395
Accrued expense	-	2,921	-
Unrealized foreign exchange losses	192,977	198,626	53,052
Revenue from disposal of acquired loans	160,511	160,511	170,279
Loss carryforwards	<u>409,796</u>		496,929
	\$ 3,006,469	\$ 2,831,695	<u>\$ 2,001,424</u>
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u>			
Temporary differences Financial instruments at fair value through			
profit or loss Financial instruments at fair value through	\$ 794,808	\$ 184	\$ 7,363
other comprehensive income	310,983	487,402	58,242
Intangible assets	428,614	428,614	428,614
The reserve for land revaluation increment	,,	,,	,
tax	2,595,339	2,595,339	2,596,230
Defined benefit obligation	192,978	157,331	103,996
Investments accounted for using equity	•	•	,
method	124,548	118,753	93,624
Collaterals assumed	_	-	466
Lease incentive	-	1,377	12,010
Others	1,941	<del>_</del>	12,070
	<u>\$ 4,449,211</u>	\$ 3,789,000	\$ 3,312,615

d. The years for which TCFHC and other subsidiaries' income tax returns had been examined by tax authorities were as follows:

_	TCFHC	TCB	CAM	<b>TCBF</b>	TCS	BPCTLI	TCSIT	TCVC
	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015	2018	2015	2015

e. Regarding the profit-seeking enterprise income tax application case of TCFHC in 2012, the Company has received the recheck decision. The tax authorities had permitted the Company to recognize the salary expenses incurred in the share-based payment transaction in which TCFHC carried out cash capital increase by issue of shares for subscription by the Company's employees according to the December 28, 2018 administrative rule made by the Ministry of Finance. Thus the Company had recognized the tax effects of \$46,033 thousand in 2020. Besides, the Company had recognized the tax effects of the difference of tax credit for \$90,562 thousand in 2020 according to the result of 2015 income tax return examination.

#### 39. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Net Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator in Thousands)	Earnings Per Share (NT\$)
For the three months ended March 31, 2021			
Basic EPS Effect of dilutive common stock:	\$ 4,530,686	13,334,224	\$ 0.34
Employees' compensation	<del>-</del>	163	
Diluted EPS	\$ 4,530,686	13,334,387	<u>\$ 0.34</u>
For the three months ended March 31, 2020			
Basic earnings per share (EPS) Effect of dilutive common stock:	\$ 3,937,225	13,334,224	<u>\$ 0.29</u>
Employees' compensation	<del>_</del>	191	
Diluted EPS	\$ 3,937,225	13,334,415	\$ 0.29

The weighted-average number of shares outstanding for EPS calculation has been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effects of the stock dividends distributed in the year following earning appropriation.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	
	Before Adjusted Retrospectively	After Adjusted Retrospectively
Basic EPS (NT\$)	<u>\$ 0.30</u>	\$ 0.29

The Company can elect to distribute employees' compensation by stock or by cash. If the compensation is in the form of shares, the Company should presume that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding to be used in calculating diluted earnings per share (EPS) if the shares have a dilutive effect. The dilutive effects of the potential shares needs to be included in the calculation of diluted EPS until the stockholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees in the following year.

#### 40. EQUITY

#### a. Capital stock

#### Common stocks

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Numbers of shares authorized (in thousands) Authorized capital Number of shares issued and fully paid (in	15,000,000 \$ 150,000,000	15,000,000 \$ 150,000,000	15,000,000 \$ 150,000,000
thousands) Common stocks issued	13,334,224 \$ 133,342,237	13,334,224 \$ 133,342,237	12,945,848 \$ 129,458,483

Fully paid common stocks, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

On June 24, 2020, the stockholders of TCFHC resolved to issue 388,376 thousand shares, which included the 2019 earnings amounting to \$3,883,754 thousand. This issuance was approved by the FSC and the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA).

### b. Capital surplus

Under related regulations, capital surplus may only be used to offset a deficit. But capital surplus from the issuance of shares in excess of par value (including additional paid-in capital from the issuance of common shares and capital surplus from mergers and treasury stock transactions) and donations to the Company may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to common stock on the basis of the percentage of shares held by the stockholders. Any capital surplus transferred to common stock should be within a certain percentage prescribed by law.

Under the Financial Holding Company Law and related directives issued by the Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB), the distribution of the ex-conversion unappropriated earnings that are generated by financial institutions (the subsidiaries) and become part of capital surplus of the financial holding company through a share swap is exempted from the appropriation restriction of the Securities and Exchange Law. These unappropriated earnings should be net of the appropriation of legal reserve or special reserve.

The capital surplus as of March 31, 2021 came from the issuance of shares in excess of par value and treasury stock transactions. Capital surplus sources and uses were as follows:

#### Sources

#### From subsidiaries

Capital surplus (mainly additional paid-in capital from share issuance in excess of	
par value)	\$ 27,783,766
Legal reserve	15,799,245
Special reserve	195,968
Unappropriated earnings	10,410,804
	54,189,783
Additional paid-in capital from TCFHC's share issuance in excess of par value	3,861,434
Cash dividends from TCFHC received by subsidiary	148,857
Additional paid-in capital from TCFHC's share issuance in excess of par value	12,642,000
	(Continued)

Share-based payment for the subscription for TCFHC's new shares by the	
employees of TCFHC and its subsidiaries	\$ 618,750
Unclaimed dividends	9,898
	71,470,722
<u>Uses</u>	
Issuance of TCFHC's stock and cash dividends in 2012	(6,360,660)
Issuance of TCFHC's stock dividends in 2013	(1,625,333)
Subsidiaries' disposal of the shares of TCFHC regarded as reissuance of treasury	
stock	(148,857)
Issuance of TCFHC's stock dividends in 2014	(4,307,133)
Issuance of TCFHC's stock dividends in 2015	(1,054,498)
	<u>\$ 57,974,241</u>
	(Concluded)

#### c. Special reserve

For the first-time adoption of IFRSs, TCFHC should appropriate to a special reserve an amount that was the same as those of unrealized revaluation increment and cumulative translation differences (gains) transferred to retained earnings as a result of the Company's use of exemptions under IFRS 1. However, on the date of transitions to IFRSs, if the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments is not enough for this appropriation, only the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments will be appropriated to special reserve. The special reserve appropriated as above may be reversed in proportion to the usage, disposal or reclassification of the related assets and thereafter distributed. The special reserve appropriated for the first-time adoption of IFRSs may be used to offset deficits in subsequent years. No appropriated in subsequent years if the Company has earnings and the original need to appropriate a special reserve is not eliminated.

The increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments was not enough for this appropriation; therefore, TCFHC appropriated to the special reserve an amount of \$1,086,876 thousand on January 1, 2013, an increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments on transitions to IFRSs.

Information regarding the above special reserve appropriated or reversed on elimination of the original need to appropriate a special reserve was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Balance on January 1 Reversed on elimination of the original need to appropriate a special reserve: Disposal of properties and equipment	\$ 995,669	\$ 996,026
Balance on March 31	<u>\$ 995,669</u>	<u>\$ 996,026</u>

#### d. Appropriation of earnings

For expanding the business scale and enhancing the profitability, TCFHC adopts surplus dividend policy under the related law.

When TCFHC appropriated its earnings, legal reserve is appropriated from the annual net income less any accumulated deficit. A special reserve was then appropriated depending on regulation requirement and operation needs. Any remainder together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the stockholders' meeting for distribution of dividends.

Unless otherwise restricted by related regulations, TCFHC's policy indicates that cash dividends must be 10% or above of the total dividends and bonuses distributed. If the cash dividend per share is less than NT\$0.1, the cash dividend will not be distributed unless the distribution is resolved in the stockholders' meetings.

Under the Company Law, legal reserve should be appropriated until the reserve equals TCFHC's paid-in capital. This reserve should only be used to offset a deficit. When the reserve exceeds 25% of TCFHC's paid-in capital, the excess may be used to issue new shares or distribute cash dividends.

Under related regulations, a special reserve is appropriated from the balance of the retained earnings at an amount from the net income and unappropriated earnings that is equal to the debit balance of accounts in the stockholders' equity section. The special reserve should be appropriated from the prior years' unappropriated earnings to the extent of the debit balance accumulated from prior years, and such special reserve should not be appropriated.

If there is difference between appropriation of special reserve and net amount of deduction in other stockholder's equity, the Company should appropriate on additional amount of special reserve in the first-time adoption of IFRSs. Afterwards, if there is any reversal in of the deduction in other stockholder's equity, the Company is allowed to appropriating retained earnings from the reversal amount.

The appropriations from the earnings of 2020 and 2019 were approved in the board of directors' meeting on March 22, 2021 and in the stockholders' meeting on June 24, 2020, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio	n of Earnings	Dividends (N	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Legal reserve	\$ 1,637,932	\$ 1,695,232		
Cash dividends	11,334,090	11,003,971	\$0.85	\$0.85
Stock dividends	2,666,845	3,883,754	0.20	0.30

Information on the appropriation of earnings is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange (https://emops.twse.com.tw).

#### e. Non-controlling interests

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2021	2020
Balance on January 1	\$ 6,631,788	\$ 5,487,380
Attributable to non-controlling interests		
Net income	246,846	167,187
Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements		
of foreign operations	(8,285)	(2,347)
Unrealized valuation gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI	(224,952)	(125,883)
Other comprehensive income reclassification of overlay		
approach	118,179	(340,605)
Balance on March 31	\$ 6,763,576	\$ 5,185,732

#### 41. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. is the ultimate parent of the Company, and the Ministry of Finance is the major government stockholder. Based on IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" the Company's transactions with government-related parties are exempt from disclosure requirements. All transactions, account balances, earnings, expenses and gains (losses) on transactions between the Company and subsidiaries have all been excluded from consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

In addition to those mentioned in other notes, the related-party transactions are summarized as follows:

### a. Related parties

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
United Real Estate Management Co., Ltd. Mesh Cooperative Ventures Inc.	Associated enterprise Associated enterprise
JC Capital Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprise
TCB Fund of Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB Global High Yield Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB S&P U.S. Variable Rate Preferred Stock Index Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB 6 Year Emerging Market Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB 6 Year ESG Emerging Market Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB 6 Year ESG Senior Emerging Market Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB Mobility Innovation Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB 2026 Maturity Senior Emerging Market Corporate Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
TCB 2023 Maturity selective Emerging Market Bond Fund	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
Market Dong Pung	(Continued)

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
TCB US Short Duration High Yield Bond	Fund managed by Taiwan Cooperative Securities
Fund	Investment Trust Co., Ltd.
Tamshui First Credit Bank	The director of Tamshui First Credit Bank is also the
	Company's director.
The Fifth Credit Cooperation of Taipei	The director of the firth credit cooperation of Taipei is
•	also the supervisor of TCB
Others	Main management of the parent company and other
	related parties
	(Concluded)

(Concluded)

# b. Significant transactions between the Company and related parties:

### 1) Call loans to banks

	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Interest Rate (%)
For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
Others	\$ 1,842,160	<u>\$ 842,160</u>	\$ 260,937	0.180-0.290
For the three months ended March 31, 2020				
Others	\$ 500,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	0.500

# 2) Due to banks

For the Three Months Ended March 31						
	For the	Thron	Monthe	Endad	March	21

		20	21			20	20	
		Ending Balance		Interest Expense		Ending Balance		nterest Expense
Main management	\$	342,643	\$	290	\$	410,575	\$	755
Others								
Tamshui First Credit								
Bank	,	24,754,296		42,338	2	24,043,259		55,447
The Fifth Credit								
Cooperation of Taipei		6,768,038		10,690		-		-
Others		10,153		<u>-</u>		32,294		
	\$ :	31,875,130	\$	53,318	\$ 2	24,486,128	\$	56,202

### 3) Loans

	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Interest Rate (%)
For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
Main management Others	\$ 331,965 	\$ 314,036 195,301	\$ 872 522	0.955-1.530 0.100-1.990
	<u>\$ 1,506,561</u>	\$ 509,337	<u>\$ 1,394</u>	
For the three months ended  March 31, 2020				
Main management Others	\$ 256,561 1,120,655	\$ 231,556 108,042	\$ 1,138 1,354	0.995-1.790 0.887-2.465
	\$ 1,377,216	\$ 339,598	\$ 2,492	

Under the Banking Law, except for customer loans and government loans, credits extended by TCB to any related party should be 100% secured, and the terms of credits extended to related parties should be similar to those for third parties.

# 4) Deposits

	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Interest Rate (%)	
For the three months ended  March 31, 2021				
Associates Main management Others	\$ 157,050 662,555 16,580,242	\$ 2,075 4,417	0-13.000 0-13.000	
For the three months ended  March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 17,399,847</u>	<u>\$ 6,492</u>		
Associates Main management Others	\$ 76,536 689,427 12,270,366	2,625 6,154	0-0.640 0-13.000 0-13.000	
	<u>\$ 13,036,329</u>	<u>\$ 8,828</u>		

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
5) Accrued income (part of receivables)			
Others	\$ 28,613	\$ 32,487	\$ 31,819
6) Accrued interest (part of receivables)			
Others	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
7) Receivable on securities (part of receivables)			
Others	<u>\$ 4,546</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,877
8) Payable on securities (part of payables)			
Others	<u>\$</u>	\$ 9,286	<u>\$ -</u>
			Months Ended ch 31
			Months Ended ech 31 2020
9) Service fee income (part of service fee and income, net)	d commission	Mai	rch 31
income, net) Associated	d commission	Mai	rch 31
income, net)  Associated  Main management	d commission	* - 108	2020 \$ - 29
income, net) Associated	d commission	\$ - 108 90,024	\$ - 29 107,245
income, net)  Associated  Main management	d commission	* - 108	2020 \$ - 29
income, net)  Associated  Main management		\$ - 108 90,024	\$ - 29 107,245
income, net)  Associated Main management Others  10) Service charge (part of service fee and con		\$ - 108 90,024	\$ - 29 107,245

Terms of other transactions with related parties were similar to those for third parties, except for the more favorable interest rate for managers' savings within a prescribed limit.

### 11) Derivatives

For the	Three	Months	Ended	March	31	2021
roi me	11111	MIUHUIS	Liiucu	mai cii	JI.	. 4041

		10	the Three Wight	ins Direct Marc	Amounts on the Consol	lidated Balance
	Type of	Contract	Nominal	Valuation	Sheet	
Related Party	Derivatives	Period	Amounts	Gain (Loss)	Account	Amounts
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Senior Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.26- 2021.08.31	US\$ 6,100	\$ 1,551	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 1,551
	Currency swap	2020.11.20- 2021.08.31	US\$ 7,100	1,237	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,409)
Other - TCB 6 Year Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.23- 2021.07.23	US\$ 22,450	8,365	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,365
Other - TCB 2023 Maturity Selective Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.11.27- 2021.11.29	US\$ 7,200	1,775	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,415)
Other - TCB Global High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.11.23- 2021.10.29	US\$ 17,220	8,196	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,817
Other - TCB US Short Duration High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.01.19- 2021.05.10	US\$ 35,500	17,216	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	17,216
Other - TCB Fund of Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.26- 2021.05.28	US\$ 1,620	1,040	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,040
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.03.31- 2021.06.30	US\$ 28,500	3,916	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,916
	Currency swap	2020.11.19- 2021.05.20	US\$ 14,300	2,486	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(3,199)
Other - TCB 2026 Maturity Senior Emerging Market Corporate Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.03.08- 2021.06.08	US\$ 1,650	705	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	705

### For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020

	Type of	Contract	Nominal	Valuation	Amounts on the Consol Sheet	idated Balance
Related Party	Derivatives	Period	Amounts	Gain (Loss)	Account	Amounts
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.02.24- 2020.05.27	US\$ 61,400	\$ 19,918	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 19,918
Other - TCB 6 Year Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.26- 2020.06.29	US\$ 18,000	268	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	268
	Currency swap	2019.10.18- 2020.04.20	US\$ 550	(179)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(133)
Other - TCB Fund of Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.26- 2020.04.30	US\$ 6,700	(795)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(795)
Other - TCB Global High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.12- 2020.04.13	US\$ 10,900	1,096	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,096
Other - TCB S&P U.S. Variable Rate Preferred Stock Index Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.23- 2020.04.23	US\$ 3,000	(735)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(735)
Other - TCB Mobility and Innovation Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.03- 2020.04.08	US\$ 4,000	(640)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(640)

The realized profit or loss resulted from the currency swap transactions with related parties was as follows:

	For the Three Marc	
	2021	2020
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or		
loss		
Others	<u>\$ (55,995)</u>	<u>\$ 13,205</u>

#### 12) Loans

### March 31, 2021

	Account	Highest Balance in the Three Months Ended		Loan Cla	ssification		Differences in Terms of Transaction Compared with Those for
Type	Volume or Name	March 31, 2021 (Note 1)	Ending Balance	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collaterals	Unrelated Parties
Consumer loans Self-used housing mortgage loans	78 50	\$ 192,977 313,584	\$ 178,202 269,635	\$ 178,202 269,635	\$ - -	Note 2 Land and	None None
Other loans	Others	61,500	61,500	61,500	-	buildings Certificates of deposit	None

### March 31, 2020

	Account	Highest Balance in the Three Months Ended		Loan Cla	ssification		Differences in Terms of Transaction Compared with Those for
Type	Volume or Name	March 31, 2020 (Note 1)	Ending Balance	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collaterals	Unrelated Parties
Consumer loans	61	\$ 129,947	\$ 116,598	\$ 116,598	\$ -	Note 2	None
Self-used housing mortgage loans	44	247,269	223,000	223,000	=	Land and buildings	None
Other loans	Others	1,000,000	-	-	-	Certificates of deposit	None

- Note 1: The highest balance is the largest sum in the period of all daily accounts for each type.
- Note 2: A portion of the consumer loans was real estate guaranteed.
- c. Subsidiaries' related-party transactions and balances that each amounted to more than \$100,000 thousand
  - 1) Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.
    - a) Due from banks

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Subsidiary	<u>\$ 624,006</u>	\$ 628,687	<u>\$ 544,544</u>

### b) Call loans to banks

	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	S	
For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
Subsidiary Sister companies Others	\$ 6,962,609 5,255,990 1,842,160	\$ 4,314,145 4,537,010 842,160	\$ 1,297 2,626 261	0.010-0.500 0.200-0.400 0.180-0.290
	<u>\$ 14,060,759</u>	\$ 9,693,315	<u>\$ 4,184</u>	
For the three months ended March 31, 2020				
Subsidiary Sister companies Others	\$ 8,130,336 6,200,000 500,000	\$ 7,559,428 6,200,000	\$ 5,396 5,461 55	0.001-2.360 0.471-0.570 0.500
	<u>\$ 14,830,336</u>	\$ 13,759,428	<u>\$ 10,912</u>	

# c) Call loans to securities firms (part of other financial assets, net)

	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Interest Rate (%)	
For the three months ended March 31, 2021					
Sister company TCS	<u>\$ 286,140</u>	<u>\$ 285,050</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>	0.330-0.370	
For the three months ended March 31, 2020					
Sister company TCS	<u>\$ 304,630</u>	<u>\$ 302,050</u>	<u>\$ 1,271</u>	1.420-2.480	

# d) Due to banks

		For the Three Months Ended March 31							
		20	021	20	)20				
		Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Ending Balance	Interest Expense				
	Subsidiary Main management Others	\$ 25 342,643	\$ - 290	\$ 1,134 410,575	\$ - 755				
	Tamshui First Credit Bank The Fifth Credit Cooperation of	24,754,296	42,338	24,043,259	55,447				
	Taipei Others	6,768,038 10,153	10,690	32,294					
		<u>\$ 31,875,155</u>	<u>\$ 53,318</u>	<u>\$ 24,487,262</u>	\$ 56,202				
e)	Call loans from banks								
		Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Interest Rate (%)				
	For the three months ended March 31, 2021								
	Subsidiary	\$ 523,963	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	0.020-0.050				
f)	Loans								
		Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Revenue	Interest Rate (%)				
	For the three months ended March 31, 2021								
	Subsidiary Sister companies	\$ 2,838,150 1,000,000	\$ 2,838,150	\$ 2,644	0.900				
	Main management Others	331,965 1,174,596	314,036 195,301	872 522	0.995-1.530 0.100-1.990				
		\$ 5,344,711	\$ 3,347,487	<u>\$ 4,038</u>					
	For the three months ended March 31, 2020								
	Sister company Main management Others	\$ 1,000,000 256,561 1,120,655	\$ 231,556 108,042	\$ 1,138 1,354	2.265 0.995-1.790 0.887-2.465				
		<u>\$ 2,377,216</u>	<u>\$ 339,598</u>	<u>\$ 2,492</u>					

Under the Banking Law, except for customer loans and government loans, credits extended by TCB to any related party should be 100% secured, and the terms of credits extended to related parties should be similar to those to third parties.

### g) Deposits

			Ending Balance		nterest Expense		rest Rate (%)
	For the three months ended March 31, 2021						
	Parent company Sister companies Associates Main management Others	\$ 	74,564 3,314,323 157,050 662,555 16,580,242 20,788,734	\$ 	428 - 2,075 4,417 6,920	0-2	- 1.035 - 13.000 13.000
	For the three months ended  March 31, 2020		,	<u> </u>	,		
	Parent company Sister companies Associates Main management Others	\$ 	54,047 4,502,362 76,536 689,427 12,270,366 17,592,738	\$ 	399 49 2,625 6,154 9,227	0- 0-	-1.065 0.640 13.000 13.000
h)	Tax receivable - consolidated tax return	ı (par	t of current tax	assets	s)		
		Ma	rch 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Marcl	h 31, 2020
	Parent company	<u>\$</u>	2,277,278	\$	<u>2,100,191</u>	<u>\$ 1.</u>	,329,119
i)	Payable on securities (part of payables)						
		Ma	rch 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Marcl	h 31, 2020
	Sister company TCS	<u>\$</u>	1,121,577	<u>\$</u>	49,086	<u>\$</u>	53,678
j)	Tax payable - consolidated tax return (p	oart o	f current tax lia	abilitie	es)		
		Ma	rch 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Marcl	h 31, 2020
	Parent company	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 1,</u>	,639,593

### k) Service fee income (part of service fee income, net)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020		
Sister companies				
BPCTLI	\$ 113,373	\$ 166,481		
Others	12,279	4,780		
Associates	-	-		
Main management	108	29		
Others	5,218	<u>5,786</u>		
	\$ 130,978	<u>\$ 177,076</u>		

#### 1) Lease agreements - TCB is lessor

The Company leases out investment properties to its parent company and sister companies under operating leases with lease terms of 2 to 10 years. Rentals which are determined based on the prices of nearby properties are calculated on the basis of the leased areas and are payable monthly.

### i. Future lease payment receivables was as follows:

	Mar	ch 31, 2021	Dec	eember 31, 2020	Marc	ch 31, 2020
Parent company	\$	32,932	\$	42,101	\$	61,489
Sister companies						
TCS		158,669		179,478		156,628
BPCTLI		9,839		13,387		38,224
TCBF		17,606		28,610		35,212
Others		24,704		28,037		30,090
	<u>\$</u>	243,750	\$	291,613	<u>\$</u>	321,643

### ii. Lease income (part of other non-interest gains, net):

	For the Three Months Ended March 31				
	2021	2020			
Parent company	\$ 6,012	\$ 6,012			
Sister companies TCS	10,759	10,645			
Others	6,766	8,477			
	<u>\$ 23,537</u>	<u>\$ 25,134</u>			

### m) Derivatives

		F	or the T	hree Mont	hs End	ed March 3	31, 2021		
	Type of	Contract	Contract Nominal Valuation			luation	Amounts on the Consolidated Balance Sheet		
Related Party	Derivatives	Period		ounts		n (Loss)	Account	Aı	nounts
Sister company - BPCTLI	Currency swap	2020.12.31- 2022.01.19	EUR	7,856	\$	(7,918)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	(7,009)
	Currency swap	2021.01.11- 2022.01.28	US\$	54,897		29,832	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		29,832
	Currency swap	2021.03.31- 2022.03.31	US\$	65,460		(3,007)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(3,007)
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Senior Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.26- 2021.08.31	US\$	6,100		1,551	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		1,551
	Currency swap	2020.11.20- 2021.08.31	US\$	7,100		1,237	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(1,409)
Other - TCB 6 Year Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.23- 2021.07.23	US\$	22,450		8,365	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		8,365
Other - TCB 2023 Maturity Selective Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.11.27- 2021.11.29	US\$	7,200		1,775	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(1,415)
Other - TCB Global High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.11.23- 2021.10.29	US\$	17,220		8,196	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		6,817
Other - TCB US Short Duration High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.01.19- 2021.05.10	US\$	35,500		17,216	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		17,216
Other - TCB Fund of Emerging Markets Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.02.26- 2021.05.28	US\$	1,620		1,040	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		1,040
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.03.31- 2021.06.30	US\$	28,500		3,916	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,916
	Currency swap	2020.11.19- 2021.05.20	US\$	14,300		2,486	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(3,199)
Other - TCB 2026 Maturity Senior Emerging Market Corporate Bond Fund	Currency swap	2021.03.08- 2021.06.08	US\$	1,650		705	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		705

		F	or the Three Mon	ths Ended March	31, 2020		
	Type of	Type of Contract Nominal V		Valuation	Amounts on the Balance Sheet		
Related Party	Derivatives	Period	Amounts	Gain (Loss)	Account	Amounts	
Sister company - BPCTLI	Currency swap	2020.02.19- 2020.08.19	US\$ 9,678	\$ 2,549	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 2,549	
	Currency swap	2019.08.19- 2020.09.30	US\$ 110,677	(40,827)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(66,895)	
	Currency swap	2020.02.27- 2020.06.30	EUR 4,844	1,196	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,196	
	Currency swap	2020.01.10- 2020.07.10	EUR 3,012	(1,068)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,068)	
Other - TCB 6 Year ESG Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.02.24- 2020.05.27	US\$ 61,400	19,918	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	19,918	
Other - TCB 6 Year Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.26- 2020.06.29	US\$ 18,000	268	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	268	
	Currency swap	2019.10.18- 2020.04.20	US\$ 550	(179)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(133)	
Other - TCB Fund of Emerging Market Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.26- 2020.04.30	US\$ 6,700	(795)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(795)	
Other - TCB Global High Yield Bond Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.12- 2020.04.13	US\$ 10,900	1,096	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,096	
						(Continued)	

		F	for the Tl	ree Mont	ths Ende	ed March	31, 2020		
	Type of	Contract	Noi	ninal	Val	luation	Amounts on the Bal	lance Sh	eet
Related Party	Derivatives	Period	Am	ounts	Gair	n (Loss)	Account	An	ounts
Other - TCB S&P U.S. Variable Rate Preferred Stock Index Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.23- 2020.04.23	US\$	3,000	\$	(735)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	(735)
Other - TCB Mobility and Innovation Fund	Currency swap	2020.03.03- 2020.04.08	US\$	4,000		(640)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(640)
							(	Conc	luded)

The realized gain or loss resulted from the currency swap transactions of TCB with related parties was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020		
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Sister companies BPCTLI	\$ 24,206	\$ (10,196)		
Others	(55,995)	13,205		
	<u>\$ (31,789</u> )	\$ 3,009		

#### n) Loans

#### March 31, 2021

		Highest Balance in the Period Ended		Loan Classification			Differences in Terms of Transaction Compared with Those for
Type	Account Volume or Name	March 31, 2021 (Note 1)	Ending Balance	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collaterals	Unrelated Parties
Consumer loans Self-used housing mortgage loans	78 50	\$ 192,977 313,584	\$ 178,202 269,635	\$ 178,202 269,635	\$ -	Note 2 Land and buildings	None None
Other	TCS UTB Others	1,000,000 2,838,150 61,500	2,838,150 61,500	2,838,150 61,500	-	Bonds None Certificates of deposit	None None None

### March 31, 2020

		Highest Balance in the Period Ended		Loan Cla	ssification		Differences in Terms of Transaction Compared with Those for
Type	Account Volume or Name	March 31, 2020 (Note 1)	Ending Balance	Normal Loans	Nonperforming Loans	Collaterals	Unrelated Parties
Consumer loans Self-used housing mortgage loans	61 44	\$ 129,947 247,269	\$ 116,598 223,000	\$ 116,598 223,000	\$ -	Note 2 Land and buildings	None None
Other	TCS Others	1,000,000	-	-	-	Bonds Certificates of deposit	None None

Note 1: The highest balance is the largest sum in the year of all daily accounts for each type.

Note 2: A portion of the consumer loans was real estate guaranteed.

- 2) Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd. (TCS)
  - a) Settlement payments (part of other current assets)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Sister companies	<u>\$ 165,664</u>	\$ 80,227	<u>\$ 43,098</u>

b) Receipts under custody for securities underwriting (part of other current assets)

	December 31,					
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020			
Sister companies	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 473,856</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>			

c) Settlement receivable (part of receivable)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Sister companies Others	\$ 1,121,577 	\$ 49,086	\$ 62,095 2,877
	<u>\$ 1,121,577</u>	<u>\$ 49,086</u>	<u>\$ 64,972</u>

d) TCS applied to TCB for call loans

	For th	, 2021		
<b>D.1.</b> ID	Highest	Ending	Interest	Interest Rate
Related Party	Balance	Balance	Expense	(%)
Sister companies TCB	<u>\$ 285,050</u>	<u>\$ 285,050</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>	0.330-0.370
	For th	ne Three Months	Ended March 31	, 2020
	Highest	Ending	Interest	<b>Interest Rate</b>
Related Party	Balance	Balance	Expense	(%)
Sister companies TCB	\$ 302.250	\$ 302.205	\$ 1.269	1.420-2.480

e) To settle security transactions, TCS applied to TCB for a guarantee of \$1,500,000 thousand for short-term loan and overdraft. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, TCS had no borrowing and overdraft. The overdraft for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For th	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021						
	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Interest Rate (%)				
Sister companies	\$ 1,000,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	-				

		For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020				
	-	Highest Balance	<u>- vv -</u>	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Interest Rate (%)
	Sister companies	\$ 1,000,00	<u> </u>		\$ -	2.265
f)	Lease agreements - TCS is	lessee				
	i. Right-of-use assets, ne	t				
			Marcl	h 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
	Sister companies TCB		<u>\$</u>	<u>152,891</u>	<u>\$ 163,190</u>	<u>\$ 140,456</u>
	ii. Lease liabilities					
			Marcl	h 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
	Sister companies		<u>\$</u>	<u>154,717</u>	<u>\$ 164,752</u>	<u>\$ 141,723</u>
	iii. Interest expense					
						Months Ended
					2021	2020
	Sister companies				<u>\$ 723</u>	<u>\$ 535</u>
	iv. Depreciation expense					
						Months Ended
					2021	2020
	Sister companies				<u>\$ 10,287</u>	<u>\$ 10,258</u>
Tai	iwan Cooperative Bills Fina	nce Corporat	ion Ltd			
a)	Cash in bank					
		High Balar		Ending Balance		Interest Rate (%)
	For the three months ended March 31, 2021	i _				
	Sister companies	\$ 20.	<u>5,764</u>	\$ 67,3	<u>\$</u>	0.010-0.815
	For the three months ended March 31, 2020	1 _				
	Sister companies	<u>\$ 19</u>	3,103	\$ 48,3	<u>\$</u>	<u>1</u> 0.010-1.065

3)

### b) Call loans from banks

c)

	Highest Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Expense	Interest Rate (%)
For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
Sister companies TCB	\$ 5,255,990	\$ 4,537,010	<u>\$ 2,626</u>	0.200-0.400
For the three months ended March 31, 2020				
Sister companies TCB	\$ 6,200,000	<u>\$ 6,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,461</u>	0.410-0.570
Securities sold under repurcha	se agreement			
	Endin	g Balance	Interest Expense	Interest Rate (%)
For the three months ended  March 31, 2021				

### 4) BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Sister companies

March 31, 2020

Sister companies

For the three months ended

a) Cash in bank (part of cash and cash equivalents, investment in debt instrument at amortized cost, refundable deposits and separate account assets)

555,952

\$ 1,286,628

355

1,178

0.200-0.230

0.490-0.570

	March 31, 2	March 31, 2021		, 2020	March 31, 2020	
	Amount	<b>%</b>	Amount	<b>%</b>	Amount	<b>%</b>
Sister company TCB	<u>\$ 2,453,772</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>\$ 4,031,405</u>	64	<u>\$ 2,932,071</u>	<u>36</u>

b) Securities purchased under resell agreements (part of cash and cash equivalents)

	1	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021					
		Securities Purchase Under R					
				Agreen	reements		
	Am	Amount (Note)		ing Balance	<b>Rate</b> (%)		
Sister company							
TCBF	\$	1,540,061	\$	555,952	0.200-0.230		

# For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 Securities Purchase Under Resell Agreements

Amount (Note) Ending Balance Rate (%)

Sister company TCBF

\$ 2,739,038

\$ 1,286,628

0.490-0.570

Note: The amount includes securities purchased under resell agreements.

#### c) Derivatives

# For the three months ended March 31, 2021

Type of		Contract	Nominal	Valuation	Amounts on the Bal	lance Sheet
Derivatives	Related Party	Period	Amounts	Gain (Loss)	Account	Amounts
Currency swap	Sister company - TCB	2021.03.31- 2022.03.31	US\$ 65,459	\$ 3,614	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 3,614
		2021.01.11- 2022.01.28	US\$ 54,896	(27,749)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(27,749)
		2020.12.31- 2022.01.19	EUR 7,856	7,882	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,379
	Associates -Banque Nationale De Paris, Taipei Branch (Note)	2019.06.06- 2022.08.24	US\$ 103,261	(40,809)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	119,373
	1	2021.02.19- 2022.02.22	EUR 4,827	2,280	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,280

#### For the three months ended March 31, 2020

Type of		Contract	Nominal	V	<sup>7</sup> aluation	Amounts on the Bal	lance Sh	eet
Derivatives	Related Party	Period	Amounts	G	ain (Loss)	Account	An	nounts
Currency swap	Sister company - TCB	2019.08.15- 2020.09.30	US\$ 110,6	77 \$	(36,415)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	73,891
		2019.08.15- 2020.09.30	US\$ 9,6	78	(1,949)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(1,949)
		2020.01.08- 2020.07.10	EUR 3,0	12	1,230	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		1,230
		2020.02.25- 2020.06.30	EUR 4,8	44	(950)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(950)
	Associates -Banque Nationale De Paris, Taipei Branch (Note)	2019.06.06- 2022.06.30	US\$ 113,2	40	(41,598)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		71,444
		2019.02.15- 2021.02.19	EUR 4,8	27	2,796	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		8,976

Note: Paris Management Consultant Co., Ltd is an associate of BPCTLI, but not a related party to the Company.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the realized gains or losses on currency swaps with sister companies were \$24,206 thousand losses and \$11,379 thousand gains, respectively. Besides, the realized gains on currency swaps with affiliates were \$6,048 thousand and \$11,333 thousand, respectively.

The BPCTLI engaged in foreign exchange swaps with associates. Under these contracts, both parties should receive deposits (reported as other assets - refundable deposits other liabilities) depending on the value of the swaps. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the BPCTLI had received deposits of \$108,034 thousand, \$119,693 thousand and \$61,981 thousand, respectively.

# d) Payables

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	
Sister company TCB	<u>\$ 73,072</u>	<u>\$ 112,738</u>	<u>\$ 72,347</u>	

# e) Operating cost - insurance contract expenses

	For the Three M Marc	
	2021	2020
Sister company TCB	<u>\$ 112,964</u>	<u>\$ 173,521</u>

The above insurance contract expenses were recorded as operating cost - commission expenses and were deducted from the reserve for insurance contracts with financial instrument features.

# 5) Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

		e Months Ended rch 31
	2021	2020
Management fee income		
Sister company	\$ -	\$ 251
Others	84,537	101,239
	<u>\$ 84,537</u>	<u>\$ 101,490</u>

# d. Salaries, bonuses and remunerations to main management

The salaries, bonuses and remunerations of the directors and main management for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Fo	or the Three Mar	Month ch 31	s Ended
		2021		2020
Salaries and other short-term employment benefits Post-employment benefits Interest arising from the employees' preferential rate in excess of	\$	46,047 1,005	\$	45,364 2,738
normal rates	_	440		479
	\$	47,492	\$	48,581

#### 42. PLEDGED ASSETS

a. In addition to those mentioned in other notes, the face values of the pledged bonds and certificates of deposit are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Collaterals for call loans of foreign currency	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 40,000,000
Collaterals for domestic overdraft	31,400,000	31,400,000	31,400,000
Collaterals for overdraft of domestic U.S.			
dollar settlement	11,000,000	11,000,000	11,000,000
Collaterals for overdraft of domestic RMB			
settlement	1,300,800	1,297,500	2,338,050
Guarantee deposits for provisional collateral			
seizure for loan defaults and others	1,016,600	1,069,700	1,240,000
Guarantee deposits for the insurance	1 025 000	1.025.000	1 010 000
operation	1,035,000	1,035,000	1,010,000
Collaterals for overdraft of domestic JPY settlement	500,000	500,000	500,000
	372,028	500,000 366,740	392,790
Overseas branches' capital adequate reserve Guarantee deposits for securities operation	355,000	355,000	355,000
Guarantee deposits for the bills finance	333,000	333,000	333,000
business	293,900	293,900	278,100
Guarantee deposits for the trust business	273,700	273,700	270,100
compensation reserve	280,000	280,000	260,000
Collaterals for overseas branch KHR	200,000	200,000	200,000
settlement	9,002	8,901	86,023
Collaterals for overseas branch U.S. dollar	- ,		, -
settlement	43,243	42,628	66,928
Overseas branches' guarantee deposits for			
operation	5,701	5,620	6,041
Others	90,000	90,000	90,000
	\$ 87,701,274	\$ 87,744,989	\$ 89,022,932

To comply with the Central Bank of the Republic of China's (CBC) Interbank Funds Transfer and Settlement System for real-time gross settlement (RTGS), TCB provided certificates of deposit of \$30,000,000 thousand as collateral for day-term overdraft as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020. The pledged amount may be adjusted anytime, and the unused overdraft amount at the end of a day can also be treated as TCB's liquidity reserve.

b. To expand their capital sourcing and enhance their liquidity position, TCB's Seattle Branch, Los Angeles Branch, and New York Branch obtained access privileges at the Discount Window Account of the Federal Reserve Bank. For this access, the three branches pledged the following assets:

# (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

Date	Outstanding Loan Balance	Collateral Value
March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 316,647</u>	\$ 226,132
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 283,691</u>	<u>\$ 203,103</u>
March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 304,046</u>	\$ 219,183

- c. As of March 31, 2021, TCB had pledged \$60,000,000 thousand to deposit reserve account B in accordance with the Central Bank's project financing regulations in response to the epidemic.
- d. As of March 31, 2021, due to the KHR loans borrowed from the National Bank of Cambodia, up to US\$97,192 thousand in TCB's Phnom Penh Branch's due from the Central Bank were provided as collateral to the National Bank of Cambodia in accordance with the relevant regulations.

#### 43. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those mentioned in other notes, the significant commitments were as follows:

a. Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

As of March 31, 2021, TCFHC's outstanding major construction and procurement contracts amounted to \$159,872 thousand, of which \$59,253 thousand was still unpaid.

- b. Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.
  - 1) As of March 31, 2021, TCB's outstanding major construction and procurement contracts amounted to \$177,735 thousand, of which \$135,546 thousand was still unpaid.
  - 2) According to the joint venture contract signed with BNP Paribas Assurance (BNPPA), TCB signed the tri-party agreement with BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI) and Cooperative Insurance Broker Co., Ltd. (CIB) on April 13, 2010, which identified BPCTI as the sole supplier of life insurance products for TCB and CIB, also applying TCB's marketing channels to sell life insurance products. Since TCB merged with the CIB on June 24, 2016, TCB signed a two-party agreement with BPCTLI on March 30, 2018 to replace the original tri-party agreement, the rights and obligations of the CIB were assumed by TCB.
- c. Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Cooperation Ltd.

As of March 31, 2021, the commitments or contingencies arose from business were as follows:

March 31, 2021

Guarantees of commercial paper Purchase of reference-rate commercial paper \$ 33,455,800 \$ 8,031,000

- d. Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd. (TCS)
  - 1) As of March 31, 2021, TCS's agreements on the acquisition equipment and procurement contracts amounted to \$26,159 thousand, of which \$14,786 thousand was still unpaid.
  - 2) In May 2012, TCS laid off an employee Ms. Chen in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, but Ms. Chen, claiming the layoff was illegal, applied to the Taipei District Court (the Court) on April 10, 2014 for clarification of this employment issue and prosecute for damage. On March 18, 2016, the Taipei District Court ascertained the existence of the employment relationship in the first instance. TCS is required to pay monthly salary of \$30.5 thousand plus accrued interests from April 25, 2014 to Ms. Chen until her reinstatement. The rest of the appeal of the plaintiff had been dismissed by the Court. On March 11, 2020, the court of second instance of the Taiwan High Court ruled in favor of TCS for all the litigation cases; and correspondingly the plaintiff has already filed an appeal to the court of third instance. The case is currently being heard by the Supreme Court and the final outcome is yet to be confirmed. TCS has already recognized a loss of \$2,435 thousand on the case.

# 44. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair values of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		March 31, 2020	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Financial assets						
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 718,524,890	\$ 723,741,132	\$ 728,266,474	\$ 735,468,885	\$ 544,220,670	\$ 550,842,628
Financial liabilities						
Bonds payable	71,600,000	73,147,096	71,600,000	73,279,402	57,500,000	59,209,829

Fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020:

# March 31, 2021

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 723,741,132	\$ 9,890,639	\$ 713,850,493	\$ -
Financial liabilities				
Bonds payable	73,147,096	-	73,147,096	-
<u>December 31, 2020</u>				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 735,468,885	\$ 10,426,186	\$ 725,042,699	\$ -
Financial liabilities				

#### March 31, 2020

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 550,842,628	\$ 7,848,159	\$ 542,994,469	\$ -
Financial liabilities				
Bonds payable	59,209,829	-	59,209,829	-

In addition to those listed above, the management level consider other financial instruments which are not measured at fair value closed to their fair value.

# b. The valuation techniques and assumptions the Company uses for determining fair values are as follows:

The fair values of financial instruments traded on active markets are based on quoted market prices. However, in many instances where there are no quoted market prices for the Company's various financial instruments, fair values are based on estimates using other financial data and appropriate valuation methodologies. The financial data obtained by the Company for making estimations and assumptions for financial instrument valuation is consistent with those used by other market participants to price financial instruments. Fair values of forward contracts, currency swap contracts, foreign-currency margin contracts, cross-currency swap contracts and interest rate swap contracts are calculated using the discounted cash flow method, unless the fair values are provided by counter-parties. Fair values of option contracts are based on estimates using the Black Scholes pricing model.

The Company estimates the fair value of each forward contract on the basis of the swap points quoted by Reuters on each settlement date. Fair values of interest rate swap contracts and cross-currency swap contracts are calculated using the Bloomberg information system, unless the fair values are provided by counterparties. The calculation of the fair value of each option contract is based on the mid-price (the average of bid and ask prices) quoted by Reuters and applied consistently.

For debt instruments with no active market, if there are theoretical prices from Taipei Exchange (TPEx, an over-the-counter securities exchange) on the balance sheet date, they are used as the basis for evaluating the fair value of debt instruments with no active market. Otherwise, the latest trade prices and quoted prices by major markets are used. The fair values of bank debentures are recorded as follows: (a) debentures with no maturity dates - at book values; (b) debentures with floating interest rates - at theoretical prices quoted by the GTSM; and (c) debentures with fixed interest rates - at estimates reached using the discounted cash flow method. The discount rates used were between 0.4782% and 0.6749%, between 0.4977% and 0.6913%, between 0.6052% and 0.7640% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively, and were comparable with interest rates for loans with similar terms and characteristics.

# Evaluation technique and input of fair value measurement at Level 3

The Company adopts the market approach, adjusted net asset method, and income approach for domestic unlisted equity investment. Under the market approach, the company selects similar industries with the target company. The main business model is similar and the products and scales are close to the comparable listed companies. The fair value estimation is based on the information of the listed company, or the price-book ratio (P/B) of the industry to which the target is evaluated is estimated as the multiplier of the fair value estimate. Under the adjusted net asset method, the overall value of a company or business is evaluated by the total market value of individual assets and individual liabilities of the target company with the consideration of the discount for lack of marketability and for minority interest. Acquired loans are evaluated by the income approach. The estimated income was estimated by discounting future cash flows. The significant unobservable input used is discount for lack of marketability and discount for minority interest. A decrease in discount for lack of marketability and for minority interest used in isolation would result in increases in fair value. The Company adopts the discount for lack of marketability at 10% to 40% and for minority interest at 10% on March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020. With other input values remaining and a change in discount for lack of marketability or for minority interest input value to reflect reasonable assumptions, the amount of fair value of investment in equity instruments will increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31,				
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020		
Discount for lack of marketability					
Increase 10%	<u>\$ (1,071,249</u> )	<u>\$ (1,007,807)</u>	<u>\$ (644,003)</u>		
Decrease 10%	<u>\$ 1,071,249</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,807</u>	<u>\$ 644,003</u>		
Discount for minority interest					
Increase 10%	<u>\$ (21,353)</u>	<u>\$ (20,012)</u>	<u>\$ (239)</u>		
Decrease 10%	<u>\$ 21,353</u>	\$ 20,012	<u>\$ 239</u>		

c. The fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 were as follows:

# 1) Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial Instruments		March 31, 2021							
Measured at Fair Value	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3					
Non-derivative financial instruments									
<u>Assets</u>									
Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 3,405,509 4,497,253 84,223,072 43,435,555 420,861,678	2,354,131 5,597,141 36,894,025	\$ 3,542 2,133,122 78,470,301	\$ 1,117,238 10,000 155,630 6,541,530					
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Financial liabilities at FVTPL  Derivative financial instruments	(1,446,628)	(1,446,453)	(175)	-					
<u>Assets</u>									
Financial assets at FVTPL	2,980,553	351,385	2,629,168	-					
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	(1,000,746)	-	(1,000,746)	-					

<b>Financial Instruments</b>		December	r 31, 2020	Level 3				
Measured at Fair Value	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Non-derivative financial instruments								
Assets								
Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 2,779,845 3,497,307 70,687,475 23,637,707 405,498,347	\$ 1,546,561 953,718 5,659,247 17,514,458 46,913,676	\$ 8,354 2,533,589 64,862,088	\$ 1,224,930 10,000 166,140 6,123,249				
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Financial liabilities at FVTPL  Derivative financial instruments	(410,523)	(410,521)	(2)	-				
Assets	1.505.004	20 < 201	1 460 555					
Financial assets at FVTPL	1,765,936	296,381	1,469,555	-				
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	(4,421,975)	-	(4,421,975)	-				
<b>Financial Instruments</b>			31, 2020					
Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value	Total	March : Level 1	31, 2020 Level 2	Level 3				
	Total			Level 3				
Measured at Fair Value	Total			Level 3				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350 399,039,234			\$ 732,825 274,429 4,371,919				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments Debt instruments	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350 399,039,234	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431 23,658,615	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments Liabilities  Financial liabilities at FVTPL	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350 399,039,234	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431 23,658,615	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments Liabilities  Financial liabilities at FVTPL  Derivative financial instruments	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350 399,039,234	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431 23,658,615	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				
Measured at Fair Value  Non-derivative financial instruments  Assets  Financial assets at FVTPL Equity instruments Debt instruments Others  Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity instruments Debt instruments Liabilities  Financial liabilities at FVTPL  Derivative financial instruments  Assets	\$ 1,886,506 8,802,359 62,622,479 21,808,350 399,039,234 (131,460)	\$ 1,147,473 2,930,870 4,434,499 17,436,431 23,658,615 (131,460)	\$ 6,208 5,871,489 57,913,551 375,380,619	\$ 732,825 - 274,429				

#### 2) Reconciliation for financial assets based on the fair value measurement of Level 3

Financial Assets	Financial assets at FVTPL	Investment in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 Recognized in profit Recognized in OCI (included in unrealized valuation gain or loss on investment in equity instruments at	\$ 1,401,070 11,501	\$ 6,123,249	\$ 7,524,319 11,501
FVTOCI)	-	418,281	418,281
Purchases	22,359	-	22,359
Disposals	(69,664)	-	(69,664)
Transferred out of Level 3	(82,398)		(82,398)
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 1,282,868</u>	<u>\$ 6,541,530</u>	\$ 7,824,398
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 976,177	\$ 5,416,359	\$ 6,392,536
Recognized in profit	106,414	-	106,414
Recognized in OCI (included in unrealized valuation gain or loss on investment in equity instruments at			
FVTOCI)	-	(1,044,440)	(1,044,440)
Purchases	45,000	-	45,000
Disposals	(101,390)	-	(101,390)
Transferred to Level 3	34,200	-	34,200
Transferred out of Level 3	(53,147)	<del></del>	(53,147)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 1,007,254	<u>\$ 4,371,919</u>	\$ 5,379,173

The change in unrealized gains for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 included in profit or loss for assets held at the March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, was \$30,847 thousand and \$23,842 thousand, respectively.

#### d. Information on financial risk management

# Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

## 1) Risk management

TCFHC and its subsidiaries' risk management goals are to develop a sound risk management mechanism under the principles of customer service, business continuity management, risk appetite, and compliance with related laws and regulations and expected-return standards and to enhance stockholder's equity. Major risks faced by TCFHC and its subsidiaries include on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet credit risks, market risks (including interest rate, exchange rate, equity security and financial product risks), and liquidity risks.

To effectively identify, measure, manage, and monitor various types of risks and to achieve profit objectives under a reasonable risk, both TCFHC and its subsidiaries have developed risk management policies, regulations and procedures, which have been approved by the board of directors.

The board of directors is the highest decision-making unit of TCFHC's risk management system and takes the ultimate overall, responsibility for risk management. The risk management committee is in charge of setting risk management policies and indicators, monitoring TCFHC and its subsidiaries' various risk situations and operating procedures, and coordinating and supervising the execution of risk management. The risk management division is in charge of TCFHC's risk management policy planning, capital adequacy calculating and assessing, emergency contingency plan making, and periodically monitoring and reporting TCFHC and its subsidiaries' risk control and management execution as required by regulations.

Each subsidiary' board of directors is the highest decision-making unit of each subsidiaries' risk management system and takes the ultimate overall responsibility for risk management. Each subsidiary has also established a risk management committee or independent risk management unit, which is in charge of the execution of risk management procedures.

#### 2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the deterioration of the borrowers, issuers or counterparties' repayment capacity or other factors (dispute between a borrower and its counterparty, for instance), which leads to borrowers, issuers or counterparties' breach of contracts, resulting in default losses. Credit risk comes from both on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet transactions. TCFHC and its subsidiaries' on-balance-sheet credit-risk exposure come from loans, due from and call loans to other banks, security investments and derivatives. The off-balance-sheet credit risk exposure comes from guarantees, letters of acceptance, letters of credit and loan contracts.

TCFHC and its subsidiaries must closely analyze every on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet transaction to recognize existing and potential credit risk. On the basis of the Company's operating conditions and the principle of sound risk distribution, every risk factor should be managed, risk situations should be analyzed and assessed, limits on concentration of credit risk should be set, and a risk monitoring and warning mechanism should be established.

#### 3) Market risk

Market risk refers to unfavorable market price fluctuations, which affect the on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet positions. Market price refers to interest rate, foreign-exchange rate, equity security price and financial product prices. TCFHC and its subsidiaries' market risk management procedures include risk identification, measurement, and assessment as well as risk monitoring and reporting.

TCFHC and its subsidiaries' risk management staff analyze and assess market risk position data, monitor market risks position and gains or losses, and periodically and make reports to the risk management committee and board of directors for managements' decision making. Each subsidiary has various authorized investment amounts and stop loss regulations based on the overall risk management target and product attributes and periodically prepare management reports on the control and management of each market risk.

# 4) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the possible financial losses that may arise because of the inability to liquidate assets or to pay financial liabilities when they become due. Examples of liquidity risk-related situations are the early withdrawal of deposits, transaction terms becoming more stringent, increase in borrowers' defaults, a financial instrument becoming illiquid, and the early cancellation of a floating rate insurance product policy. These situations may deplete TCFHC and its subsidiaries' capital resources, requiring them to seek loans, and do fund-raising and investment activities. In extreme situations, lack of liquidity may cause the potential risk of the inability to enter into lending transactions. For the reduction of liquidity strains on the bank funding market, there is a bank liquidity risk channel.

TCFHC and its subsidiaries separately execute their respective liquidity management procedures, and this execution is monitored by an independent risk management division, which periodically prepares related reports for submission to TCFHC and its subsidiaries' risk management committees and the board of directors.

# Taiwan Cooperative Bank Ltd. and subsidiary

#### 1) Risk management

The objective of risk management is to develop a sound risk management mechanism, and on the basis of the risk tolerance level and the expected return level, pursue the maximum value of stockholders' investments. The main risks faced by TCB include the business credit risk on- and off- balance-sheet, market risks (including interest, exchange, equity security, and commodity risks) and liquidity risk.

TCB has risk management policies and risk monitoring procedures, which have been reviewed and approved by the Board and are used to effectively identify, measure, monitor and control credit, market, and operating and liquidity risks.

The Board, the highest decision-making unit for the risk management, takes charge of approving the risk management policy and system and building the risk management culture. It also takes ultimate responsibility for overall risk management.

Under the risk management decision approved by the Board, the risk management committee takes charge of and reviews all TCB's risk management implementation, capital adequacy assessment, and risk exposure management. It also communicates and the inter-departmental risk management issues and coordinates issue handling and continually monitors the execution of risk management procedures. The risk management department is responsible for planning and designing the risk management system, deliberating capital allocation, setting up the instruments for risk measurement and capital provision, and monitoring risk control. This department also regularly prepares reports for submission to senior management, the risk management committee and the Board.

Under the business management regulation and risk policy, the business supervising unit manages and oversees each business unit toward proper risk management and carries out risk review and control. In addition, the Audit Department evaluates each audit units' risks to determine the audit focus, scope, measurement, procedures and frequency, and establishes the relevance between the assessment result and the audit frequency, which enhance the effectiveness of the audit and assist the Bank to improve internal control and business development.

#### 2) Credit risk

#### a) Credit risk management policy

Credit risk refers to a borrower, a financial instrument issuer or a transaction counterparty undergoing financial difficulty or other adverse situations (such as a dispute between the borrower and its business partner), which could result in loss due to breach of contract. Credit risk can come from on- and off-balance-sheet items., On-balance sheet items are mainly lending, due from bank and call loans to other banks, security investment and derivatives. Off-balance sheet items are mainly guarantees, acceptance, letters of credit and loan commitments.

The risk management policy, which is founded on the basic principles of safety, liquidity, profitability, welfare and growth, is implemented by the credit risk management division toward the cultivation of a risk management culture. All on- and off- balance sheet transactions are should be detailed analyzed in detail to identify existing and potential credit risk. Based on TCB's business characteristics and the principle of risk diversification, risk status is analyzed and evaluated, centralized limits are set, and a risk monitoring and alert mechanism has been developed and operated. For a more effective credit risk evaluation, an internal rating system has been created to enhance the ability to quantify risk.

TCB's main business items that are measured and managed for credit risks are as follows:

#### i. Loans business (including loan commitment and guarantees)

Credit assets are classified into five categories. In addition to normal credit assets that are classified as sound assets, the unsound assets are classified, on the basis of the valuation of collaterals and the length of time the payments become overdue, as special mention, substandard, with collectability high doubtful and uncollectable. TCB and its subsidiary also set up policies for the management of doubtful credits and the collection of overdue debts to deal with collection problems.

TCB and its subsidiary apply to its credit business the so-called "5Ps of credit analysis" as the basis for lending approval and evaluation of its counterparties. These 5Ps are: People (know customers' background and their credit status well); purpose (what will the fund be used for); payment (the borrower's ability to repay an obligation when it falls due); protection (TCB and its subsidiary's recourse on repayment defaults); and perspective (how the credit is seen in light of rewards and risks). After a loan is granted, the transaction is reviewed and monitored to ensure TCB and its subsidiary's creditor's rights.

To quantify credit risk, TCB and its subsidiary apply statistical methods using with customers' qualitative data and lending history to develop a rating module for corporate finance and consumer finance. This module is used to create an internal credit rating system for risk evaluation, in which 9 is the base grade of the credit quality of corporate customers, and 9 or 10 on the business segment consumer customers.

The 5P credit analysis and the module rating specifically apply to corporate customers. Micro credits and residential mortgages are assessed by using the credit rating model, and consumer loans are assessed individually for default risks.

#### ii. Due from and call loans to other banks

TCB and its subsidiary evaluate the credit status of counterparties before closing deals. TCB and its subsidiary grant different limits to the counterparties on the basis of their respective credit ratings as suggested by domestic and foreign credit rating agencies.

#### iii. Investments in debt instruments and derivatives

TCB and its subsidiary identify and manage credit risks from debt instruments through the use of external credit ratings of the debt instruments along with the evaluation of credit qualities of bonds, regional conditions and counterparty risks.

TCB and its subsidiary conduct derivative transactions with other banks and sets the credit limits (including lending limits) at their credit rating and the ranking given by the Banker magazine. The credits extended to general customers are monitored in accordance with the related contract terms and conditions and the credit limits for derivatives established through normal credit granting processes.

## b) Measurement of expected credit losses

i. The determination of significantly increased credit risk after initial recognition

In order to determine whether the credit risks has increased significantly after initial recognition, TCB and its subsidiary assessed changes in default risks of financial assets over the duration at the balance sheet date. To evaluate changes in default risks, Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. and its subsidiary considered reasonable and verifiable information (including forward-looking information). The major considerations include:

#### Loans business

#### i) Quantitative benchmark

Overdue loans: Loans and other credits (including accrued interest) are overdue for at least 30 days but less than 90 days.

## ii) Qualitative benchmark

- Borrower or its representative suffered from dishonored check due to insufficient funds.
- Borrower or its representative suffered from credit card suspension.
- Owners of credit card has been denied by Taiwan Clearing House (TCH).
- Objective evidence shows that the borrower's ability to fulfill obligation has been affected.

#### Bonds and bills business

#### i) Quantitative benchmark

Credit rating of bond issuers are not classified as investment grade and downgraded by over two grades, or classified as CCC.

Credit risks are deemed low, if the credit rating of the issuer was classified as investment grade at the issue date and did not increase significantly after initial recognition.

#### ii) Qualitative benchmark

Credit rating of bond issuers are not classified as investment grade and downgraded by no more than two grades, but credit risk increase significantly.

#### ii. Definition of default and credit loss on financial assets

TCB and its subsidiary define financial asset default in the same manner as financial asset impairment. If one or more of the following conditions occur, TCB and its subsidiary can conclude that the financial asset has defaulted and the credit is impaired:

# Loans business

- i) Loans and other credits (including accrued interest) are overdue for at least 90 days.
- ii) Borrower filed for bankruptcy or reorganization.

- iii) Borrower defaulted on other financial instruments.
- iv) The lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulties, has granted the borrower concession that the lender would not otherwise consider.
- v) Borrower has been denied by TCH.

# Bonds and bills business

- i) Interest or principal of Bonds without payment are overdue for at least 90 days.
- Borrower has indication of impairment such as overdue receivables, doubtful debts, financial crisis, contract condition change due to financial crisis and bankruptcy or reorganization.

The above definition of default is applicable to financial assets that are held by TCB and its subsidiary, and is in line with the definition of internal-management intention. Therefore, it is applied to related impairment evaluation models.

If the conditions that define default and credit loss of financial assets have been corrected and the financial assets have returned to the original state of compliance, the financial assets are no longer recognized as impaired.

#### iii. Reversal policy

When TCB and its subsidiary are unable to recover financial assets to expectations, they are entirely or partly written off against the allowance amount. Indicators of uncollectible financial assets are as follows:

- i) The debtor's inability to recover all or part of the debts due to dissolution, escape, settlement, bankruptcy or other reasons.
- ii) After collaterals assumed and assets of principal and subordinate debtors have been priced low or after deductions for first-order mortgage have been made, the remaining value of the assets is not enough to pay any obligation; also, if execution cost nears or exceeds the debtor's liability, no gain will be realized.
- iii) The Bank is not responsible for the collaterals assumed and assets of principal and subordinate debtors experiencing low priced auctions with no bidders.
- iv) Overdue loans or collections were made after two years from the settlement date.
- v) Overdue credit card loans and overdue receivables were aged over nine months after the settlement date.

Financial assets that have been written off by TCB and its subsidiary may continue activities in progress, while complying with procedures according to relevant policies.

## iv. Measurement of expected credit losses

#### Loans business

In order to assess the expected credit loss, TCB and its subsidiary will categorize credit assets according to credit risk and industry assessments of borrower, as well as credit risk of the types of collateral.

A loss allowance for the 12-month expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

The Company measures expected credit loss by calculating the product of loss given default and exposure at default, while taking into account the probability of default of a 12-month period and duration, as well as the effect of changes in currency values.

Probability of default refers to a possibility that a borrower would default to the contract (please refer to the introduction to "The definition of default and credit loss on financial assets"). Loss given default refers to the ratio of default loss caused by borrower. Probability of default and loss given default for loan business of TCB and its subsidiary are calculated by the adjustment of historical default rate, which is based on historical internal information (e.g. credit loss experience), current observable information and prospective macroeconomics statistics (e.g. monitoring indicator from National Development Association and unemployment rate from Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan).

TCB and its subsidiary estimate the exposure at default according to the aggregate book value. In addition, the estimations of expected credit loss for the 12-month loan period and duration of loan commitment made by the Bank and its subsidiaries are based on the credit conversion factor (CCF), using the portion of the loan commitment that is expected to be used within 12 months of reporting date and expected duration to calculate expected credit loss and determine the exposure at default.

There is no significant change in the estimation method and assumptions used to calculate expected credit loss as of March 31, 2021.

# Bonds and bills business

A loss allowance for the 12-month expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

The Company measures expected credit loss by calculating the product of loss given default and exposure at default, while taking into account the probability of default of a 12-month period and duration, as well as the effect of changes in currency values.

There is no significant change in the estimation method and assumptions used to calculate expected credit loss as of March 31, 2021.

# v. Forward-looking information considerations

#### Loans business

TCB and its subsidiary have taken into account previous forward-looking information when assessing asset default probability. The Bank and its subsidiaries analyze past archives to identify relevant economic factors affecting personal and company asset default probabilities.

According to TCB and its subsidiary's previous forward-looking information, estimations are calculated at the end of the year per year on average. The influence of relevant economic factors and expected credit loss identified by the Bank and its subsidiaries on December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

#### **Probability of Default**

Relevant economic factors

Monitoring indicator/unemployment rate

In addition, in order to respond in a timely manner to the obvious changes in trend of the various overall economic indicators as a result of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, a new mid-term evaluation mechanism for forward-looking factors has been added to reflect the impact of changes in the economic indicators on the default rate.

#### Bonds and bills business

The assessment of the increase/decrease in the credit risk is based on TCB and its subsidiary's amortization costs and other comprehensive income measured by fair value, referring to changes in external credit ratings according to the international credit ratings service (Moody's) as a quantitative indicator. Also, the expected credit loss uses external credit ratings and Moody's periodic calculations of default probability and loss given default as references. As international credit ratings services have taken into account forward-looking information in assessing credit ratings, it is also appropriate for TCB and its subsidiary to consider forward-looking information when assessing relevant expected credit loss.

#### c) Credit risk avoidance or mitigation policy

#### i. Strengthen collaterals and other credits

TCB and its subsidiary have a series of measures for credit granting to reduce credit risks. One of the measures is to require collaterals from the borrowers. To secure a debt, TCB and its subsidiary manage and assess the collaterals following the procedures that determine the scope of collateralization and valuation of collaterals and the process of disposition. In credit contracts, TCB and its subsidiary stipulate the security mechanism for debts; the conditions and terms for collaterals; and the terms and conditions of offsetting to state clearly that TCB and its subsidiary reserve the right to reduce the granted quota, to shorten the repayment period, to demand immediate settlement or to offset the debts of the borrowers with their deposits in TCB and its subsidiary in order to reduce the credit risks.

There was no major change in the collateral policy of TCB and its subsidiary on the balance sheet date, and there was no significant change in the overall collateral quality.

TCB and its subsidiary closely monitor the value of collaterals of financial instruments and consider impairment on credit-impaired financial assets. Credit-impaired financial assets and collateral to mitigate potential loss were as follows:

# March 31, 2021

	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for Possible Losses	Total Exposure Amount (Amortized Cost)	Fair Value of Collateral
Impaired financial assets				
Discount and loans	\$ 39,715,244	\$ 4,756,066	\$ 34,959,178	\$109,103,082
<u>December 31, 2020</u>				
	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for Possible Losses	Total Exposure Amount (Amortized Cost)	Fair Value of Collateral
Impaired financial assets				
Discount and loans	\$ 41,068,145	\$ 5,304,254	\$ 35,763,891	\$ 108,780,377
March 31, 2020				
	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for Possible Losses	Total Exposure Amount (Amortized Cost)	Fair Value of Collateral
Impaired financial assets				
Discount and loans	\$ 36,872,922	\$ 6,273,618	\$ 30,599,304	\$ 62,817,057

The total amount of financial assets that have been written off but have recourse action by TCB and its subsidiary in March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 were \$8,025,833 thousand, \$7,793,168 thousand and \$7,401,816 thousand, respectively.

# ii. Credit limit and the control of concentration of credit risk

To avoid the concentration of credit risks, TCB and its subsidiary set up centralized credit limits for business segments, countries, collaterals, groups, and construction financing. Monthly, or more frequently, as needed, TCB and its subsidiary review credit limits, monitor the actual risk-exposure condition and whether the usage rate of limits meets relevant regulations and reports the review results to superior management, risk management committee and the Board periodically. If there is a possibility of breach of the credit limits, the related department or division will apply appropriate procedures to ensure that the credit limits are followed.

Concentration of credit risk exists when counterparties to financial transactions are individuals or groups engaged in similar activities or activities in the same region, which would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. The profile by group or industry, regions and collaterals of obligations that were 10% or more of total outstanding loans is as follows:

Credit Risk Profile by Group	March 31, 20	)21	 December 31, 2	2020	 March 31, 20	)20
or Industry	 Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Natural person	\$ 917,509,550	39	\$ 912,721,994	40	\$ 880,206,003	39
Manufacturing	419,542,329	18	415,971,331	18	409,546,291	18

# iii. Master netting arrangement

TCB and its subsidiary settle most of its transactions at gross amounts. For further reduction of credit risks, settlement netting is used for some counterparties or in some circumstances where the transactions are terminated because of a counterparty's default.

# d) Maximum exposures to credit risks

The maximum exposures to credit risks of assets on the consolidated balance sheets without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instruments approximate the assets' carrying amounts.

The maximum exposures of financial instrument to credit risks which was not applicable to impairment is as follow:

	December 31,					
	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020			
Financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss - debt instrument	\$ 2,715,955	\$ 1,987,618	\$ 4,895,894			

The maximum exposures of off-balance sheet items to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instrument are stated as follows:

				Maı	rch 31, 2021			
	12-month ECL	Lifet	ime ECL	(Cre	etime ECL dit-impaired ncial Assets)	"Ro Gov Proo E Inst Eval and Non-j	ference of irment Loss under egulations erning the cedures for Banking itutions to uate Assets Deal with performing/n-accrual Loans"	Total
Maximum exposures to credit risk	\$ 287,045,421	\$	7,860	\$	2,596,860	\$	-	\$ 289,650,141
Allowance for possible losses Difference of impairment loss under "Regulations Governing the Procedure for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/	(707,373)		(62)		(399,653)		-	(1,107,088)
Non-accrual Loans"					<u>-</u>		(319,341)	(319,341)
	\$ 286,338,048	\$	7,798	\$	2,197,207	\$	(319,341)	\$ 288,223,712
			.,,					
		-		Decer	nber 31, 2020			
	12-month ECL		ime ECL	Lif (Cre	mber 31, 2020 eetime ECL dit-impaired ncial Assets)	"Ro Gov Proo H Inst Eval and Non-j No	ference of irment Loss under egulations erning the cedures for Banking itutions to uate Assets Deal with performing/n-accrual Loans"	Total
Maximum exposures to credit risk				Lif (Cre	etime ECL dit-impaired	"Ro Gov Proo H Inst Eval and Non-j No	irment Loss under egulations eerning the cedures for Banking itutions to uate Assets Deal with performing/ n-accrual	Total \$ 268,408,211
credit risk Allowance for possible losses Difference of impairment loss under "Regulations Governing the Procedure for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with	12-month ECL \$ 267,817,361 (761,139)	Lifet	ime ECL	Lif (Cre Fina	etime ECL dit-impaired ncial Assets)	"Ro Gov Proo Inst Eval and Non- No	irment Loss under egulations eerning the cedures for Banking itutions to uate Assets Deal with performing/ n-accrual	
credit risk Allowance for possible losses Difference of impairment loss under "Regulations Governing the Procedure for Banking Institutions to Evaluate	\$ 267,817,361	Lifet	ime ECL	Lif (Cre Fina	etime ECL dit-impaired ncial Assets) 579,956	"Ro Gov Proo Inst Eval and Non- No	irment Loss under egulations eerning the cedures for Banking itutions to uate Assets Deal with performing/ n-accrual	\$ 268,408,211

				Mar	ch 31, 2020			
	12-month ECL	Life	time ECL	(Cred	etime ECL lit-impaired ncial Assets)	"R Gov Pro I Inst Eval and Non- No	ference of iirment Loss under egulations verning the cedures for Banking titutions to luate Assets I Deal with performing/ on-accrual Loans"	Total
Maximum exposures to credit risk	\$ 248,506,217	\$	59,809	\$	124,305	\$	-	\$ 248,690,331
Allowance for possible losses Difference of impairment loss under "Regulations Governing the Procedure for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	(620,399)		(91)		(21,352)		(601,033)	(641,842) (601,033)
	<u>\$ 247,885,818</u>	\$	59,718	\$	102,953	\$	(601,033)	\$ 247,447,456

TCB and its subsidiary's management believes its ability to minimize credit risk exposures on off-balance sheet items is mainly due to its rigorous evaluation of credit extended and the periodic reviews of these credits.

Some financial assets held by TCB and its subsidiary, such as cash and cash equivalents, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, call loans to security firms, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, securities purchased under resell agreements and refundable deposits, are exposed to low credit risks because the counterparties have high credit ratings.

In addition to the above assets, credit quality analysis of other financial assets are as follows:

# a) Credit quality analysis of discounts and loans

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 etime ECL		arch 31, 2021 Stage 3 ifetime ECL	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	Total
Discounts and loans Allowance for possible losses Impairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual	\$ 2,325,782,434 (3,958,121)	\$ 2,542,001 (16,063)	\$	39,715,244 (4,756,066)	\$ -	\$ 2,368,039,679 (8,730,250)
Loans"		 -	_	-	(20,258,314)	(20,258,314)
	<u>\$ 2,321,824,313</u>	\$ 2,525,938	\$	34,959,178	<u>\$ (20,258,314)</u>	\$ 2,339,051,115

			December 31, 2020		
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	Total
Discounts and loans Allowance for possible losses Impairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans"	\$ 2,260,676,252 (3,903,935)	\$ 2,802,802 (19,762)	\$ 41,068,145 (5,304,254)	\$ -	\$ 2,304,547,199 (9,227,951)
				(19,945,273)	(19,945,273)
	<u>\$ 2,256,772,317</u>	\$ 2,783,040	\$ 35,763,891	<u>\$ (19,945,273)</u>	<u>\$ 2,275,373,975</u>
			March 31, 2020		
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	Total
Discounts and loans Allowance for possible losses Impairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual	\$ 2,224,598,176 (3,872,888)	\$ 4,271,030 (22,748)	\$ 36,872,922 (6,273,618)	\$ -	\$ 2,265,742,128 (10,169,254)
Loans"	<del>_</del>		=	(17,004,986)	(17,004,986)
	\$ 2,220,725,288	\$ 4,248,282	\$ 30,599,304	<u>\$ (17,004,986)</u>	\$ 2,238,567,888

# b) Credit quality analysis of receivables

	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	March  Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Credit Impairment by Using Simplified Method	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	Total
Receivables Allowance for possible losses Inpairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with	\$ 13,408,922 (35,201)	\$ 47,107 (11,453)	\$ 176,918 (77,378)	\$ 3,834,429 (223,267)	\$ -	\$ 17,467,376 (347,299)
Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans"	\$_13,373,721	\$ 35,654	\$ 99.540	\$ 3,611,162	(128,237) \$(128,237)	(128,237) \$16,991,840
		<del></del>	<u> </u>	er 31, 2020	, , , , , ,	
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Credit Impairment by Using Simplified Method	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual Loans"	Total
Receivables Allowance for possible losses Impairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions	\$ 14,394,742 (33,571)	\$ 46,627 (12,978)	\$ 169,402 (70,631)	\$ 2,303,414 (421,178)	\$ - -	\$ 16,914,185 (538,358)
. F 1 . A . 1D 1 31						
to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans"	<del>_</del>				(163,955)	(163,955)

			March	31, 2020		
	Stage 1	Stage 2	March Stage 3	Credit Impairment by Using Simplified	Impairment Recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/ Non-accrual	
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Method	Loans"	Total
Receivables Allowance for possible losses Impairment recognized under "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with	\$ 15,175,883 (42,198)	\$ 49,753 (12,774)	\$ 258,902 (135,381)	\$ 3,369,331 (487,608)	\$ -	\$ 18,853,869 (677,961)
Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans"		- <u>-</u>	=	- <u>-</u>	(157,043)	(157,043)
	\$ 15,133,685	\$ 36,979	\$ 123,521	\$ 2,881,723	<u>\$ (157,043)</u>	\$ 18,018,865

# c) Credit quality analysis of securities

	March 31, 2021						
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total			
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI							
Gross carrying amount Allowance for possible losses Amortized cost Fair value adjustments	\$ 364,487,290 (107,056) 364,380,234 5,258,297	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 364,487,290 (107,056) 364,380,234 5,258,297			
	\$ 369,638,531	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 369,638,531</u>			
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost Allowance for possible losses	\$ 714,214,346 (45,550)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 714,214,346 (45,550)			
	<u>\$ 714,168,796</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 714,168,796</u>			
		Decembe	r 31, 2020				
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	r 31, 2020 Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total			
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI		Stage 2	Stage 3	Total			
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI Gross carrying amount Allowance for possible losses Amortized cost Fair value adjustments		Stage 2	Stage 3	* 342,990,157 (110,684) 342,879,473 9,830,431			
FVTOCI Gross carrying amount Allowance for possible losses Amortized cost	\$ 342,990,157 (110,684) 342,879,473	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	\$ 342,990,157 (110,684) 342,879,473			
FVTOCI Gross carrying amount Allowance for possible losses Amortized cost	\$ 342,990,157 (110,684) 342,879,473 9,830,431	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL  \$ -	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	\$ 342,990,157 (110,684) 342,879,473 9,830,431			

		March	31, 2020	
	Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI				
Gross carrying amount Allowance for possible losses Amortized cost Fair value adjustments	\$ 342,461,057 (95,208) 342,365,849 5,675,467	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 342,461,057 (95,208) 342,365,849 5,675,467
	<u>\$ 348,041,316</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 348,041,316</u>
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost Allowance for possible losses	\$ 542,027,285 (48,762)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 542,027,285 (48,762)
	\$ 541,978,523	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 541,978,523

d) The changes in allowance for possible losses of investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are summarized below:

	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 New financial assets purchased Derecognition of financial assets in	\$ 110,684 12,274	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 110,684 12,274
the current reporting period Change in model or risk parameters Changes in exchange rates and	(3,773) 6,105	-	-	(3,773) 6,105
other changes	(18,234)	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	(18,234)
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 107,056</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 107,056</u>
			Lifetime ECL	
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	(Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020 New financial assets purchased	12-month ECL \$ 83,771 13,192	(Collective	(Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired	<b>Total</b> \$ 83,771 13,192
New financial assets purchased Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period Change in model or risk parameters	\$ 83,771	(Collective Assessment)	(Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	\$ 83,771
New financial assets purchased Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period	\$ 83,771 13,192 (1,853)	(Collective Assessment)	(Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	\$ 83,771 13,192 (1,853)

e) The changes in allowance for possible losses of investments in debt instruments at amortized cost are summarized below:

	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	Lifetime ECL (Non-purchased or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021 New financial assets purchased Derecognition of financial assets in the current reporting period	\$ 45,712 4,511 (971)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 45,712 4,511 (971)
Change in model or risk parameters Changes in exchange rates and other changes	(1,939) (1,763)	<u> </u>	- 	(1,939) (1,763)
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>\$ 45,550</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 45,550</u>
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (Collective Assessment)	or Non-originated Credit-impaired Financial Assets)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020 New financial assets purchased Derecognition of financial assets in	\$ 47,897 2,677	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 47,897 2,677
the current reporting period Change in model or risk parameters Changes in exchange rates and other changes	(469) (2,547) 	- -	- - -	(469) (2,547) 1,204
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 48,762</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 48,762</u>

#### 3) Market risks

Market risk refers to the risk of losses in positions arising from adverse movements of market prices. It refers to interest rates, exchange rates, equity security prices, commodity prices, etc.

The main market risks that TCB and its subsidiary face are equity security, interest rates, and exchange rate risks. The market risk position of equity security mainly includes domestic listed and OTC stocks, domestic stock index options and stock market index futures; the position of interest rate mainly includes short-term bills, bonds and interest rate derivative instruments; and the instruments exposed to exchange rate risk mainly include spot contracts and forward contracts and derivatives denominated in foreign currency.

Under the market risk management policies approved by the board of directors, the new Basel Capital Accord and regulations implemented by relevant authorities and in consideration of the Bank's own market risk management system and its overall risk management goals and product features, TCB and its subsidiary have set all types of investment authorization limits and stop-loss rules, regularly reviews the customers' credit status and compiles management information reports to control all types of market risks effectively.

TCB and its subsidiary's market risk management procedures include risk identification, evaluation, and measurement as well as risk monitoring, and reporting. Every units' risk management personnel analyze data on market risk position and evaluate measurement methods, including the statistical basic measurement method, sensitivity analysis, and situational analysis. Monitoring content includes trading processes, collective and individual, of all transaction units and all financial instruments, such as change of position, change of profit and loss, trading pattern, and if trading objects are transacted within the authorized scope and limits.

TCB and its subsidiary's business units and risk management unit have established market risk factors for identifying risk exposure positions and use these factors to measure market risks. The market risk factors refer to the components of financial instruments' position, such as profit and loss and sensitivity to risk, which might be affected by interest rates, exchange rates and equity security market prices.

TCB and its subsidiary's risk management unit reports to management periodically the execution status of measures on market risk management, investment positions, and profit and loss control so that management can fully understand the status of market risk management. TCB and its subsidiary's also have cleared reporting procedures and rules for all types of transaction limits and the stop-loss order. If any transaction amount reaches the limit, the stop-loss order is executed immediately; if the stop-loss order is not executed, the transaction unit is required to explain the reasons for non-execution and prepare a response plan for management's approval.

#### Effect of interest rate benchmark reform

TCB and its subsidiary's non-derivative financial assets are exposed to LIBOR which is subject to interest rate benchmark reform. TCB and its subsidiary established a LIBOR transition project plan. This transition project is considering risk management policy adjustment, internal procedures modification, information system update, financial instrument valuation model adjustment and related issues of accounting and taxation. TCB and its subsidiary has started to discuss the modification of contracts with the counterparties in the financial instrument transactions and expect to accomplish modification before interest rate transition.

The following table contains details of non-derivative financial instruments held by the Company at March 31, 2021 which are subject to the reform and have not transitioned to an alternative benchmark interest rate:

	Carrying Amount
Financial assets that reference USD LIBOR C Financial assets at FVTOCI B Discounts and loans	\$ 285,050 
a	<u>\$ 74,580,688</u>
Financial assets that reference JPY LIBOR Discounts and loans	\$ 787,543
Financial assets that reference EUR LIBOR  S Discounts and loans	<u>\$ 534,345</u>
Financial debts that reference GBP LIBOR C Deposits and remittances	<u>\$ 832,363</u>

TCB applies market risk sensitivity as a risk control instrument. Market risk sensitivity position refers to the change in the value of a position due to a change in a certain market risk factor. Market risk factors include interest rates, exchange rates, and equity security prices. TCB's position sensitivity exposure trading book contains all types of positions exposed to market risk and the range of change to which sensitivity analysis applied under various pressure scenarios for all types of risk factors.

Assuming all other factors are held constant, the effects of risks within defined change scenarios are shown below:

Main Risk	Change Scenario	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Interest rate risk	Interest rate curve increased 100 basis points	\$ (230,615)	\$ (132,255)	\$ (432,360)
	Interest rate curve fell 100 basis points	240,741	139,368	466,788
	USD/NT\$, EUR/NT\$ increased 3%	(143,667)	(153,007)	(137,019)
Enghance note right	USD/NT\$, EUR/NT\$ fell 3%	143,667	153,007	137,019
Exchange rate risk	Others (RMB, AUD etc.)/ NT\$ increased 5%	29,758	59,168	41,327
	Others (RMB, AUD etc.)/ NT\$ fell 5%	(29,758)	(59,168)	(41,327)
Equity security	Equity security price increased by 15%	113,939	114,003	90,870
price risk	Equity security price fell by 15%	(113,939)	(114,003)	(90,870)

Average amount and average interest rate of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities are as follows:

Average balance is calculated by the daily average balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.

# Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
	2021			2020		
		Average Balance	Average Rate (%)		Average Balance	Average Rate (%)
<u>Interest-earning assets</u>						
Due from banks and other financial assets - due						
from banks	\$	28,586,535	1.01	\$	29,955,226	1.96
Due from the Central Bank		192,051,754	0.23		176,104,485	0.36
Call loans to banks and other financial assets - call						
loans to security firms		71,916,872	0.53		55,307,529	1.81
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair						
value through profit or loss		27,387,517	0.32		18,918,919	0.63
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income		354,105,442	1.35		321,980,656	1.64
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost		753,399,079	0.51		550,870,921	0.84
Discounts and loans		2,294,519,052	1.63		2,226,083,463	2.03
					((	Continued)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31						
	2021 20				2020	20	
		Average Balance	Average Rate (%)		Average Balance	Average Rate (%)	
Interest-bearing liabilities							
Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks	\$	228,858,795	0.27	\$	243,972,576	0.95	
Due to the Central Bank and other banks		47,728,736	0.10		-	-	
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss		_	-		11,833,165	4.94	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements		6,617,499	0.18		7,965,104	0.31	
Demand deposits		714,928,656	0.06		553,295,239	0.15	
Savings - demand deposits		1,052,251,700	0.18		909,965,638	0.26	
Time deposits		692,728,210	0.57		655,912,013	1.36	
Time savings deposits		608,855,761	0.82		625,814,807	1.04	
Treasury deposits		113,360,930	0.47		114,851,354	0.65	
Negotiable certificates of deposits		44,659,611	0.31		36,420,119	0.69	
Structured products		2,421,228	0.30		1,047,409	1.15	
Bank debentures		61,600,000	1.52		64,835,165	1.52	
Lease liabilities		1,593,302	2.67		1,613,081	2.85	
					(C	Concluded)	

The exchange rate risk of TCB and its subsidiary is as follows:

(In Thousands)

		March 31, 2021	
_	Foreign		New Taiwan
	Currencies	<b>Exchange Rate</b>	Dollars
Financial assets			
USD	\$ 13,703,738	28.5050	\$ 390,625,039
RMB	12,406,277	4.3360	53,793,617
AUD	1,576,928	21.6800	34,187,791
EUR	494,757	33.3900	16,519,935
JPY	41,060,628	0.2577	10,581,324
Financial liabilities			
USD	18,090,466	28.5050	515,668,733
RMB	10,381,706	4.3360	45,015,078
AUD	1,208,671	21.6800	26,203,986
JPY	51,222,696	0.2577	13,200,089
ZAR	4,139,715	1.9090	7,902,717

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>					
	Foreign		New Taiwan			
	Currencies	<b>Exchange Rate</b>	Dollars			
Einemaiol essets						
Financial assets						
USD	\$ 13,870,878	28.1000	\$ 389,771,681			
RMB	12,065,358	4.3250	52,182,671			
AUD	1,555,686	21.6500	33,680,611			
EUR	509,433	34.5900	17,621,286			
JPY	37,286,079	0.2725	10,160,457			
Financial liabilities						
USD	17,586,903	28.1000	494,191,970			
RMB	10,068,251	4.3250	43,545,186			
AUD	1,053,441	21.6500	22,807,003			
JPY	45,630,001	0.2725	12,434,175			
EUR	252,455	34.5900	8,732,422			
		March 31, 2020				
	Foreign	March 31, 2020	New Taiwan			
	Foreign Currencies	March 31, 2020 Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars			
Financial assets						
Financial assets USD						
USD RMB	Currencies  \$ 12,870,583	30.2050 4.2510	Dollars \$ 388,755,974 57,890,926			
USD RMB AUD	Currencies  \$ 12,870,583     13,618,190     1,667,322	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450	<b>Dollars</b> \$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223			
USD RMB AUD EUR	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299			
USD RMB AUD	Currencies  \$ 12,870,583     13,618,190     1,667,322	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450	<b>Dollars</b> \$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223			
USD RMB AUD EUR	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299			
USD RMB AUD EUR HKD	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299			
USD RMB AUD EUR HKD Financial liabilities	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314 2,115,240	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800 3.8940	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299 8,236,744			
USD RMB AUD EUR HKD Financial liabilities	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314 2,115,240	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800 3.8940	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299 8,236,744			
USD RMB AUD EUR HKD  Financial liabilities  USD RMB	\$ 12,870,583 13,618,190 1,667,322 428,314 2,115,240 15,984,242 11,931,424	30.2050 4.2510 18.6450 33.2800 3.8940 30.2050 4.2510	\$ 388,755,974 57,890,926 31,087,223 14,254,299 8,236,744 482,804,043 50,720,482			

# 4) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is inherent in all bank operations and might be affected by specific or general industry and environmental events. These events include credit-related events, mergers or acquisitions, systemic changes and natural disasters. TCB and its subsidiary define liquidity risk as the inability to realize assets or to obtain financing for meeting obligations when they fall due, resulting in loss.

The liquidity risk management strategy is based on the overall risk management objectives and involves liquidity risk, identification, measurement, monitoring and control to maintain TCB's appropriate liquidity and ensure adequate funding for meeting liability obligations or for capital growth.

The liquidity risk management procedures involve identification, measurement, monitoring and report of risk. Each business unit should identify the existing liquidity risk in business activities and financing products.

For adequate liquidity for all types of deposits, TCB follows the relevant regulations issued by the Central Bank to estimate the liquidity reserves and calculates and controls daily the liquidity reserve ratios.

For TCB's operating liquidity, the fund disbursement unit performs daily cash flow management and monitoring of the payments schedule on the basis of detailed reports by different departments and relevant rules.

The risk management department regularly generates risk reports, which include the liquidity reserve ratios and the maturity analysis of instruments and transactions denominated in major foreign currencies, and submits them to the Asset and Liability Management Committee and the Board as reference for decision making.

TCB stipulates liquidity risk limits, which are regularly monitored and reviewed by the risk management department. If a liquidity risk limit is exceeded or other exception situations occur, the business supervising unit immediately develops appropriate contingency measures and submits them to the Asset and Liability Management Committee for approval and implementation.

TCB contingency measures for business emergency or sudden liquidity crisis are aimed at quick crisis resolution and resumption of normal operations.

TCB's liquidity reserve ratios were 32.58% in March 2021, 32.20% in December 2020 and 28.80% in March 2020.

TCB and its subsidiary disclosed the analysis of cash outflows on non-derivative financial liabilities by their residual maturities as of the balance sheet dates. The amounts of cash outflows are based on contractual cash flows, so some amounts may not correspond to those shown in the consolidated balance sheets.

March 31, 2021	0-30 Days		31-90 Days		9	91-180 Days		181 Days - 1 Year		Over 1 Year		Total
Deposits from the Central												
Bank and other banks	\$	172,788,230	\$	61,678,030	\$	15,632,393	\$	4,273,299	\$	-	\$	254,371,952
Due to the Central Bank and												
other banks		-		-		23,207,190		30,683,740		-		53,890,930
Financial liabilities at fair												
value through profit or loss		588,891		-		-		-		-		588,891
Securities sold under												
repurchase agreements		2,469,473		2,415,514		1,042,784		151,377		796,853		6,876,001
Payables		23,757,863		2,117,577		2,678,950		2,351,876		2,955,355		33,861,621
Deposits and remittances		297,014,627		451,308,547		469,389,839		753,772,953	1	,301,845,423		3,273,331,389
Bank debentures		-		1,500,000		-		-		60,100,000		61,600,000
Lease liabilities		60,982		127,934		110,717		173,748		705,632		1,179,013
Other items of cash outflow												
on maturity		5,755,111		222		270		937,992		8,229		6,701,824

December 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Deposits from the Central						
Bank and other banks	\$ 134,290,203	\$ 70,564,173	\$ 13,059,156	\$ 7,511,054	\$ -	\$ 225,424,586
Due to the Central Bank and						
other banks	-	13,911,420	-	23,207,190	-	37,118,610
Securities sold under						
repurchase agreements	2,676,474	1,975,304	1,108,235	130,863	441,432	6,332,308
Payables	18,304,602	1,908,525	5,236,979	2,342,043	2,339,362	30,131,511
Deposits and remittances	322,166,243	474,217,819	434,667,871	701,471,034	1,340,412,013	3,272,934,980
Bank debentures	-	-	1,500,000	-	60,100,000	61,600,000
Lease liabilities	63,950	171,376	144,349	275,440	1,679,513	2,334,628
Other items of cash outflow						
on maturity	4,092,279	246	300	906,783	31,497	5,031,105

March 31, 2020	0-30 Days	3	31-90 Days	9:	1-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	o	ver 1 Year	Total
Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks Securities sold under	\$ 182,411,166	\$	59,459,672	\$	8,138,866	\$ 1,185,034	\$	-	\$ 251,194,738
repurchase agreements	3,803,655		6,165,714		1,119,480	126,634		-	11,215,483
Payables	22,505,407		2,978,496		3,206,984	2,638,180		2,146,222	33,475,289
Deposits and remittances	310,790,764		425,552,753		406,225,789	685,038,284	1	,142,113,391	2,969,720,981
Bank debentures	-		-		-	900,000		56,600,000	57,500,000
Lease liabilities	74,540		80,512		124,371	269,828		1,072,766	1,622,017
Other items of cash outflow									
on maturity	1,857,710		315		389	868,670		22,656	2,749,740

In the above table, the maturity analysis of deposits and remittances by residual-maturity period was based on TCB and its subsidiary's historical experience. Assuming that all demand deposits as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 must be repaid soon, the capital expenditure will be increased by \$1,791,890,689 thousand, \$1,796,222,648 thousand and \$1,494,034,776 thousand, respectively, within 30 days these balance sheet dates.

TCB and its subsidiary assess the maturity dates of contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown in the balance sheets. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown in the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

#### a) Derivative financial liabilities to be settled at net amounts

March 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days- 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial						
liabilities at fair						
value through profit						
or loss						
Currency	\$ 212	\$ 486	\$ 142	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 840
Interest	(1,464)	(519)	(1,391)	(3,413)	(3,878)	(10,665)

December 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days- 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial						
liabilities at fair						
value through profit						
or loss						
Currency	\$ 2,524	\$ 4,376	\$ 3,982	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ 10,917
Interest	(1,489)	(514)	(1,232)	(3,671)	(5,782)	(12,688)

March 31, 2020	0-30	Days	31-9	0 Days	91-1	80 Days	1 Days- Year	Over	1 Year	Т	'otal
Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss											
Currency Interest	\$	8 (913)	\$	127 (286)	\$	278 (1,206)	\$ 163 (4,367)	\$	- 12,586)	\$	576 19,358)

# b) Derivative financial liabilities to be settled at gross amounts

March 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities						
at fair value through profit						
or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 21,455,285	\$ 17,390,923	\$ 8,294,015	\$ 3,779,519	\$ 253,045	\$ 51,172,787
Cash inflow	21,632,685	17,809,193	8,502,936	3,830,018	253,224	52,028,056
Interest derivatives						
Cash outflow	42,779	314,679	-	143,117	-	500,575
Cash inflow	41,981	154,503	-	140,991	-	337,475
Total cash outflow	21,498,064	17,705,602	8,294,015	3,922,636	253,045	51,673,362
Total cash inflow	21,674,666	17,963,696	8,502,936	3,971,009	253,224	52,365,531
Net cash flow	176,602	258,094	208,921	48,373	179	692,169

December 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities						
at fair value through profit						
or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 67,256,035	\$ 57,597,575	\$ 35,541,984	\$ 20,818,986	\$ -	\$ 181,214,580
Cash inflow	68,459,812	59,063,827	36,344,928	21,215,498	-	185,084,065
Total cash outflow	67,256,035	57,597,575	35,541,984	20,818,986	-	181,214,580
Total cash inflow	68,459,812	59,063,827	36,344,928	21,215,498	-	185,084,065
Net cash flow	1,203,777	1,466,252	802,944	396,512	-	3,869,485

March 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities						
at fair value through profit						
or loss						
Currency derivatives						
Cash outflow	\$ 42,266,346	\$ 36,224,513	\$ 27,629,185	\$ 16,707,527	\$ -	\$ 122,827,571
Cash inflow	42,420,174	36,542,680	27,785,446	16,772,340	-	123,520,640
Interest derivatives						
Cash outflow	136,321	60,545	-	-	-	196,866
Cash inflow	135,300	60,236	-	-	-	195,536
Total cash outflow	42,402,667	36,285,058	27,629,185	16,707,527	-	123,024,437
Total cash inflow	42,555,474	36,602,916	27,785,446	16,772,340	-	123,716,176
Net cash flow	152,807	317,858	156,261	64,813	-	691,739

TCB and its subsidiary conducted maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items based on the residual maturities as of the balance sheet dates. For the financial guarantee contracts issued, the maximum amounts of the guarantees are included in the earliest periods that the guarantee obligation might have been required to be fulfilled. The amounts used in the maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to those shown in the balance sheets.

March 31, 2021	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days- 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan						
commitments issued	\$ 1,064,560	\$ 10,741,001	\$ 16,784,451	\$ 11,865,498	\$ 52,571,072	\$ 93,026,582
Irrevocable credit card						
commitments	504,459	142,265	796,388	4,135,062	51,787,576	57,365,750
Letters of credit issued yet						
unused	5,573,527	13,786,203	3,292,734	1,930,188	7,377,187	31,959,839
Other guarantees	11,194,423	13,371,545	10,727,625	8,922,991	63,081,386	107,297,970

December 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days- 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan commitments issued	\$ 1,780,057	\$ 5,754,959	\$ 9,424,885	\$ 16,478,646	\$ 51,834,487	\$ 85,273,034
Irrevocable credit card commitments	486,171	219,619	284,242	4,131,380	50,200,284	55,321,696
Letters of credit issued yet unused	4,063,257	11,942,600	2,257,016	1,348,322	4,575,745	24,186,940
Other guarantees	9,491,871	7,823,692	12,084,249	13,532,636	60,694,093	103,626,541

March 31, 2020	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days- 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Irrevocable loan						
commitments issued	\$ 1,579,859	\$ 2,724,861	\$ 4,320,989	\$ 19,391,550	\$ 46,174,392	\$ 74,191,651
Irrevocable credit card						
commitments	576,222	215,175	439,221	838,337	50,721,779	52,790,734
Letters of credit issued yet						
unused	4,132,555	10,496,731	3,099,644	1,116,603	326,504	19,172,037
Other guarantees	6,211,794	6,499,413	6,139,352	9,718,772	73,966,578	102,535,909

#### BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (BPCTLI)

Financial risk arises when future cash flows generated from financial assets are insufficient to pay insurance and investment contracts. BPCTLI has already set up a risk management mechanism and control system that can effectively identify, measure, respond to, and monitor the level of risk BPCTLI is exposed to, including market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, etc.

The strategies adopted by management to supervise and control different financial risks as well as consider competition and changes in the economic environment were as follows:

#### 1) Market risk

#### a) Market risk source and market risk factors

Market risk results from the fluctuation in the fair values of financial instruments or future cash. The risk factors causing market price changes include interest rates, exchange rates, stock prices and commodity prices, which may cause a gain or loss on net revenues and affect BPCTLI's investment portfolio.

#### b) Market risk strategy and procedures

BPCTLI has established management policies and market risk limits to monitor the market risk and tolerable losses.

BPCTLI monitors the limit management of financial instruments and the implementation of sensitivity analysis, stress testing and risk calculation. For management's decision making, the risk management department periodically reports to the board of directors and the Risk Management Committee.

In line with hedging against interest rate risk, the investment selection includes an assessment of the financial instrument issuers' credit and financial condition, the investing countries' risk condition and interest rate movements. If a foreign currency risk pertains to overseas investments, BPCTLI uses foreign exchange swaps for each overseas investment and periodically measures the efficiency of these swaps. BPCTLI has investment limits and stop-loss order to control equity risk.

#### c) Market risk management framework

To quantify the possible loss resulting from the price fluctuations of BPCTLI assets, BPCTLI control market risk through calculating value-at-risk (VaR) regularly, combining with back testing, sensitivity analysis method and stress testing.

#### d) Market risk information

#### i. VaR (value at risk)

VaR measures "the worst expected loss over a target horizon with a given level of confidence and normal market environment." BPCTLI's worst expected losses for two weeks with a 99% confidence level were \$748,476 thousand, \$780,722 thousand and \$830,998 thousand as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

# ii. Sensitivity analysis

#### i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on an investment portfolio value or investment gain or loss. The investment instruments exposed to interest rate risk are mainly bonds and derivative financial assets.

Assuming all other indicators had been held constant and had the interest rate increased by 0.01% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 the fair values of financial assets would have decreased by \$21,605 thousand, \$22,259 thousand and \$22,026 thousand, respectively.

# ii) Equity risk

The equity risk includes the individual risk from the movement of individual investments and the market risk from the movement of the market as a whole.

Assuming all other indicators had been held constant and based on the asset condition of BPCTLI on March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, had the TAIEX fallen 1%, the fair value of the equity assets would have decreased by \$18,269 thousand, \$19,555 thousand and \$17,138 thousand, respectively.

# iii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises when a financial asset or liability is denominated in a currency different from the BPCTLI's base currency. This risk mainly refers to nonmonetary financial assets and liabilities.

BPCTLI's overseas financial instruments were primarily exposed to the U.S. dollar. Assuming all other factors had been held constant, no hedging had been involved, and had the U.S. dollar decreased 1% for the three months ended March 31, 2021, the year ended December 31, 2020 and the three months ended March 31, 2020, the income before income tax would have decreased \$139,025 thousand, \$148,870 thousand and \$140,372 thousand, respectively.

The table below shows the carrying value of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020.

# March 31, 2021

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Savings accounts			
USD	\$ 16,410	28.505	\$ 467,771
EUR	2,658	33.360	88,673
AUD	1,662	21.665	36,012
Receivables			
USD	4,734	28.505	134,929
EUR	558	33.360	18,599
RMB	1,692	4.334	7,335
Financial assets at FVTPL			
USD	3,721	28.505	106,077
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
USD	464,517	28.505	13,241,049
EUR	54,064	33.360	1,803,575
RMB	202,963	4.334	879,643
Financial assets at amortized cost			
USD	5,419	28.505	154,477
EUR	9,664	33.360	322,376
Financial liabilities			
Guarantee deposits received USD	7,078	28.505	201,771
<u>December 31, 2020</u>			
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars
Financial assets			
Savings accounts			
USD	\$ 51,466	28.097	\$ 1,446,047
EUR	2,692	34.510	92,903
ZAR	23,926	1.919	45,924
Receivables			
USD	4,073	28.097	114,448
EUR	3,149	34.510	108,674
RMB	1,080	4.318	4,663
Financial assets at FVTPL			
USD	3,643	28.097	102,362
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
USD	470,698	28.097	13,225,199
EUR	55,418	34.510	1,912,482
RMB	202,824	4.318	875,792
			(Continued)

		oreign rencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars
Financial assets at amortized				
cost				
EUR	\$	9,654	34.510	\$ 333,152
USD		5,422	28.097	152,340
Financial liabilities				
Guarantee deposits received USD		5,460	28.097	153,410 (Concluded)
March 31, 2020				
		oreign rencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars
Financial assets				
Savings accounts				
USD	\$	16,159	30.235	\$ 488,562
ZAR		28,704	1.6879	48,449
AUD		2,090	18.705	39,085
EUR		984	33.320	32,776
Receivables		1 505	20.225	120 622
USD EUR		4,585 559	30.235 33.320	138,622 18,612
RMB		3,040	4.256	12,939
Financial assets at FVTPL		3,040	4.230	12,737
USD		3,034	30.235	91,722
Financial assets at FVTOCI		-,		· -,· -=
USD	4	139,387	30.235	13,309,369
EUR		66,722	33.320	2,223,183
RMB	2	243,900	4.256	1,038,423
Financial assets at amortized cost				
EUR		9,622	33.320	320,615
USD		5,425	30.235	164,017
Financial liabilities				
Guarantee deposits received				
USD		5,130	30.235	155,106

## iii. Stress testing

If an extreme event or systematic risk occurs, stress testing is done to measure the potential impact of a negative development on trading book portfolio during an abnormal market period.

BPCTLI does stress testing by analyzing market risk stress testing and different stress testing scenarios from Bloomberg.

Assuming the U.S. 10 year Treasury yield increased 1% as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the losses on financial assets of the BPCTLI would have been \$715,854 thousand, \$855,407 thousand and \$912,526 thousand, respectively.

#### 2) Credit risk

#### a) Credit risk definition and classifications

Credit risk refers to the risks that debtors' credit is downgraded or the counterparty cannot make payments or refuses to perform contractual obligations. The credit exposure primarily refers to investments in debt and derivative instruments.

# b) Credit risk strategy and procedures

#### BPCTLI controls credit risk as follows:

#### i. Investment credit limit and the control of concentration of credit risk

The investment department complies with insurance laws and applicable regulations, follows company credit limits and investment management policies for every type of investment product, and reviews the appropriateness of investment transactions to lower the concentration of risks. After the completion of each transaction, the risk management department regularly monitors the credit risk and reports the exposure to various credit limits in each committee meeting.

#### ii. Stress testing

Using the scenario from the Insurance Bureau, BPCTLI periodically tests the impact on financial asset income and loss of the concentration of credit risk and credit default ratio.

# iii. Credit risk reduction policy

If a bond is downgraded below the authorized minimum rating, the investment department will assess the impact caused and decide whether or not to dispose of the assets. When a decision is reached not to dispose of the assets, the investment department should provide the investment withdrawal committee a sufficient reason for its decision. If approval by the investment withdrawal committee is not given within two months of the proposed asset disposal, the assets are disposed of immediately by the investment department.

Some financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and refundable deposits are regarded as having very low credit risk because of the good credit ratings of counterparties. The credit analysis of other financial assets is as follows:

### iv. Credit analysis for bonds

	Ma	rch 31, 2021	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	%
Domestic investment - government bonds (Note 1)  Domestic investment - corporate bonds	\$ 11,846,671	\$ 11,905,108	38
(twAAA - twAA) Overseas investment - government bonds Overseas investment - corporate bonds and	3,295,487 2,341,045	3,295,487 2,399,605	10 7
bank debentures (Aa2 - A3) Overseas investment - corporate bonds and	11,972,068	11,972,922	38
bank debentures (Baa1 - Ba1)	2,088,007	2,088,007	7
	<u>\$ 31,543,278</u>	\$ 31,661,129	<u>100</u>
		mber 31, 2020	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	%
Domestic investment - government bonds (Note 1)	\$ 11,970,434	\$ 12,057,277	38
Domestic investment - corporate bonds (twAAA - twAA)	3,101,771 2,273,106	3,101,771 2,354,602	10 7
Overseas investment - government bonds Overseas investment - corporate bonds and bank debentures (Aa2 - A3) Overseas investment - corporate bonds and	12,115,940	12,117,135	41
bank debentures (Baa1 - Ba1)	2,109,919	2,109,919	4
	<u>\$ 31,571,170</u>	\$ 31,740,704	<u>100</u>
		rch 31, 2020	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	%
Domestic investment - government bonds (Note 1)  Domestic investment - corporate bonds	\$ 11,272,217	\$ 11,329,904	36
(twAAA - twAA)	2,770,590	2,770,590	9
Overseas investment - government bonds Overseas investment - corporate bonds and	1,943,054	1,961,415	6
bank debentures (Aa2 - A3)  Overseas investment - corporate bonds and	13,022,772	13,023,279	42
bank debentures (Baa1 - Ba1)	2,065,281	2,065,281	7
	\$ 31,073,914	\$ 31,150,469	100

Note 1: The above domestic government bonds include other assets - operating deposits.

Note 2: The sources of credit ratings are Taiwan Ratings Corp. and Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

#### 3) Liquidity risk

#### a) Source and definition of liquidity risk

Liquidity risk means BPCTLI cannot provide sufficient funding for asset size growth and for meeting obligations on matured liabilities.

#### b) Liquidity risk management strategy and principles

BPCTLI does annual and monthly cash flow analysis based on its budgets, makes daily cash estimates, and reviews the flow of funds to ensure the accuracy and timeliness of liquidity risk management. BPCTLI's liquidity risk is reviewed by the Asset Liability Committee quarterly and by the Investment Committee, monthly.

#### c) Maturity analysis

i. For the liquidity risk management of financial assets' and non-derivative financial liabilities' maturity analysis

To ensure that it has sufficient cash on hand for liability payments and asset purchases (BPCTLI has no bank loans and financial guarantees, and all the non-derivative liabilities will expire in less than one year), BPCTLI can use unrestricted cash, consisting of financial institution deposits, certificate deposits (including conditional bonds), quasi-foreign currency mutual funds, etc.

#### ii. Maturity analysis of derivatives

The following table shows BPCTLI's liquidity analysis of its derivative financial instruments. The table was based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by yield curves at the end of the reporting period.

		March 31, 2021						
	Within	1 Year to 3	Over Five					
	One Year	Years	Years	Years				
Net settled								
Currency swap contracts Cross-currency swap	\$ 155,025	\$ 102,295	\$ -	\$ -				
contracts		7,557	<del>_</del>					
	<u>\$ 155,025</u>	<u>\$ 109,852</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>				
		Decembe	er 31, 2020					
	Within	1 Year to 3	3 Years to 5	Over Five				
	One Year	Years	Years	Years				
Net settled								
Currency swap contracts Cross-currency swap	\$ 190,829	\$ 146,945	\$ -	\$ -				
contracts			6,210					
	\$ 190,829	<u>\$ 146,945</u>	<u>\$ 6,210</u>	<u>\$ -</u>				

	March 31, 2020						
	Within One Year	1 Year to 3 Years					
Net settled							
Currency swap contracts	<u>\$ 266,411</u>	<u>\$ 21,456</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>			

#### f. Insurance contracts

To pursue a sustainable development, to protect the interests of the policyholders and to ensure that capital is adequate for fulfilling its repayment obligations, BPCTLI has formed risk management policies, set up a risk management committee under the board of directors and a risk management department, which is independent from its operation departments, in accordance with the Risk Management Practice Manual for Insurance Industry and practice guideline No. 09802512072 issued by the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission.

The risk management program and procedure are summarized as follows:

#### 1) Insurance risk management and measurement

Insurance risk refers to the possibility of BPCTLI's not having sufficient assets to meet future obligations on an insured event. The risk on an insurance contract is random and is thus unpredictable.

BPCTLI's risk exposures involve mortality, morbidity, withdrawal rates, interest rates and fee rates, as well as the uncertainty of the returns on insurance premium investments. Based on the nature of an insurance contract, the occurrence of a covered event, the uncertainty of the amount and the timing are the inherent risks. For life, injury or health insurance, underwriting risks include mortality, accident or morbidity. The significant insurance liability risks are the frequency and severity of the accident covered by the insurance and the actual liability payment exceeding the expected liability payment. BPCTLI is also exposed to loss from natural and man-made disasters, and the frequency and severity of and loss on these disasters are unpredictable. The risks on annuity insurance contracts pertain to the constantly improving health care in society, which helps extend people's life span.

The exposure to insurance risk is influenced by the policyholders' behavior, such as reducing insurance coverage in the future, stopping paying insurance premium or terminating the insurance contract.

BPCTLI spreads out its insurance risk by developing appropriate policy pricing and underwriting strategies and acquiring a sufficient number of policyholders in each risk range so that the variances in the average amounts of claim payments decrease as the number of claims increases. For added safety, BPCTLI manages its insurance risks through issuing a large number of mixed policies and obtaining reinsurance against natural disasters with reinsurance companies to avoid large claims.

#### 2) Concentration of insurance risk and the development of claims

BPCTLI sells its products all over Taiwan and has no concentration of credit risk in a particular geographic region, clientele, age, or profession. To prevent the accumulated risk from going beyond what BPCTLI can tolerate, BPCTLI has evaluated the insurance risk associated with each product and obtained reinsurance against natural disasters with reinsurance companies to avoid the risk of large claims.

The following table shows the development of claims (the cases within one year are not included), and it explains how BPCTLI evaluates claims through development ages. The circumstance and development of reserve claims may change in the future. Thus, actual future claims cannot be determined just by using the following tables.

#### a) Development of direct business loss

Accident						Developn	nent Ages						Claim
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Reserve
2010	\$ 3	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	s -
2011	4,170	7,263	7,786	7,854	7,854	8,034	8,034	8,034	7,854	7,854	7,854	7,854	-
2012	12,366	20,155	21,177	21,070	21,111	21,112	21,112	21,112	21,113	21,113	21,113	21,113	-
2013	19,586	27,531	27,762	28,666	28,555	28,551	28,553	28,553	28,553	28,553	28,553	28,553	-
2014	25,862	28,357	28,976	31,011	31,016	31,018	31,018	31,018	31,018	31,018	31,018	31,018	-
2015	35,899	42,080	42,346	42,353	42,361	42,381	42,381	42,381	42,381	42,381	42,381	42,381	1
2016	26,485	31,219	31,407	31,432	31,444	31,444	31,445	31,445	31,445	31,445	31,445	31,445	1
2017	53,250	63,055	58,484	58,652	58,652	58,660	58,660	58,660	58,661	58,661	58,661	58,661	9
2018	36,190	45,800	46,223	46,227	46,235	46,242	46,243	46,243	46,243	46,243	46,243	46,243	17
2019	52,386	68,948	69,444	71,194	71,204	71,211	71,212	71,212	71,213	71,213	71,213	71,213	1,769
2020	45,488	48,505	48,951	49,320	49,330	49,337	49,337	49,337	49,338	49,338	49,338	49,338	833
2021	63,755	79,194	79,827	81,320	81,333	81,342	81,343	81,343	81,345	81,345	81,345	81,345	17,590
	Incurred but not reported							20,220					
										Reported but n	ot paid		56,054

Balance of claim reserve

\$ 76,274

#### b) Development of retained business

Accident						Developn	nent Ages						Claim
Year	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Re								Reserve			
2010	\$ 3	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ -
2011	4,170	7,263	7,786	7,854	7,854	8,034	8,034	8,034	7,854	7,854	7,854	7,854	-
2012	10,307	18,108	19,129	19,023	19,063	19,065	19,065	19,065	19,066	19,066	19,066	19,066	-
2013	19,497	26,841	27,071	27,975	27,864	27,860	27,861	27,861	27,861	27,861	27,861	27,861	-
2014	25,174	27,659	28,278	30,313	30,318	30,319	30,319	30,319	30,320	30,320	30,320	30,320	-
2015	31,538	37,711	37,977	37,985	37,992	38,012	38,012	38,012	38,013	38,013	38,013	38,013	1
2016	25,930	30,590	30,778	30,802	30,815	30,815	30,816	30,816	30,816	30,816	30,816	30,816	1
2017	51,121	58,887	56,315	56,484	56,484	56,491	56,492	56,492	56,493	56,493	56,493	56,493	9
2018	35,432	44,832	45,226	45,229	45,238	45,244	45,245	45,245	45,246	45,246	45,246	45,246	17
2019	47,585	62,159	62,654	63,781	63,790	63,798	63,798	63,798	63,799	63,799	63,799	63,799	1,145
2020	45,298	48,299	48,743	49,111	49,121	49,127	49,128	49,128	49,129	49,129	49,129	49,129	830
2021	61,889	75,378	76,000	77,235	77,248	77,257	77,258	77,258	77,259	77,259	77,259	77,259	15,370
										Incurred but no			17,373
										Reported but n	ot paid		41,094

Incurred but not reported Reported but not paid Balance of claim reserve

\$ 58,467

#### 3) Sensitivity analysis of insurance risk

Based on relevant insurance laws and regulations, when calculating the liability reserve, assumptions used at the time of purchase are locked in, but such assumptions may change as time passes. According to IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts," a liability adequacy test is needed to determine whether BPCTLI has sufficient insurance liability. BPCTLI performed a sensitivity analysis with changes in the assumptions on death rate, illness rate, withdrawal rate and discount rate. The results are as follows:

Insurance contracts and investment contracts with a discretionary participation feature.

	<b>March 31, 2021</b>				
	Changes in the Assumptions				
Discount rate	0.25%	\$ 15,860	\$ 12,688		
Discount rate	(0.25%)	(15,895)	(12,716)		
Mortality rate	10.00%	(7,007)	(5,605)		
Mortality rate	(10.00%)	11,985	9,588		
Withdrawal rate	30.00%	4,225	3,380		
Withdrawal rate	(30.00%)	(4,212)	(3,370)		
Illness rate/loss rate	15.00%	(5,195)	(4,156)		
Expense rate	10.00%	(16,490)	(13,192)		

		December 31, 2020	
	Changes in the Assumptions	Impact on Income Before Income Tax	Impact on Equity
Discount rate	0.25%	\$ 62,069	\$ 49,655
Discount rate	(0.25%)	(62,323)	(49,859)
Mortality rate	10.00%	(28,689)	(22,951)
Mortality rate	(10.00%)	28,688	22,951
Withdrawal rate	30.00%	13,826	11,061
Withdrawal rate	(30.00%)	(13,860)	(11,088)
Illness rate/loss rate	15.00%	(20,713)	(16,570)
Expense rate	10.00%	(69,441)	(55,553)
		March 31, 2020	
	Changes in the	Impact on Income Before	Impact on

Assumptions	Income Tax	Equity
0.25%	\$ 15,684	\$ 12,547
(0.25%)	(15,752)	(12,602)
10.00%	(6,528)	(5,223)
(10.00%)	6,495	5,196
30.00%	3,525	2,820
(30.00%)	(3,557)	(2,845)
15.00%	(4,896)	(3,917)
10.00%	(15,491)	(12,393)
	0.25% (0.25%) 10.00% (10.00%) 30.00% (30.00%) 15.00%	Assumptions         Income Tax           0.25%         \$ 15,684           (0.25%)         (15,752)           10.00%         (6,528)           (10.00%)         6,495           30.00%         3,525           (30.00%)         (3,557)           15.00%         (4,896)

- Note 1: After-tax balances were used to calculate the equity.
- Note 2: The result is non-linear and is limited to changes in the assumptions presented above.
- Note 3: Changes in the assumptions presented above are scenarios and the range of change may be interrelated.
- Note 4: The sensitivity analysis does not consider market changes that have an impact on the operation (e.g., buy/sell asset positions, changes in the allocation of assets, adjustments in the declared interest rate of the policy, etc.).

#### 4) Credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk

#### a) Market risk

Under the Regulations Governing the Reserves by Insurance Enterprises and relevant laws and regulations, BPCTLI calculates reserves at the assumed interest rate and risk occurrence rate set by the supervisory authorities. The expected rates are tied to the policy before sale. These rates are not affected by market rate changes since the long-term trend rate set by the authorities has taken into consideration the assumed interest and the related timing, amount and direction.

Based on IFRS 4, if the liability adequacy test is insufficient, BPCTLI should accrue the shortage as reserve for liability adequacy. The reserve for liability adequacy is not affected by market rate changes.

BPTCLI believes that the supervisory authorities would not soon change the calculation of life policy reserve from the fixed interest rate to float interest rate and that market risks would not significantly affect profit and loss.

#### b) Credit risk

BPCTLI has ceded reinsurance and assessed the credit of a reinsurance company to ensure the assets and claims recovered from reinsurances are not impaired. The biggest credit risk amount is equal to the book value of the reinsurance assets.

#### c) Liquidity risk

BPCTLI predicts the future cash flows of assets and liabilities through an asset-liability matching model to ensure there are enough cash flows to cover a predicted liability obligation. The measure is used as a long-term control mechanism for liquidity risk.

Under related laws and regulations, the individual face values of BPCTLI's insurance policies are all greater than their surrender value. Thus, the liquidity risks on agreement cancellations would not be significant. In addition, under the materiality principle, if a policyholder cancels its coverage, BPCTLI will not disclose the cash flow maturity analysis in its financial statements if the coverage amount is not significant.

#### g. Transfers of financial assets

Under the Company operations, most of derecognized financial assets are securities sold under repurchase agreements, and the contractual cash flows have been transferred to others. The Company has the responsibility to repurchase transferred financial assets at fixed prices, and cannot use, sell and pledge transferred financial assets. However, the Company is still in the risk exposure of interest rate and credit, so the transferred financial assets cannot be removed entirely. The information on derecognized financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2021							
Financial Assets	Financial F Assets L		Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities	Net Position of Fair Value		
Financial assets at FVTPL - securities sold under repurchase agreements Financial assets at FVTOCI - securities sold under repurchase	\$ 35,245,000	\$ 35,257,603	\$ 35,245,000	\$ 35,257,603	\$ (12,603)		
agreements	19,813,814	20,043,424	19,813,814	20,043,424	(229,610)		

December 31, 2020								
Financial Assets	Financial Financial Assets Liabilities		Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities	Net Position of Fair Value			
Financial assets at FVTPL - securities sold under repurchase agreements Financial assets at FVTOCI - securities sold under repurchase	\$ 36,890,958	\$ 36,858,624	\$ 36,890,958	\$ 36,858,624	\$ 32,334			
agreements	18,840,795	18,916,402	18,840,795	18,916,402	(75,607)			

March 31, 2020							
Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Related Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities	Net Position of Fair Value			
\$ 23,083,424	\$ 23,176,508	\$ 23,083,424	\$ 23,176,508	\$ (93,084)			
20,756,028	20,877,372	20,756,028	20,877,372	(121,344)			
	Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets  \$ 23,083,424 \$ 23,176,508	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets  Carrying Amount of Related Financial Liabilities  Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets  \$ 23,083,424 \$ 23,176,508 \$ 23,083,424	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets  Sets  Carrying Amount of Related Financial Liabilities  Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets  Sets  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities  Sets  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities  Sets  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities  Fair Value of Related Financial Liabilities			

#### h. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company is eligible to present in the balance sheet on a net basis certain derivative assets and derivative liabilities pertaining to transactions with counterparties under enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements and there is an intention either to make settlements on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. A master netting agreement provides for a single net settlement of all financial instruments covered by the agreement if the counterparty defaults on any contract. Parties may also settle transactions at gross amounts if a single settlement results in cash flows being equivalent to a single net amount.

The tables below present the quantitative information on financial assets and financial liabilities that have been offset in the balance sheet or that are covered by enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements.

#### March 31, 2021

		Gross Amounts of Recognized	Net Amounts of Financial			
	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Financial Liabilities	Assets Presented in		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet	
Financial Assets	Financial Assets	Offset in the Balance Sheet	the Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount
Resell agreements	\$ 1,963,078	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,963,078	<u>\$ (1,123,918)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 839,160</u>

	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral	
Financial Liabilities	Liabilities	Sheet	Sheet	Instruments	Pledged	Net Amount
Repurchase agreements	\$ 55,301,027	<u>\$</u>	\$ 55,301,027	<u>\$ (54,508,055</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 792,972</u>
<u>December 31, 2020</u>						
	Gross Amounts of Recognized	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in	the Bala	nts Not Offset in nce Sheet	
Financial Assets	Financial Assets	Offset in the Balance Sheet	the Balance Sheet	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount
Resell agreements	<u>\$ 1,278,803</u>	\$	<u>\$ 1,278,803</u>	<u>\$ (1,278,803)</u>	\$ -	\$ -
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral	
Financial Liabilities	Liabilities	Sheet	Sheet	Instruments	Pledged	Net Amount
Repurchase agreements	\$ 55,775,026	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 55,775,026</u>	<u>\$ (55,301,238)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 473,788</u>
March 31, 2020						
Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheet	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheet		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount
Resell agreements	\$ 3,010,005	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,010,005</u>	<u>\$ (3,010,005)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets Offset in the Balance Sheet	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheet		nts Not Offset in nce Sheet Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amount
Repurchase agreements	\$ 44,053,880	\$ -	\$ 44,053,880	<u>\$ (43,273,036)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 780,844

#### 45. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

To monitor capital adequacy, the risk management department regularly reports capital adequacy ratios every month and also quarterly reviews the execution status of and actual operation data variation on the Company's capital adequacy evaluation plan. When the actual capital adequacy ratio might go lower than the target, the Company immediately reviews the causes, prepares a report and proposes a response strategy to maintain the appropriate capital adequacy levels.

Under the Financial Holding Company Act and related regulations, TCFHC should maintain a consolidated capital adequacy ratio (CAR) of at least 100%. If the ratio falls below 100%, the appropriation of earnings as cash dividends or other assets will be restricted and the authorities may discipline TCFHC, depending on the situation.

The Banking Law and related regulations require that the Bank maintain the minimum requirement for unconsolidated and consolidated capital adequacy ratios (CAR), including the common equity Tier 1 ratio, Tier 1 capital ratio, and total capital adequacy ratio.

The Act Governing Bills Finance Business and related regulations require that the bills finance business maintain CARs at a minimum of 8%.

Under the rules governing securities firms and related regulations, the CAR of a securities firm should be at least 150% to ensure its stability as well as maintain the health of the security markets. If the ratio is below 150%, the authority may impose certain restrictions on a firm's operations.

The Law of Insurance and related regulations require that the insurance business maintain CARs at a minimum of 200%.

# 46. TAIWAN COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES' ASSET QUALITY, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT EXTENSIONS, INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY, PROFITABILITY AND MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- a. Asset quality of Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.: Table 3 (attached).
- b. Concentration of credit extensions
  - 1) Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB)

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

	March 31, 2021						
Rank (Note 1)	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of TCB's Equity				
1	Group A Railway transportation	\$ 37,773,193	15.43				
2	Group B Real estate development	27,320,837	11.16				
3	Group C Computers and computing peripheral equipment manufacturing	13,754,996	5.62				
4	Group D Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	13,237,184	5.41				
5	Group E Financial leasing	11,907,715	4.86				
6	Group F Real estate development	11,567,314	4.72				
7	Group G Harbor services	11,417,625	4.66				
8	Group H Iron and steel smelting	11,334,298	4.63				
9	Group I Computers manufacturing	10,760,649	4.40				
10	Group J Cotton and textile	10,340,703	4.22				

# (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

	March 31, 2020						
Rank (Note 1)	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of TCB's Equity				
1	Group A	\$ 39,312,493	17.24				
	Railway transportation						
2	Group B Real estate development	16,252,120	7.13				
3	Group C Computers and computing peripheral equipment manufacturing	13,557,129	5.94				
4	Group K Cotton and textile	13,073,265	5.73				
5	Group G Harbor services	13,005,607	5.70				
6	Group F Real estate development	11,696,938	5.13				
7	Group J Cotton and textile	11,560,164	5.07				
8	Group D Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	11,379,959	4.99				
9	Group L Shipping agency	10,893,614	4.78				
10	Group H Iron and steel smelting	10,487,770	4.60				

# 2) Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Corporation Ltd. (TCBF)

# (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

	March 31, 2021						
Rank (Note 1)	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of TCBF's Equity				
1	Group A	\$ 1,298,000	17.59				
	Iron and steel rolls over extends and crowding						
2	Group B	1,250,000	16.94				
	Iron and steel rolls over extends and crowding						
3	Group C	970,000	13.14				
	Real estate development						
4	Group D	935,000	12.67				
	Real estate development						
5	Group E	798,200	10.82				
	Real estate development						
6	Group F	750,000	10.16				
	Other retail sale in non-specialized stores						
7	Group G	735,200	9.96				
	Real estate development						
8	Group H	720,000	9.76				
	Non-alcoholic beverages manufacturing						
9	Group I	700,000	9.49				
	Shipping agency						
10	Group J	699,000	9.47				
	Real estate development						

	March 31, 2020						
Rank (Note 1)	Industry of Group Enterprise (Note 2)	Total Amount of Credit Endorsement or Other Transactions (Note 3)	Percentage of TCBF's Equity				
1	Group A	\$ 1,049,000	15.22				
	Iron and steel rolls over extends and crowding						
2	Group D	955,000	13.86				
	Real estate development						
3	Group K	948,000	13.76				
	Motor bus transportation						
4	Group C	920,000	13.35				
	Real estate development						
5	Group L	861,200	12.50				
	Real estate development						
6	Group E	800,000	11.61				
	Real estate development						
7	Group M	784,000	11.38				
	Sheet glass and glass products		10.1.1				
8	Group N	700,000	10.16				
	Wholesale of electronic and communication equipment						
	and parts	<b>5</b> 00.000	10.15				
9	Group F	700,000	10.16				
10	Other retail sale in non-specialized stores	700.000	10.15				
10	Group I	700,000	10.16				
	Shipping agency						

- Note 1: The list shows rankings by total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions but excludes government-owned or state-run enterprises. If the borrower is a member of a group enterprise, the total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions of the entire group enterprise must be listed and disclosed by code and line of industry. The industry of the group enterprise should be presented as the industry of the member firm with the highest risk exposure. The lines of industry should be described in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification System of the Republic of China published by the Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics under the Executive Yuan.
- Note 2: Group enterprise refers to a group of corporate entities as defined by Article 6 of "Supplementary Provisions to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Rules for Review of Securities Listings."
- Note 3: Total amount of credit, endorsement or other transactions is the sum of various loans (including import and export negotiations, discounts, overdrafts, unsecured and secured short-term loans, margin loans receivable, unsecured and secured medium-term loans, unsecured and secured long-term loans and overdue loans), exchange bills negotiated, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances and guarantees.

#### c. Interest rate sensitivity information

#### Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity March 31, 2021

#### (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Da One		Ove	er One Year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 2,650,784,497	\$ 132,140,528	\$ 34,	712,924	\$	371,768,638	\$ 3,189,406,587
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	1,068,017,508	1,662,752,673	113,	679,536		59,961,176	2,904,410,893
Interest rate sensitivity gap	1,582,766,989	(1,530,612,145)	(78,	966,612)		311,807,462	284,995,694
Net worth							207,009,228
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities						109.81	
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to ne	t worth						137.67

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity March 31, 2020

#### (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days		181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 2,371,997,523	\$ 96,876,207	\$	19,313,141	\$ 377,136,016	\$ 2,865,322,887
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	984,379,005	1,415,085,135		121,985,519	57,484,097	2,578,933,756
Interest rate sensitivity gap	1,387,618,518	(1,318,208,928)		(102,672,378)	319,651,919	286,389,131
Net worth	Net worth					
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities						111.10
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap to net	worth					145.74

- Note 1: The above amounts included only New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and branches of the Bank (i.e., excluding foreign currency).
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities with revenues or costs that are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets/Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in New Taiwan dollars).

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity March 31, 2021

#### (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 14,258,658	\$ 976,804	\$ 265,071	\$ 2,401,459	\$ 17,901,992
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	17,268,254	3,092,430	1,978,640	-	22,339,324
Interest rate sensitivity gap	(3,009,596)	(2,115,626)	(1,713,569)	2,401,459	(4,437,332)
Net worth					
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities					
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gap t	o net worth				(334.52)

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity March 31, 2020

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest rate-sensitive assets	\$ 15,539,024	\$ 698,090	\$ 247,553	\$ 1,940,925	\$ 18,425,592
Interest rate-sensitive liabilities	18,572,234	1,660,458	1,663,689	-	21,896,381
Interest rate sensitivity gap	(3,033,210)	(962,368)	(1,416,136)	1,940,925	(3,470,789)
Net worth					
Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities					
Ratio of interest rate sensitivity gar	to net worth				(332.38)

- Note 1: The above amounts included only U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of the Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.
- Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities refer to interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities with revenues or costs that are affected by interest rate changes.
- Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.
- Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets/Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in U.S. dollars).

#### d. Profitability

1) Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

(%)

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Datum on total assats	Before income tax	0.54	0.52
Return on total assets	After income tax	0.46	0.44
Return on equity	Before income tax	9.36	8.63
	After income tax	7.98	7.23
Net income ratio		36.72	36.28

2) Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

(%)

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Detum on total assets	Before income tax	6.71	6.24
Return on total assets	After income tax	6.71	6.24
Return on equity	Before income tax	7.79	7.10
	After income tax	7.79	7.10
Net income ratio	•	98.78	98.67

#### 3) Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

(%)

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Datum on total assets	Before income tax	0.47	0.49
Return on total assets	After income tax	0.41	0.41
Return on equity	Before income tax	7.65	7.55
	After income tax	6.53	6.34
Net income ratio		35.08	33.39

#### 4) Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Corporation Ltd.

(%)

	Items	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Datum on total assets	Before income tax	0.81	0.79
Return on total assets	After income tax	0.69	0.65
Datum on aguity	Before income tax	7.05	6.30
Return on equity	After income tax	5.96	5.25
Net income ratio	•	62.45	59.36

#### 5) Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.

(%)

	Items	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Datum on total assets	Before income tax	2.47	1.62
Return on total assets	After income tax	2.14	1.37
Datama on a mitra	Before income tax	14.23	6.81
Return on equity	After income tax	12.32	5.76
Net income ratio		39.54	26.96

#### 6) BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

(%)

Items		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Return on total assets	Before income tax	1.53	1.07
Return on total assets	After income tax		0.92
Datum on aquity	Before income tax	17.43	14.88
Return on equity	After income tax	15.08	12.86
Net income ratio		67.23	61.80

- Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax/Average total assets.
- Note 2: Return on equity = Income before (after) income tax/Average equity.
- Note 3: Net income ratio = Income after income tax/Total net revenues.
- Note 4: Income before (after) income tax represents income for each period-end date.
- Note 5: The above profitability ratios are calculated on the basis of annualized figures.

#### e. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

#### Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

#### Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities March 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Remaining Period to Maturity					
	Total	0 to 10 Days	11 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	
Main capital inflow on								
maturity	\$ 3,505,110,483	\$ 381,810,477	\$ 464,916,113	\$ 173,361,491	\$ 180,396,920	\$ 382,065,748	\$ 1,922,559,734	
Main capital outflow on								
maturity	4,161,230,235	216,935,659	195,664,027	516,908,611	486,276,873	865,390,221	1,880,054,844	
Gap	(656,119,752)	164,874,818	269,252,086	(343,547,120)	(305,879,953)	(483,324,473)	42,504,890	

#### Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities March 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Remaining Period to Maturity					
	Total	0 to 10 Days	11 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	
Main capital inflow on								
maturity	\$ 3,184,534,768	\$ 430,171,951	\$ 261,677,104	\$ 224,248,261	\$ 167,514,292	\$ 339,537,977	\$ 1,761,385,183	
Main capital outflow on								
maturity	3,704,437,380	205,928,044	186,150,955	470,308,338	442,071,746	707,460,481	1,692,517,816	
Gap	(519,902,612)	224,243,907	75,526,149	(246,060,077)	(274,557,454)	(367,922,504)	68,867,367	

Note: The above amounts included only New Taiwan dollar amounts held by TCB.

#### Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities March 31, 2021

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

		Remaining Period to Maturity					
	Total	0 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	
Main capital inflow on							
maturity	\$ 25,226,491	\$ 8,060,498	\$ 4,468,739	\$ 1,837,606	\$ 2,858,464	\$ 8,001,184	
Main capital outflow on							
maturity	29,723,150	9,736,636	4,452,666	5,244,900	6,049,637	4,239,311	
Gap	(4,496,659)	(1,676,138)	16,073	(3,407,294)	(3,191,173)	3,761,873	

# Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities March 31, 2020

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

		Remaining Period to Maturity					
	Total	0 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	
Main capital inflow on							
maturity	\$ 26,541,974	\$ 9,744,972	\$ 4,334,863	\$ 2,605,290	\$ 1,635,049	\$ 8,221,800	
Main capital outflow on							
maturity	30,888,369	13,960,040	5,190,508	3,427,123	4,651,956	3,658,742	
Gap	(4,346,395)	(4,215,068)	(855,645)	(821,833)	(3,016,907)	4,563,058	

Note: The above amounts included only U.S. dollar amounts held by TCB.

f. The statement of use/source funds of Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Corporation Ltd.

March 31, 2021

Items	Period	1 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year
	Bills	\$ 21,059,425	\$ 22,861,136	\$ 1,560,269	\$ -	\$ -
Use of funds	Bonds	-	200,000	693,360	200,000	15,888,240
Use of fullds	Cash in bank	230,136	200	-	-	-
	Total	21,289,561	23,061,336	2,253,629	200,000	15,888,240
	Borrowings	12,351,828	-	-	-	-
Source of funds	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	39,681,998	3,897,705	3,016	-	-
	Equity fund	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	52,033,826	3,897,705	3,016	-	-
Net flows		(30,744,265)	19,163,631	2,250,613	200,000	15,888,240
Accumulated capi	tal net flows	(30,744,265)	(11,580,634)	(9,330,021)	(9,130,021)	6,758,219

#### March 31, 2020

Items	Period	1 to 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year
	Bills	\$ 19,928,607	\$ 16,444,877	\$ 1,565,203	\$ -	\$ -
Use of funds	Bonds	-	-	385,130	1,000,000	15,532,503
Use of fullds	Cash in bank	244,850	200	-	-	-
	Total	20,173,457	16,445,077	1,950,333	1,000,000	15,532,503
	Borrowings	21,500,000	-	-	-	-
Source of funds	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	25,705,625	1,931,438	48,045	-	-
	Equity fund	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	47,205,625	1,931,438	48,045	-	-
Net flows		(27,032,168)	14,513,639	1,902,288	1,000,000	15,532,503
Accumulated capi	tal net flows	(27,032,168)	(12,518,529)	(10,616,241)	(9,616,241)	5,916,262

#### 47. TAIWAN COOPERATIVE BANK, LTD.'S TRUST BUSINESS UNDER THE TRUST LAW

a. Trust-related items are those shown in the following balance sheets, statements of income and trust property list

These items were managed by TCB's Trust Department. However, these items were not included in the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Balance Sheets of Trust Accounts**

		December 31,				December 31,	
Trust Assets	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020	Trust Liabilities	March 31, 2021	2020	March 31, 2020
Cash in banks	\$ 10,431,992	\$ 9,375,320	\$ 5,272,380	Payables Accrued expense	\$ 890	\$ 885	\$ 535
Short-term investments				Others	16	15	21
Mutual funds	179,724,550	167,528,197	160,771,564	Payables on the			
Stocks	1,844,123	2,283,474	939,491	purchase of			
Debt instruments	6,734,499	6,210,456	5,096,868	securities	19,259	80,113	
Structured products			99,072		20,165	81,013	556
	188,303,172	176,022,127	166,906,995	Accounts payable on			
	****	*****	****	securities under	405.004.005	444.044.004	
Securities lending	298,164	225,168	239,943	custody	185,094,307	166,841,784	165,537,653
Receivables	5,305	22,713	3,741	Trust capital	293,125,479	274,507,930	257,299,915
Real estate				Reserves and retained			
Land	69,000,192	65,545,184	65,220,267	earnings			
Buildings	4,453	4,453	1,601	Net income	615,793	439,554	(176,117)
Construction in process	25,643,581	23,673,868	19,416,214	Retained earnings	64,084	(4,052)	54,387
-	94,648,226	89,223,505	84,638,082		679,877	435,502	(121,730)
Intangible assets							
Leasehold			60.940				
Superficies	138,662	138.662	56,660				
Supernetes	138,662	138,662	117,600				
	150,002	150,002	117,000				
Other assets		16,950					
Securities under custody	185,094,307	166,841,784	165,537,653				
Total	<u>\$ 478,919,828</u>	<u>\$ 441,866,229</u>	\$ 422,716,394	Total	\$ 478,919,828	\$ 441,866,229	<u>\$ 422,716,394</u>

# **Trust Property List**

Investment Items	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash in banks	\$ 10,431,992	\$ 9,375,320	\$ 5,272,380
Short-term investments	Ψ 10,131,772	Ψ 2,575,520	φ 5,272,300
Mutual funds	179,724,550	167,528,197	160,771,564
Stocks	1,844,123	2,283,474	939,491
Debt instruments	6,734,499	6,210,456	5,096,868
Structured products	-	0,210,130	99,072
Securities lending	298,164	225,168	239,943
Receivables	270,101	223,100	237,713
Accrued interest	1,689	1,498	1,972
Receivable on the sale of securities	1,689	17,276	
Mutual funds	-	2,430	880
Cash dividends	1,060	703	-
Others	867	806	889
Real estate	007	000	00)
Land	69,000,192	65,545,184	65,220,267
Buildings	4,453	4,453	1,601
Construction in process	25,643,581	23,673,868	19,416,214
Intangible assets	,	,_,,,,,,,,	,,
Leasehold	_	_	60,940
Superficies	138,662	138,662	56,660
Other assets	-	16,950	-
Securities under custody	185,094,307	166,841,784	165,537,653
Total	\$ 478,919,828	<u>\$ 441,866,229</u>	\$ 422,716,394

# Statements of Income on Trust Accounts For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Interest revenue	\$ 1,486	\$ 1,959
Lending stock	1,065	1,068
Cash dividends	2,009	30
Realized gain on investment - stocks	122,529	6,975
Unrealized gain on investment - stocks	399,964	104,770
Unrealized gain on investment - lending stock	106,665	27,313
Realized gain on investment - mutual funds	6,597	702
Unrealized gain on investment - mutual funds	46,001	15,476
Beneficial certificate appropriation	4,758	1,301
Others	46	<u>-</u>
Total revenues	<u>691,12</u> 0	<u>159,594</u>
Expenses		
Management fees	2,162	1,076
Monitoring fees	2	-
Taxes	1	15
Service charge	-	262
Postage	14	2
Unrealized loss on investment - stocks	43,251	277,082
Unrealized loss on investment - lending stock	4,669	39,525
Unrealized loss on investment - mutual funds	14,303	16,154
Realized loss on investment - mutual funds	898	155
Realized loss on investment - stocks	9,995	1,395
Others	32	45
Total expenses	75,327	335,711
Income (loss) before income tax	615,793	(176,117)
Income tax expense	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>
Net income (loss)	\$ 615,793	<u>\$ (176,117</u> )

b. Nature of trust business operations under the Trust Law: Note 1.

# 48. ALLOCATION OF REVENUE, COST AND EXPENSE THAT RESULTED FROM THE SHARING OF RESOURCES BETWEEN TAIWAN COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL HOLDING COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Under cooperation arrangements, Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. (TCB) and Taiwan Cooperative Securities (TCS) promoted securities brokerage business together; thus, related revenues received by TCB were calculated as follows: (a) revenue based on 20% of the net revenue derived from security transactions for three years; (b) related revenues from utilizing some operating sites and equipment by the TCS; and (c) receiving cross-selling service fees of \$2,000 thousand annually.

To promote the credit card business and corporate banking business together, TCB and TCS signed cooperation arrangements, and marketing expenses paid by TCB were based on the arrangements.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, TCB's accrued receivables were \$6,819 thousand \$13,179 thousand and \$3,523 thousand, respectively. TCB's revenues from cross-selling transactions were \$6,714 thousand and \$3,523 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

To promote the insurance business together, TCB and BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. signed cooperation arrangements. The service fees earned by TCB were based on the agreed percentage of the premiums from the insurance companies' products sold by TCB.

As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, TCB's accrued receivables were \$2,591 thousand, \$2,369 thousand and \$2,494 thousand, respectively. TCB's revenues from cross-selling transactions were \$7,393 thousand and \$7,284 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

# 49. TCFHC'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS AND STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES

Table 3 (attached).

#### 50. BUSINESS SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Table 4 (attached).

#### 51. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Non-cash financing activities

Undistributed cash dividends approved by stockholders' meetings are \$378,555 thousand, \$377,104 thousand and \$340,992 thousand as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, respectively.

#### b. Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

#### For the three months ended March 31, 2021

			Non-cash	Changes		
	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	New Leases	Fair Value Adjustments (Including Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk)	Others	Closing Balance
Due to the Central Bank and other						
banks	\$ 37,118,610	\$ 16,772,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,890,930
Commercial paper issued	31,801,343	1,935,000	-	-	(187)	33,736,156
Bonds payable	71,600,000	-	-	-	-	71,600,000
Other borrowings	815,302	477,252	-	-	948	1,293,502
Guarantee deposits received	2,908,532	(958,517)	-	-	16,688	1,966,703
Lease liabilities	1,649,746	(139,697)	(51,728)	-	116,510	1,574,831
Other liabilities - other	103,200	86,221			937	190,358
	\$ 145,996,733	\$ 18,172,579	\$ (51,728)	\$	<u>\$ 134,896</u>	\$ 164,252,480

	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Non-cast	Fair Value Adjustments (Including Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk)	Others	Closing Balance
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss - bank debentures Commercial paper issued	\$ 12,052,429 31,104,638	\$ (12,096,000) 1,370,000	\$ -	\$ 669	\$ 42,902 (3,818)	\$ - 32,470,820
Bonds payable Other borrowings Guarantee deposits received Lease liabilities Other liabilities - other	65,000,000 3,432,028 2,050,163 1,651,391 114,606	(7,500,000) (943,713) (453,866) (140,336) (26,891)	124,008	- - - -	(6,689) (44,592) (4,807) (1,131)	57,500,000 2,481,626 1,551,705 1,630,256 86,584
	\$ 115,405,255	\$ (19,790,806)	\$ 124,008	\$ 669	\$ (18,135)	\$ 95,720,991

#### **52. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In order to comply with the regulations on the use land in industrial district and for active and efficient asset utilization, the TCB board of directors approved in its meeting on April 26, 2021 the resolution to dispose of and transfer to CAM the pieces of land with lot numbers 1045 and 1045-2 at Youshi Rd., Yangmei Dist., Taoyuan City which were acquired on May 10, 1977. According to the evaluation report, the selling price will be \$468,300 thousand and 20% of the total transaction amount will be payable at the time of signing of the contract and 80% of the total transaction amount will be payable after the demolition of the building. On May 11, 2021, the board of directors of CAM will resolve to purchase the land from TCB within the amount not higher than \$483,170 thousand.

#### 53. OTHER IMPORTANT MATTERS

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 epidemic in 2020 which has impacted global industries and economic activities and also may affect the Company's operating results. The degree of impact will depend on the subsequent management and control of the COVID-19 epidemic and the results of the various economic activities. As of the date of release of these consolidated financial statements, the management assessed that this had no significant impact on the Company. The Company will continue to monitor the development of the epidemic, carefully evaluate and actively respond to the impact of the epidemic on the Company's financial status and operating performance.

#### 54. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

- a. Related information of significant transactions and b. investees:
  - 1) Financing provided: TCFHC none; TCB, UTB, TCBF, and BPCTLI not applicable; investee company Table 5 (attached).
  - 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: TCFHC none; TCB, UTB, TCBF, and BPCTLI not applicable; investee company none.
  - 3) Marketable securities held: TCFHC, TCB, UTB, TCBF, TCS and BPCTLI not applicable; investee company Table 6 (attached).
  - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital (TCFHC, TCB and UTB disclosed its investments acquired or disposed of): TCS and BPCTLI not applicable; TCFHC and investee company none.

- 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 6) Disposal of individual real estates at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 7) Financial asset securitization by subsidiaries: None.
- 8) Allowance of service fees to related parties amounting to at least NT\$5 million: Table 7 (attached).
- 9) Sale of nonperforming loans by subsidiaries: None.
- 10) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital: Table 8 (attached).
- 11) Percentage share in investees and related information: Not applicable.
- 12) Derivative transactions: Notes 8, 41 and 44 to the consolidated financial statements
- 13) Other significant transactions which may affect the decisions of users of financial reports: None.
- c. Investment in Mainland China:

Based on "Regulations Governing Approvals of Banks to Engage, Ltd. in Financial Activities between the Taiwan Area and the Mainland Area," Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd. set up the Suzhou Branch, Tianjin Branch, Fuzhou Branch and Changsha Branch; Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd. set up Taiwan Cooperative International Leasing Co., Ltd. in Mainland China. This investment had been approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission. The information - major operating items, capital stock, the way of investment, investment inflows and outflows, the holding percentage, the investment income or loss, the carrying amount at period-end, the remitted investment profits and the limit on the amount of investment in Mainland China - can be seen in Table 9 (attached).

- d. Business relationships and significant transactions among the parent company and subsidiaries: Table 10 (attached).
- e. Information on major shareholders: Table 11 (attached).

#### 55. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The information reported to the Company's chief operating decision makers for the assessment of segment performance focuses mainly on business and profit or loss. The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- a. TCB business, including deposit, loan, capital, trust, insurance and other businesses;
- b. Other noncore businesses.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in Note 4. Segment profit is measured at income before income tax, and this measure is reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. The terms of transactions between segments are similar to those for third parties.

The revenue, expenses and related information of the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		For the Three	Months Ended M	larch 31, 2021						
				Adjustment and						
	TCB Business	Others	Total	Elimination	Total					
Net interest Net revenues and gains other than	\$ 8,537,194	\$ 300,286	\$ 8,837,480	\$ 1,298	\$ 8,838,778					
interest	2,795,493	6,092,919	8,888,412	<u>(4,717,975</u> )	4,170,437					
Net revenues Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and	11,332,687	6,393,205	17,725,892	(4,716,677)	13,009,215					
guarantees Net change in reserves for insurance	(1,143,253)	(14,290)	(1,157,543)	-	(1,157,543)					
liabilities	-	(83,032)	(83,032)	-	(83,032)					
Operating expenses	(5,536,366)	(691,395)	<u>(6,227,761</u> )	61,388	(6,166,373)					
Income before income tax	<u>\$ 4,653,068</u>	<u>\$ 5,604,488</u>	<u>\$ 10,257,556</u>	<u>\$ (4,655,289)</u>	<u>\$ 5,602,267</u>					
	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020									
		For the Three	Months Ended M							
		For the Three	Months Ended M	Adjustment						
	TCB Business	Others	Months Ended M  Total		Total					
Net interest Net revenues and gains other than	<b>TCB Business</b> \$ 8,631,718			Adjustment and	<b>Total</b> \$ 8,899,855					
Net revenues and gains other than interest	\$ 8,631,718 2,178,772	Others \$ 266,794 4,378,372	<b>Total</b> \$ 8,898,512 6,557,144	Adjustment and Elimination \$ 1,343  (4,143,247)	\$ 8,899,855 2,413,897					
Net revenues and gains other than	\$ 8,631,718	Others \$ 266,794	<b>Total</b> \$ 8,898,512	Adjustment and Elimination \$ 1,343	\$ 8,899,855					
Net revenues and gains other than interest Net revenues Bad-debt expenses and provision for	\$ 8,631,718 2,178,772	Others \$ 266,794 4,378,372	<b>Total</b> \$ 8,898,512 6,557,144	Adjustment and Elimination \$ 1,343  (4,143,247)	\$ 8,899,855 2,413,897					
Net revenues and gains other than interest Net revenues Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and guarantees Net change in reserves for insurance liabilities	\$ 8,631,718  2,178,772  10,810,490  (898,894)	Others \$ 266,794  4,378,372 4,645,166  (11,262) 674,600	Total \$ 8,898,512 6,557,14415,455,656  (910,156) 674,600	Adjustment and Elimination  \$ 1,343  (4,143,247) (4,141,904)	\$ 8,899,855 2,413,897 11,313,752 (910,156) 674,600					
Net revenues and gains other than interest Net revenues Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and guarantees Net change in reserves for insurance	\$ 8,631,718 2,178,772 10,810,490	Others \$ 266,794  4,378,372 4,645,166  (11,262)	Total \$ 8,898,512 6,557,14415,455,656  (910,156)	Adjustment and Elimination \$ 1,343  (4,143,247)	\$ 8,899,855 2,413,897 11,313,752 (910,156)					

# TAIWAN COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES MARCH 31, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND MARCH 31, 2020

# Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

				Pero	centage of Owners	ship	
Investor Company	<b>Investee Company</b>	Location	Main Business and Products	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	Note
				2021	2020	2020	
Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., L	td Taiwan Cooperative Bank Ltd	Taipei City	Banking	100.00	100.00	100.00	
The want cooperate of manner 120 and 200, 2	Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Acquisition of delinquent loans	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note
	Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Bills finance dealer	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Securities dealer	100.00	100.00	100.00	
	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Securities investment trust	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note
	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Life insurance	51.00	51.00	51.00	
	Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Taipei City	Venture capital	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note
Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	Belgium	Banking	90.02	90.02	90.02	
Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Suzhou, China	Leasing	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note

#### Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements

					Per	centage of Owner	ship	
Investor C	ompany	Investee Company	Location	Main Business and Products	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	Note
					2021	2020	2020	
Non	ie	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note: Non-major subsidiary, which financial reports for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 are not reviewed.

#### TAIWAN COOPERATIVE BANK, LTD.

# ASSET QUALITY - NONPERFORMING LOANS AND RECEIVABLES MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

	Period				March 31, 2021					March 31, 2020		
	Items		Nonperforming Loans (Note 1)	Loans	Ratio of Nonperforming Loans (Note 2)	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Nonperforming Loans (Note 1)	Loans	Ratio of Nonperforming Loans (Note 2)	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)
Corporate banking	Secured		\$ 4,578,231	\$ 813,771,268	0.56	\$ 10,424,538	227.70	\$ 3,894,938	\$ 734,291,508	0.53	\$ 7,814,890	200.64
Corporate banking	Unsecured		548,754	663,684,024	0.08	6,149,304	1,120.59	1,202,085	671,315,256	0.18	7,447,428	619.54
	Housing mortgage (Note 4)		894,748	557,872,701	0.16	8,427,588	941.90	1,087,065	538,556,689	0.20	8,159,405	750.59
	Cash card		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer banking	Small-scale credit loans (Note 5)		7,803	12,825,282	0.06	157,703	2,021.06	34,841	12,229,616	0.28	218,350	626.70
	Other (Note 6)	Secured	940,646	301,595,898	0.31	3,494,908	371.54	988,563	289,389,245	0.34	3,213,553	325.07
	Other (Note o)	Unsecured	17,619	11,282,989	0.16	172,625	979.77	17,225	9,833,905	0.18	148,776	863.72
Loan		6,987,801	2,361,032,162	0.30	28,826,666	412.53	7,224,717	2,255,616,219	0.32	27,002,402	373.75	
			Nonperforming Receivables (Note 1)	Receivables	Ratio of Nonperforming Receivables (Note 2)	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Nonperforming Receivables (Note 1)	Receivables	Ratio of Nonperforming Receivables (Note 2)	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)
Credit cards			8,422	3,856,781	0.22	59,232	703.30	10,857	3,303,568	0.33	58,932	542.80
Accounts receivable factore	ed without recourse (Note 7)		-	139,985	-	8,165	-	-	125,694	-	7,951	-
Amounts of executed contr	acts on negotiated debts not reported as nonperform	ning loans (Note 8)			286					559		
Amounts of executed contr	acts on negotiated debts not reported as nonperform	ning receivables (Note 8)			3,407		•			4,767	•	
Amounts of executed debt-	restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming	g loans (Note 9)			9,795					8,582		
Amounts of executed debt-	restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming	g receivables (Note 9)			48,995					45,201		

- Note 1: Nonperforming loans are reported to the authorities and disclosed to the public, as required by the "Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Nonperforming/Nonaccrual Loans." Nonperforming credit card receivables are reported to the authorities and disclosed to the public, as required by the Banking Bureau's letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).
- Note 2: Ratio of nonperforming loans: Nonperforming loans ÷ Outstanding loan balance. Ratio of nonperforming receivables: Nonperforming receivables ÷ Outstanding receivable balance.
- Note 3: Coverage ratio of loans: Allowance for credit losses for loans ÷ Nonperforming loans.

  Coverage ratio of receivables: Allowance for credit losses for receivables ÷ Nonperforming receivables.
- Note 4: The mortgage loan is for house purchase or renovation and is fully secured by housing that is purchased (owned) by the borrower, the spouse or minor children of the borrowers.
- Note 5: Based on the Banking Bureau's letter dated December 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 09440010950), small-scale credit loans are unsecured, involve small amounts and exclude credit cards and cash cards.
- Note 6: Other consumers banking loans refer to secured or unsecured loans that exclude housing mortgage, cash and credit cards, and small-scale credit loans.
- Note 7: As required by the Banking Bureau in its letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref. No. 0945000494), accounts receivable factored without recourse are reported as nonperforming receivables within three months after the factors or insurance companies refuse to indemnify banks for any liabilities on these accounts.
- Note 8: Amounts of executed contracts on negotiated debts that are not reported as nonperforming loans or receivables are disclosed to the public in accordance with the Banking Bureau's letter dated April 25, 2006 (Ref. No. 09510001270).
- Note 9: Amounts of executed debt-restructuring projects not reported as nonperforming loans or receivables are disclosed to the public in accordance with the Banking Bureau's letter dated September 15, 2008 (Ref. No. 09700318940) and letter dated September 20, 2016 (Ref. No. 10500134790).

# TAIWAN COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# TCFHC'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS AND STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

#### 1. TCFHC's financial statements

### Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Assets	December 31, March 31, 2021 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,565 \$ 48,444	\$ 53,813	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	20,925 20,075	15,525	Commercial paper issued, net	\$ 24,693,152	\$ 24,622,924	\$ 27,267,727
Receivables	136 136	35,707	Payables	390,055	347,777	309,605
Current tax assets	2,290,372 2,064,770	2,994,639	Current tax liabilities	2,287,411	2,110,323	2,962,020
Investments accounted for using equity method	269,382,705 265,989,373	249,481,856	Bonds payable	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
Properties and equipment, net	12,758 11,841	6,282	Other financial liabilities	4,804	3,904	2,774
Right-of-use assets, net	33,678 39,685	57,704	Lease liabilities	34,677	40,730	58,647
Intangible assets	3,100 3,274	251	Deferred tax liabilities	48,465	-	46,890
Deferred tax assets	369 369	334	Other liabilities	11,373	10,845	10,932
Other assets	<u>8,500</u> 8,305	<u>8,536</u>	Total liabilities	37,469,937	37,136,503	30,658,595
			<u>Equity</u>			
			Capital stock	133,342,237	133,342,237	129,458,483
			Capital surplus	57,974,241	57,974,241	57,973,141
			Retained earnings	33,203,508	27,367,215	29,845,691
			Other equity	9,837,185	12,366,076	4,718,737
			Total equity	234,357,171	231,049,769	221,996,052
Total	<u>\$ 271,827,108</u> <u>\$ 268,186,272</u>	<u>\$ 252,654,647</u>	Total	\$ 271,827,108	\$ 268,186,272	\$ 252,654,647 (Continued)

# Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

### Statements of Comprehensive Income (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31				
	2021	2020			
Revenues and gains Share of gains of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures					
accounted for using equity method Other revenues and gains	\$ 4,617,466 582	\$ 4,030,709 <u>234</u>			
Total revenues and gains	4,618,048	4,030,943			
Expenses and losses					
Operating expenses	56,127	53,256			
Other expenses and losses	31,235	40,462			
Total expenses and losses	87,362	93,718			
Income before income tax	4,530,686	3,937,225			
Income tax benefit	<del>_</del>	<u>=</u>			
Net income	4,530,686	3,937,225			
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,223,284)	(3,361,097)			
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 3,307,402</u>	\$ 576,128			
Earnings per share (New Taiwan dollars) Basic Diluted	\$ 0.34 \$ 0.34	$\frac{\$  0.29}{\$  0.29}$ (Continued)			

#### Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

#### Statements of Changes in Equity (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

								Other	r Equity		
	Capita Shares (In Thousands)	1 Stock  Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings  Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange Differences on the Translation of Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Valuation Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	Changes in the Fair Value Attributable to Changes in the Credit Risk of Financial Liabilities Designated as at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income on Reclassification of Overlay Approach	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	13,334,224	\$ 133,342,237	\$ 57,974,241	\$ 9,622,864	\$ 995,669	\$ 16,748,682	\$ (3,357,203)	\$ 15,043,647	\$ -	\$ 679,632	\$ 231,049,769
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,305,607	-	(1,305,607)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2021	- 	- 	- 	- 	- 	4,530,686	423,438	(1,769,724)	- 	123,002	4,530,686 (1,223,284)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2021				<u>-</u>		4,530,686	423,438	(1,769,724)	<del>_</del>	123,002	3,307,402
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2021	13,334,224	<u>\$ 133,342,237</u>	\$ 57,974,241	\$ 9,622,864	<u>\$ 995,669</u>	<u>\$ 22,584,975</u>	<u>\$ (2,933,765)</u>	<u>\$ 11,968,316</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 802,634	\$ 234,357,171
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2020	12,945,848	\$ 129,458,483	\$ 57,973,141	\$ 7,927,632	\$ 996,026	\$ 16,952,318	\$ (1,242,818)	\$ 9,000,271	\$ 970	\$ 353,901	\$ 221,419,924
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	32,189	-	(32,189)	-	-	-
Transfer of changes in the fair value attributable to changes in the credit risk of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon derecognition	-	-	-	-	-	301	-	-	(301)	-	-
Total comprehensive income  Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2020  Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended	-	-	-	-	-	3,937,225	-	-	-	-	3,937,225
March 31, 2020	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	145,540	(3,151,461)	(669)	(354,507)	(3,361,097)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2020	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	3,937,225	145,540	(3,151,461)	(669)	(354,507)	576,128
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2020	12,945,848	<u>\$ 129,458,483</u>	\$ 57,973,141	\$ 7,927,632	<u>\$ 996,026</u>	\$ 20,922,033	<u>\$ (1,097,278)</u>	\$ 5,816,621	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (606)</u>	\$ 221,996,052 (Continued)

# Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

#### Statements of Cash Flows (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2021	2020		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Income before income tax	\$ 4,530,686	\$ 3,937,225		
Adjustments for:	Ψ 1,550,000	Ψ 3,>37,223		
Share of gains of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures				
accounted for using equity method	(4,617,466)	(4,030,709)		
Depreciation and amortization expenses	7,045	6,411		
Interest expense	31,235	40,462		
Interest revenue	(495)	· -		
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities	, ,			
Decrease in receivables	-	4		
Increase in other assets	(195)	(397)		
Increase in payables	25,988	22,040		
Increase in other liabilities	528	836		
Cash used in operations	(22,674)	(24,128)		
Interest received	495	-		
Interest paid	(14,474)	(42,817)		
Income tax paid	(49)	<del></del>		
Net cash used in operating activities	(36,702)	(66,945)		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of properties and equipment	(1,781)	(292)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Increase in commercial paper issued	70,000	80,000		
Increase in guarantee deposits received	900	-		
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	(91)		
Repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(6,296)	(6,294)		
Net cash generated from financing activities	64,604	73,615		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	26,121	6,378		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	48,444	47,435		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	<u>\$ 74,565</u>	\$ 53,813 (Continued)		

#### 2. Subsidiaries' condensed balance sheets

# Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	\$ 43,120,857 328,152,497	\$ 48,772,704 384,321,287	\$ 39,355,709 276,903,105	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through other	39,170,114	22,292,683	26,467,743	Deposits from the Central Bank and other banks Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 252,797,269 53,890,930	\$ 223,658,360 37,118,610	\$ 248,561,720
comprehensive income Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	412,103,439 713,599,107	375,773,466 723,209,819	368,784,741	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	1,557,908 6,876,001	4,347,280 6,332,308	941,164
Receivables, net	16,955,490	16,182,383	541,157,745 17,975,135	Securities sold under repurchase agreements Payables	34,217,507	30,558,247	11,215,483 33,859,071
Current tax assets Discounts and loans, net	2,377,703 2,331,687,660	2,190,949 2,264,446,500	1,465,247 2,228,155,749	Current tax liabilities Deposits and remittances	611,272 3,272,434,718	769,403 3,271,783,532	2,273,882 2,969,578,250
Investments accounted for using equity method Other financial assets, net	2,239,712 11,179,291	2,278,968 8,376,494	2,117,294 16,221,556	Bank debentures Other financial liabilities	61,600,000 6,701,824	61,600,000 5,031,105	57,500,000 2,749,740
Properties and equipment, net	33,051,439 1,576,874	33,178,687 1,668,222	33,418,093 1,644,747	Provisions Lease liabilities	7,956,089 1,540,013	8,165,092 1,612,664	7,991,846 1,594,460
Right-of-use assets, net Investment properties, net	7,565,908	7,570,720	7,432,718	Deferred tax liabilities	4,160,381	3,430,126	3,202,486
Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	3,793,377 2,612,700	3,799,294 2,376,561	3,706,295 1,739,158	Other liabilities Total liabilities	918,586 3,705,262,498	1,066,211 3,655,472,938	1,088,244 3,340,556,346
Other assets	897,270	825,352	2,057,407	<u>Equity</u>			
				Capital stock	104,507,300	104,507,300	96,765,300
				Capital surplus	58,767,245	58,767,245	58,767,245
				Retained earnings	73,393,169	68,151,447	68,089,817
				Other equity Total equity	8,153,226 244,820,940	10,365,159 241,791,151	4,423,734 228,046,096
Total	\$ 3,950,083,438	\$ 3,897,264,089	\$ 3,568,602,442	Total	\$ 3,950,083,438	\$ 3,897,264,089	\$ 3,568,602,442 (Continued)

# Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.

Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 110,137	\$ 105,641	\$ 124,850	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	45,672,956	46,778,311	38,823,045	Call loans from banks	¢ 12.251.927	¢ 11.760.040	¢ 21.500.000
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	16,444,530	15,307,417	15,672,759	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 12,351,827 263	\$ 11,769,040 52	\$ 21,500,000
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	1,257,884	1,258,693	1,279,397	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	43,575,341	44,333,802	27,676,218
Receivables, net	196,424	159,628	201,678	Payables	235,085	67,857	74,387
Current tax assets	120 200	120,200	36,759	Current tax liabilities	8,791	2,696	- 250 515
Other financial assets, net Properties and equipment, net	120,200 11,491	120,200 11,931	120,200 11,892	Provisions Lease liabilities	415,041 17,798	402,541 20,163	359,515 26,935
Right-of-use assets, net	17,296	19,660	26,516	Other liabilities	155,325	69,204	53,487
Intangible assets, net	14,264	15,495	6,244	Total liabilities	56,759,471	56,665,355	49,690,542
Other assets, net	294,203	294,633	277,789	T 1/2			
				Equity			
				Capital stock	4,877,740	4,877,740	4,560,710
				Capital surplus	312,633	312,633	312,633
				Retained earnings Other equity	2,086,732 102,809	1,963,211 252,670	1,855,467 161,777
				Total equity	7,379,914	7,406,254	6,890,587
Total	<u>\$ 64,139,385</u>	<u>\$ 64,071,609</u>	<u>\$ 56,581,129</u>	Total	<u>\$ 64,139,385</u>	<u>\$ 64,071,609</u>	<u>\$ 56,581,129</u>
			Taiwan Cooperative	e Securities Co., Ltd.			
			Condensed B	alance Sheets			
				ew Taiwan Dollars)			
		December 31,				December 31,	
Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020			March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Current assets	<b>March 31, 2021</b> \$ 36,351,673	,	(In Thousands of N	ew Taiwan Dollars)	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other	\$ 36,351,673	<b>2020</b> \$ 30,684,735	(In Thousands of N March 31, 2020 \$ 20,829,748	ew Taiwan Dollars)  Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities	,	2020	·
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	\$ 36,351,673 102,190	<b>2020</b> \$ 30,684,735 48,952	(In Thousands of N March 31, 2020 \$ 20,829,748 50,725	Liabilities  Liabilities  Current liabilities	\$ 30,951,251	<b>2020</b> \$ 25,374,339	\$ 16,323,308
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other	\$ 36,351,673	<b>2020</b> \$ 30,684,735	(In Thousands of N March 31, 2020 \$ 20,829,748	ew Taiwan Dollars)  Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities	,	2020	·
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900	<b>2020</b> \$ 25,374,339	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities  Total liabilities	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities  Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities  Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock  Capital surplus	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224 4,724,200 294,440	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873 4,724,200 294,440
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities  Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock  Capital surplus  Retained earnings	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224 4,724,200 294,440 1,043,502	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808 4,724,200 294,440 847,320	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873 4,724,200 294,440 428,195
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities  Lease liabilities  Deferred tax liabilities  Other liabilities  Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock  Capital surplus	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224 4,724,200 294,440	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873 4,724,200 294,440
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other noncurrent assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538 425,483	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837 414,367	(In Thousands of No. March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042 535,984	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Other equity Total equity	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224 4,724,200 294,440 1,043,502 (37,393) 6,024,749	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808 4,724,200 294,440 847,320 19,069 5,885,029	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873 4,724,200 294,440 428,195 (256,359) 5,190,476
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent Properties and equipment, net Right-of-use assets, net Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	\$ 36,351,673 102,190 47,549 154,353 48,187 8,538	2020 \$ 30,684,735 48,952 51,371 164,859 51,716 14,837	(In Thousands of No. 10 March 31, 2020) \$ 20,829,748  50,725 54,391 141,798 47,661 5,042	Liabilities and Equity  Liabilities  Current liabilities Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities  Equity  Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Other equity	\$ 30,951,251 156,188 900 4,885 31,113,224 4,724,200 294,440 1,043,502 (37,393)	\$ 25,374,339 166,429 184 4,856 25,545,808 4,724,200 294,440 847,320 19,069	\$ 16,323,308 143,069 3,876 4,620 16,474,873 4,724,200 294,440 428,195 (256,359)

### Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.

Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
ASSCES	Water 51, 2021	2020	Waten 51, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	Wai Cii 31, 2021	2020	Waren 31, 2020
Current assets	\$ 312,125	\$ 301,500	\$ 73,572	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	155,630	166,140	274,429				
Financial assets at fair value through other				Current liabilities	\$ 4,411,320	\$ 4,245,750	\$ 4,085,241
comprehensive income	20,925	20,075	15,525	Lease liabilities	6,965	9,307	16,248
Accounts receivable, net	1,581,081	1,319,036	1,618,068	Deferred tax liabilities	47,015	46,451	48,010
Investments accounted for using the equity method	1,029,158	1,017,595	968,243	Other liabilities	79,863	73,442	110,142
Properties and equipment, net	53,147	54,029	15,142	Total liabilities	4,545,163	4,374,950	4,259,641
Investment properties, net	4,388,219	4,428,376	4,159,192				
Right-of-use assets, net	6,779	9,086	16,007	<u>Equity</u>			
Intangible assets	3,855	4,486	6,514	• •			
Deferred tax assets	204,123	204,643	223,561	Capital stock	2,825,280	2,825,280	2,825,280
Long-term lease payment receivable	196,798	177,586	241,762	Capital surplus	2,553	2,553	2,553
Other assets	4,474	14,375	12,675	Retained earnings	679,382	613,139	654,728
				Other equity	(96,064)	(98,995)	(117,512)
				Total equity	3,411,151	3,341,977	3,365,049
Total	\$ 7,956,314	\$ 7,716,927	<u>\$ 7,624,690</u>	Total	<u>\$ 7,956,314</u>	\$ 7,716,927	<u>\$ 7,624,690</u>
							(Continued)

### BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,206,237	\$ 4,908,426	\$ 6,677,789	<u>Liabilities</u>			
Receivables	562,198	438,606	980,438				
Current tax assets	99,428	99,428	99,428	Payables	\$ 538,638	\$ 1,612,042	\$ 607,795
Investments	38,417,732	38,490,375	34,983,875	Current tax liabilities	374,599	314,364	125,265
Reinsurance assets	150,655	151,280	112,074	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	38,898	60,162	16,041
Equipment, net	113,003	120,605	127,673	Lease liabilities	11,119	14,855	25,934
Right-of-use assets	10,858	14,548	25,619	Insurance liabilities	27,024,316	26,962,977	27,347,717
Deferred tax assets	189,958	196,138	51,533	Reserve for insurance contracts with financial			
Other assets	1,196,117	1,205,714	1,153,037	instruments features	1,570,666	2,535,145	5,284,157
Separate-account assets	104,629,315	105,803,112	85,825,868	Reserve of foreign exchange variation	221,538	196,640	214,619
				Deferred tax liabilities	240,915	312,239	58,242
				Other liabilities	596,910	567,418	397,788
				Separate-account liabilities	104,629,315	105,803,112	<u>85,825,868</u>
				Total liabilities	135,246,914	138,378,954	119,903,426
				<u>Equity</u>			
				Capital stock	6,881,166	6,881,166	6,719,466
				Capital surplus	9,310	9,310	9,310
				Retained earnings	3,052,226	2,555,013	2,267,162
				Other equity	3,385,885	3,603,789	1,137,970
				Total equity	13,328,587	13,049,278	10,133,908
Total	<u>\$ 148,575,501</u>	<u>\$ 151,428,232</u>	<u>\$ 130,037,334</u>	Total	<u>\$ 148,575,501</u>	<u>\$ 151,428,232</u>	\$ 130,037,334 (Continued)

#### Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

# Condensed Balance Sheets (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	(In Thousands of New Taiwan Donats)						
Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	\$ 433,272	\$ 422,477	\$ 432,783	<u>Liabilities</u>			
noncurrent	2,105	2,034	1,933	Current liabilities	\$ 81,692	\$ 79,252	\$ 106,878
Properties and equipment, net	8,236	8,796	2,370	Lease liabilities	20,601	21,783	3,439
Right-of-use assets	20,369	21,640	3,342	Other liabilities	1,745	1,591	1,556
Intangible assets	11,142	9,914	4,911	Total liabilities	104,038	102,626	111,873
Prepaid equipment	560	560	959				
Other assets	<u>56,215</u>	56,215	56,239	<u>Equity</u>			
				Capital stock	303,000	303,000	303,000
				Capital surplus	72,860	72,860	72,860
				Retained earnings	52,170	43,390	15,145
				Other equity	(169)	(240)	(341)
				Total equity	427,861	419,010	390,664
Total	\$ 531,899	\$ 521,636	\$ 502,537	Total	<u>\$ 531,899</u>	<u>\$ 521,636</u>	<u>\$ 502,537</u>
			Taiwan Cooperative V	enture Capital Co., Ltd.			
			Condensed B	salance Sheets			
				lew Taiwan Dollars)			
Assets	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Liabilities and Equity	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	\$ 1,102,874	\$ 637,117	\$ 1,014,753	<u>Liabilities</u>			
noncurrent	_	434,788	_	Current liabilities	\$ 11,047	\$ 10,256	\$ 10,682
Investments accounted for using equity method	4,179	4,793	3,034	Lease liabilities	7,092	7,917	8,554
Properties and equipment, net	696	770	602	Other liabilities	121	121	124
Right-of-use assets	6,986	7,812	8,470	Total liabilities	18,260	18,294	19,360
Intangible assets	210	125	1				
Other assets	474	474	474	<u>Equity</u>			
			<del></del>	<del></del>			

\$ 1,085,879

\$ 1,027,334

\$ 1,115,419

Total

Capital stock

Other equity

Total equity

Total

Retained earnings

1,024,642

1,097,159

<u>\$ 1,115,419</u>

80,467

<u>(7,950</u>)

1,024,642

1,067,585

<u>\$ 1,085,879</u>

47,537

(4<u>,594</u>)

1,000,000

1,007,974

\$ 1,027,334

71,425

(63,451)

(Continued)

#### 3. Subsidiaries' condensed statements of comprehensive income

#### Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Interest revenue	\$ 11,895,595	\$ 14,366,048
Less: Interest expense	(3,358,401)	(5,734,330)
Net interest	8,537,194	8,631,718
Net revenues and gains other than interest	2,795,493	2,178,772
Total net revenues	11,332,687	10,810,490
Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and		
guarantees	(1,143,253)	(898,894)
Operating expenses	(5,536,366)	(5,619,182)
Income before income tax	4,653,068	4,292,414
Income tax expense	(678,115)	(683,256)
Net income	3,974,953	3,609,158
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(945,164)	(2,592,849)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 3,029,789	\$ 1,016,309
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.38</u>	<u>\$ 0.35</u>

#### Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Net interest	\$ 99,200	\$ 66,372
Net revenues and gains other than interest	77,264	84,512
Total net revenues	176,464	150,884
Reversal of allowance (impairment losses) for credit losses and		
provision	(7,440)	(7,193)
Operating expenses	(38,742)	(36,120)
Income before income tax	130,282	107,571
Income tax expense	(20,074)	(18,000)
Net income	110,208	89,571
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(136,547)	41,140
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (26,339)</u>	<u>\$ 130,711</u>
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.23</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>
		(Continued)

#### Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Revenues	\$ 507,212	\$ 339,597
Service charge	(24,945)	(13,124)
Other operating costs	(20,675)	(37,767)
Employee benefits	(143,685)	(111,976)
Other operating expenses	(108,282)	(80,390)
Other gains and losses	2,250	(6,332)
Income before income tax	211,875	90,008
Income tax expense	(28,466)	(13,867)
Net income	183,409	76,141
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(43,690)	(269,345)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 139,719</u>	<u>\$ (193,204</u> )
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.16</u>

#### Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Operating revenues	\$ 142,219	\$ 133,323
Operating expenses	(64,734)	(62,333)
Operating benefits	77,485	70,990
Non-operating gains and losses	5,533	8,486
Income before income tax	83,018	79,476
Income tax expenses	(16,776)	(18,720)
Net income	66,242	60,756
Other comprehensive income (loss)	2,931	(13,808)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 69,173	\$ 46,948
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	\$ 0.23	<u>\$ 0.22</u> (Continued)

### BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Operating revenues	\$ 1,833,644	\$ (18,710,513)
Operating costs	(1,094,128)	19,253,837
Operating expenses	(164,905)	(154,910)
Non-operating gains and losses	 53	
Income before income tax	574,664	388,414
Income tax expenses	 (77,451)	(52,632)
Net income	497,213	335,782
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 (217,904)	(952,015)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 279,309	<u>\$ (616,233)</u>
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.72</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>

### Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

#### Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 84,691 (76,396)	\$ 101,665 (92,927)
Operating gain	8,295	8,738
Non-operating gains and losses	485	740
Income before income tax	8,780	9,478
Income tax expenses	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>
Net income	8,780	9,478
Other comprehensive income	71	34
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 8,851</u>	\$ 9,512
Earnings per share (NT\$) Basic	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u> (Continued)

### Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd.

#### **Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income** For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amounts)

	2021	2020
Operating revenues	\$ 29,581	\$ 22,506
Operating expenses	<u>(9,358</u> )	<u>(8,671</u> )
Operating gain	20,223	13,835
Non-operating gains and losses	22	225
Income before income tax	20,245	14,060
Income tax expenses	<u>(66</u> )	(56)
Net income	20,179	14,004
Other comprehensive income (loss)	9,394	(34,990)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 29,573</u>	<u>\$ (20,986</u> )
Earnings per share (NT\$)		
Basic	<u>\$0.20</u>	<u>\$0.14</u>
		(Concluded)

BUSINESS SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Business Segment		For th	e Three Months	Ended March 3	1, 2021	
Items	Banking	Bill Finance		Insurance	Others	Consolidated
Net interest	\$ 8,575,831	\$ 9,054	\$ 62,631	\$ 181,284	\$ 9,978	\$ 8,838,778
Net revenues and gains other than interest	2,665,853	170,735	396,908	692,330	244,611	4,170,437
Total net revenues	11,241,684	179,789	459,539	873,614	254,589	13,009,215
Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and guarantees	(1,138,606)	(7,440)	377	-	(11,874)	(1,157,543)
Net change in reserves for insurance liabilities	-	-	-	(83,032)	1	(83,032)
Operating expenses	(5,550,812)	(36,559)	(229,593)	(164,221)	(185,188)	(6,166,373)
Income before income tax	4,552,266	135,790	230,323	626,361	57,527	5,602,267
Income tax expenses	(678,916)	(20,074)	(28,466)	(77,451)	(19,828)	(824,735)
Net income	3,873,350	115,716	201,857	548,910	37,699	4,777,532

Business Segment		For the	e Three Months	Ended March 3	1, 2020	
Items	Banking	Bill Finance		Insurance	Others	Consolidated
Net interest	\$ 8,661,427	\$ (18,049)	\$ 37,473	\$ 213,938	\$ 5,066	\$ 8,899,855
Net revenues and gains other than interest	2,003,259	175,816	246,106	(251,284)	240,000	2,413,897
Total net revenues	10,664,686	157,767	283,579	(37,346)	245,066	11,313,752
Bad-debt expenses and provision for losses on commitment and guarantees	(895,389)	(7,193)			(7,574)	(910,156)
Net change in reserves for insurance liabilities	(893,389)	(7,193)	-	674,600	- (7,374)	674,600
Operating expenses	(5,633,783)	(33,911)	(177,478)	(156,592)	(178,678)	(6,180,442)
Income before income tax	4,135,514	116,663	106,101	480,662	58,814	4,897,754
Income tax expenses	(684,751)	(18,000)	(13,867)	(52,632)	(24,092)	(793,342)
Net income	3,450,763	98,663	92,234	428,030	34,722	4,104,412

FINANCING PROVIDED FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Financial		Maximum								Colla	teral	Financing Limit	Financing
No. (Note 1)	Financier	Counterparty	Statement Account	Related Parties	Balance for the Period	Ending Balance (Note 2)	Amount Actually Drawn	Interest Rate (%)	Financing Type	Transaction Amount	Financing Reasons	Allowance for Bad Debt	Item	Value	for Each Borrowing Company	Company's Financing Amount Limit
1	Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Tai-Hwei Trade Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	\$ 190,000	\$ 162,704	\$ 162,704	3-8	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operating use	\$ 1,627	Real estate	\$ 390,634	\$ 334,198 (Note 3)	\$ 1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Hanky&Partners (Taiwan) Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	166,046	113,384	113,384	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	1,134	Real estate	133,620	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Tsuru Chikusan Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	82,500	60,000	60,000	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	600	Real estate	48,550	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Grandsun Engineering Co., Ltd.		No	28,000	22,750	22,750	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	228	Guarantee	5,250	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Yieh Hong Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	191,746	183,428	183,428	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	1,834	Stocks	112,800	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Suction Food Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	35,679	29,157	29,157	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	292	Real estate	56,373	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Shin Wei Navigation Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	50,000	48,228	48,228	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	482	Guarantee	5,000	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		Anli Lines Corp.	Receivables on lending funds	No	28,608	27,763	27,763	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	278	Stocks	46,000	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)
		ET Pet Co., Ltd.	Receivables on lending funds	No	50,000	50,000	50,000	3-8	Short-term financing	-	Operating use	500	-	-	334,198 (Note 3)	1,336,791 (Note 3)

Note 1: The parent company and investee companies are numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company is denoted as 0.
- b. Investee companies are numbered sequentially from 1.
- Note 2: Each lending of funds is resolved by the board of directors. The company should disclose the monetary limit resolved by the board of directors even if the funds are repaid, the company should disclose the lending balance of funds after the repayments.
- Note 3: Each financing limit for the borrowing company and the total financing amount limit of Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd. (CAM) are 10% and 40% of CAM's equity of the latest financial report, respectively. The equity of CAM on December 31, 2020 was \$3,341,977 thousand.

## MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

MARCH 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					March 31	, 2021		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Beneficial certificate TCB Taiwan Money Market Bond Fund	Fund managed by sister company	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,837	\$ 49,543	-	\$ 49,543	
Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Convertible bond Oakda Capital Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	10,000	-	10,000	
Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Stock Cooperative Financial International Lease Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for using	-	1,017,595	100.00	1,017,595	Note
	Taiwan Urban Regeneration & Financial Services Co., Ltd.	-	equity method Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	2,500	20,075	5.00	20,075	
Taiwan Cooperative Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Fund Rich Securities Co., Ltd.	-	income Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	227	2,015	0.38	2,015	
Taiwan Cooperative Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Chen Nan Iron Wire Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,000	24,670	2.38	24,670	
	Acmepoint Energy Services Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,058	54,191	3.25	54,191	
	SR Suntour Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,700	129,829	2.82	129,829	
	Lung Teh Shipbuilding Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,257	70,242	2.82	70,242	
	Eland Information Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	578	24,613	3.33	24,613	
	Prince Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	800	21,528	2.41	21,528	
	Tachyon Intelligence Robot Company	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	95	1,181	2.95	1,181	
	ULSee Cayman Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	651	16,426	6.51	16,426	
	Inrestec Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,000	37,020	1.96	37,020	

(Continued)

					March 31	, 2021		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
	Cloud Mile Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	838	\$ 60,511	8.38	\$ 60,511	
	Hoytek Precision Company	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	495	9,900	19.84	9,900	
	Phu Vinh Industrial Construction, Llc	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,000	124,880	20.00	124,880	
	Cheng Mei Instrument Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,250	50,445	8.54	50,445	
	APMTD Global Limited	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	331	22,359	0.85	22,359	
	Winking Entertainment Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,452	66,839	11.03	66,839	
	China Development II Biomedical Venture Capital, LP.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	8,094	1.61	8,094	
	TA Chen Stainless Pipe Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,101	34,523	0.07	34,523	
	PharmaEssentia Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	329	31,952	0.13	31,952	
	Adimmune Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	316	18,044	0.07	18,044	
	Mesh Cooperative Ventures, Inc.	Associate	Investments accounted for using equity method	330	1,720	33.00	1,720	
	JC Capital Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Associate	Investments accounted for using equity method	350	2,458	35.00	2,458	

Note: When Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd. prepared the consolidated financial statements, the related account and security transactions were eliminated.

## ALLOWANCE OF SERVICE FEES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$5 MILLION FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Securities Firms	Counterparty	Nature of Relationship	Total Amounts of Brokerage Service Revenue	Total Allowance of Brokerage Service Revenue	Service Revenue From Related Party	Allowance of Service Revenue for Related Party	Percentage of Service Revenue From Related Party to Total Amounts	Percentage of Allowance of Service Revenue for Related Party to Total Allowance
Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Same parent company	\$ 577,918	\$ 302,704	\$ 47,847	\$ 34,239	8.28	11.31

## RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 10% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL MARCH 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Ending Balance		Ove	rdue	Amounts Received in	Allowance for
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	(Note)	Turnover Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Subsequent Period	Impairment Loss
Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Company, Ltd.	Parent company	\$ 2,277,278	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

Note: The receivables related to consolidated tax return. When preparing the consolidated financial statements, the receivables have been eliminated.

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

### Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.

				Accumulated	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated		% Ownership			Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of March 31, 2021	Investee Net Income	of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain	Carrying Value as of March 31, 2021	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of March 31, 2021
Taiwan Cooperative Bank Suzhou Branch	Deposits, loans, import and export, exchange and foreign exchange business	\$ 4,547,235 (US\$ 154,395) (Note 1)	Direct	\$ 4,547,235 (US\$ 154,395) (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,547,235 (US\$ 154,395) (Note 1)	\$ 35,455	100	\$ 35,455	\$ 5,983,375	\$ -
Taiwan Cooperative Bank Tianjin Branch	Deposits, loans, import and export, exchange and foreign exchange business	2,947,314 (US\$ 97,387) (Note 1)	Direct	2,947,314 (US\$ 97,387) (Note 1)	-	-	2,947,314 (US\$ 97,387) (Note 1)	8,666	100	8,666	2,527,821	-
Taiwan Cooperative Bank Fuzhou Branch	Deposits, loans, import and export, exchange and foreign exchange business	2,950,882 (US\$ 97,549) (Note 1)	Direct	2,950,882 (US\$ 97,549) (Note 1)	-	-	2,950,882 (US\$ 97,549) (Note 1)	(43,039)	100	(43,039)	3,204,480	-
Taiwan Cooperative Bank Changsha Branch	Deposits, loans, import and export, exchange and foreign exchange business	(US\$ 2,630,485 (Note 1) 2,630,485	Direct	2,630,485 (US\$ 87,232) (Note 1)	-	-	2,630,485 (US\$ 87,232) (Note 1)	(274)	100	(274)	2,302,052	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2021	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 2)
\$ 13,075,916 (US\$ 436,563) (Note 1)	\$ 13,075,916 (US\$ 436,563) (Note 1)	\$ 147,032,105 (Note 2)

### Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.

Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021		ent Flows Inflow	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of March 31, 2021	Investee Net Income	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain	Carrying Value as of March 31, 2021	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of March 31, 2021
Taiwan Cooperative International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing	\$ 910,980 (CNY 185,460) (Note 1)	Direct	\$ 910,980 (CNY 185,460) (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 910,980 (CNY 185,460) (Note 1)	\$ 8,962	100	\$ 8,962	\$ 1,029,158	\$ -

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2021	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 3)			
\$ 910,980 (CNY 185,460) (Note 1)	\$ 910,980 (CNY 185,460) (Note 1)	\$ 2,046,691 (Note 3)			

(Continued)

- Note 1: The currency was translated into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates on the date of each outflow of investment.
- Note 2: Based on the Investment Commission's "Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China," investments are limited to the higher of 60 % of TCB's net asset value or 60% of TCB's consolidated net asset value.
- Note 3: Based on the Investment Commission's "Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China," investments are limited to the higher of 60 % of CAM's net asset value or 60% of CAM's consolidated net asset value.

## BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AMONG THE PARENT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Description of Transactions (Notes 3 and 5)				
No. (Note 1)	Transacting Company	Counterparty	Transaction Flow (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amounts	Trading Terms	Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%)	
0	Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	a	Tax payables - consolidated tax return	\$ 2,277,278	Note 4	0.05	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	b	Tax receivables - consolidated tax return	2,277,278	Note 4	0.05	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	a	Due from banks	624,006	Note 4	0.01	
2	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	b	Deposits from banks	624,006	Note 4	0.01	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	a	Call loans to banks	4,314,145	Note 4	0.10	
2	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	b	Call loans from banks	4,314,145	Note 4	0.10	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	a	Medium-term unsecured loans	2,838,150	Note 4	0.07	
2	United Taiwan Bank S.A.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	b	Long-term unsecured loans	2,838,150	Note 4	0.07	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	c	Deposits and remittances	1,561,687	Note 4	0.04	
3	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	c	Cash and cash equivalents, refundable deposits	1,561,687	Note 4	0.04	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	c	Service fee and commission income	104,426	Note 4	0.80	
3	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Service charge and commission expense	104,426	Note 4	0.80	
3	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	c	Securities purchased under resell agreements	555,952	Note 4	0.01	
4	Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	BNP Paribas Cardif TCB Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	c	Security sold under repurchased agreements	555,952	Note 4	0.01	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	С	Call loans to banks	4,537,010	Note 4	0.11	
4	Taiwan Cooperative Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Call loans from banks	4,537,010	Note 4	0.11	

(Continued)

				Description of Transactions	Description of Transactions (Notes 3 and 5)			
No. (Note 1)	Transacting Company	Counterparty	Transaction Flow (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	Amounts	Trading Terms	Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%)	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	c	Other borrowings	\$ 285,050	Note 4	0.01	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	С	Call loans to securities firms	285,050	Note 4	0.01	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Settlement receivable	1,121,577	Note 4	0.03	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	c	Payable on securities	1,121,577	Note 4	0.03	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	С	Properties and equipment, net and deferred revenue	383,282	Note 4	0.01	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	С	Gains on disposal of properties and equipment, accumulated earnings	580,423	Note 4	4.46	
5	Co-operative Assets Management Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Investment properties, net	963,705	Note 4	0.02	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Right-of-use assets, net	152,891	Note 4	0.00	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	c	Lease liabilities	154,717	Note 4	0.00	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	С	Interest expense	723	Note 4	0.01	
6	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	c	Depreciation expense	10,299	Note 4	0.08	
1	Taiwan Cooperative Bank, Ltd.	Taiwan Cooperative Securities Co., Ltd.	С	Lease income	10,759	Note 4	0.08	
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Note 1: The parent company and subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company is dented as 0.b. Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially from 1.

#### Note 2: Transaction flows are as follows:

- a. From parent company to subsidiary
- b. From subsidiary to parent company
- c. Between subsidiaries
- Note 3: For calculating the percentages, the asset or liability account is divided by the consolidated total assets, and the revenue or expense account is divided by the total consolidated net revenue of the same period.
- Note 4: The terms for the transactions between the transacting company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.
- Note 5: Referring to transactions exceeding NT\$100 million.

## TAIWAN COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

## INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS MARCH 31, 2021

	Shareholding			
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of	Percentage of		
	Shares	Ownership (%)		
Ministry of Finance, Taiwan	3,475,464,779	26.06		

The above table of major shareholders are based on the information from Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation which calculated the registration and delivery of non-physical (including treasury stock) common stocks and preferred stocks at least 5% as of the last business day of each quarter. There may be differences between the number of shares recorded in the consolidated financial statements and the registration number of non-physical shares due to different basis of preparation.